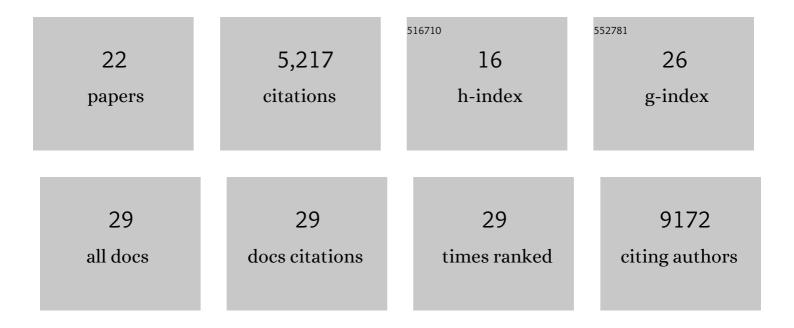
Manuel Ortega-Calvo

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease with a Mediterranean Diet. New England Journal of Medicine, 2013, 368, 1279-1290.	27.0	3,677
2	Mediterranean Diet and Invasive Breast Cancer Risk Among Women at High Cardiovascular Risk in the PREDIMED Trial. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2015, 175, 1752.	5.1	391
3	Mediterranean Diet Improves High-Density Lipoprotein Function in High-Cardiovascular-Risk Individuals. Circulation, 2017, 135, 633-643.	1.6	171
4	Effects of total dietary polyphenols on plasma nitric oxide and blood pressure in a high cardiovascular risk cohort. The PREDIMED randomized trial. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2015, 25, 60-67.	2.6	156
5	Legume consumption is inversely associated with type 2 diabetes incidence in adults: A prospective assessment from the PREDIMED study. Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 37, 906-913.	5.0	108
6	Mediterranean diet and quality of life: Baseline cross-sectional analysis of the PREDIMED-PLUS trial. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0198974.	2.5	100
7	Mediterranean diet and non enzymatic antioxidant capacity in the PREDIMED study: Evidence for a mechanism of antioxidant tuning. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2013, 23, 1167-1174.	2.6	90
8	Alcohol intake, wine consumption and the development of depression: the PREDIMED study. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 192.	5.5	85
9	White Blood Cell Counts as Risk Markers of Developing Metabolic Syndrome and Its Components in the Predimed Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e58354.	2.5	76
10	Association between dietary fibre intake and fruit, vegetable or whole-grain consumption and the risk of CVD: results from the PREvención con Dleta MEDiterránea (PREDIMED) trial. British Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 116, 534-546.	2.3	67
11	Associations between serum uric acid concentrations and metabolic syndrome and its components in the PREDIMED study. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2015, 25, 173-180.	2.6	62
12	High urinary levels of resveratrol metabolites are associated with a reduction in the prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors in high-risk patients. Pharmacological Research, 2012, 65, 615-620.	7.1	57
13	Association between a healthy lifestyle and general obesity and abdominal obesity in an elderly population at high cardiovascular risk. Preventive Medicine, 2011, 53, 155-161.	3.4	46
14	Seafood Consumption, Omega-3 Fatty Acids Intake, and Life-Time Prevalence of Depression in the PREDIMED-Plus Trial. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 2000.	4.1	43
15	Polymorphism of the Transcription Factor 7-Like 2 Gene (TCF7L2) Interacts with Obesity on Type-2 Diabetes in the PREDIMED Study Emphasizing the Heterogeneity of Genetic Variants in Type-2 Diabetes Risk Prediction: Time for Obesity-Specific Genetic Risk Scores. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 793.	4.1	38
16	Adherence to a priori dietary indexes and baseline prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors in the PREDIMED-Plus randomised trial. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 1219-1232.	3.9	24
17	Bronchocentric Granulomatosis as a First Clinical Manifestation in an Adult Patient with p67phox Deficiency. Respiration, 1999, 66, 547-550.	2.6	5
18	Acute subarachnoid hemorrhage associated with platelet storage pool disease and the hemoglobinopathy caused by beta-thalassemia minor. Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, 2004, 13, 189-191.	1.6	3

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Multivariate explanatory model for sporadic carcinoma of the colon in Dukes' stages I and IIa. International Journal of Medical Sciences, 2009, 6, 43-50.	2.5	2
20	Aphorisms and short phrases as pieces of knowledge in the pedagogical framework of the andalusian school of public health. International Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 3, 197-210.	0.4	2
21	Triangulación de un estudio cualitativo mediante regresión logÃstica. Index De Enfermeria, 2014, 23, 80-84.	0.2	1
22	SÃndrome Del Hueso TrÃgono. European Journal of Podiatry / Revista Europea De PodologÃa, 2018, 4, 31-34.	0.0	0