

Colin J Yates

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8275963/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

72
papers

8,745
citations

136740

32
h-index

91712

69
g-index

73
all docs

73
docs citations

73
times ranked

11644
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A statistical explanation of MaxEnt for ecologists. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2011, 17, 43-57.	1.9	4,420
2	Refugia: identifying and understanding safe havens for biodiversity under climate change. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 393-404.	2.7	786
3	Grazing effects on plant cover, soil and microclimate in fragmented woodlands in south-western Australia: implications for restoration. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2000, 25, 36-47.	0.7	293
4	Impacts of ecosystem fragmentation on plant populations: generalising the idiosyncratic. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2003, 51, 471.	0.3	266
5	Temperate Eucalypt Woodlands: a Review of Their Status, Processes Threatening Their Persistence and Techniques for Restoration. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 1997, 45, 949.	0.3	203
6	Modelling horses for novel climate courses: insights from projecting potential distributions of native and alien Australian acacias with correlative and mechanistic models. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2011, 17, 978-1000.	1.9	191
7	Will among-population variation in seed traits improve the chance of species persistence under climate change?. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2015, 24, 12-24.	2.7	183
8	Plant extinction risk under climate change: are forecast range shifts alone a good indicator of species vulnerability to global warming?. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 1357-1371.	4.2	182
9	Assessing the impacts of climate change and land transformation on <i>Banksia</i> in the South West Australian Floristic Region. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2010, 16, 187-201.	1.9	98
10	Woodland Restoration in the Western Australian Wheatbelt: A Conceptual Framework Using a State and Transition Model. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 1997, 5, 28-35.	1.4	93
11	Facilitating adaptation of biodiversity to climate change: a conceptual framework applied to the world's largest Mediterranean-climate woodland. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2012, 110, 227-248.	1.7	89
12	Plant communities of the ironstone ranges of South Western Australia: hotspots for plant diversity and mineral deposits. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2010, 19, 3951-3962.	1.2	83
13	Maintenance of high pollen dispersal in <i>Eucalyptus wandoo</i> , a dominant tree of the fragmented agricultural region in Western Australia. <i>Conservation Genetics</i> , 2008, 9, 97-105.	0.8	80
14	Landscape-scale disturbances and regeneration in semi-arid woodlands of southwestern Australia. <i>Pacific Conservation Biology</i> , 1994, 1, 214.	0.5	77
15	Making decisions to conserve species under climate change. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2013, 119, 239-246.	1.7	77
16	High fire frequency and the impact of the 2019-2020 megafires on Australian plant diversity. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2021, 27, 1166-1179.	1.9	72
17	Plant mating systems and assessing population persistence in fragmented landscapes. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2007, 55, 239.	0.3	66
18	Impact of two wildfires on endemic granite outcrop vegetation in Western Australia. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2003, 14, 185-194.	1.1	63

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Macroecology meets invasion ecology: linking the native distributions of Australian acacias to invasiveness. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2011, 17, 872-883.	1.9	62
20	Assessing limitations on population growth in two critically endangered Acacia taxa. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2002, 108, 13-26.	1.9	60
21	Floristic diversity in fire-sensitive eucalypt woodlands shows a U-shaped relationship with time since fire. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2013, 50, 1187-1196.	1.9	60
22	Relative Importance of Reproductive Biology and Establishment Ecology for Persistence of a Rare Shrub in a Fragmented Landscape. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2005, 19, 239-249.	2.4	59
23	Rapid Characterisation of Vegetation Structure to Predict Refugia and Climate Change Impacts across a Global Biodiversity Hotspot. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e82778.	1.1	56
24	Predicting the impact of increasing temperatures on seed germination among populations of Western Australian <i>Banksia</i> (Proteaceae). <i>Seed Science Research</i> , 2014, 24, 195-205.	0.8	52
25	Climate warming delays and decreases seedling emergence in a Mediterranean ecosystem. <i>Oikos</i> , 2015, 124, 150-160.	1.2	50
26	Seed production, germinability and seedling growth for a bird-pollinated shrub in fragments of kwongan in south-west Australia. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2007, 136, 306-314.	1.9	48
27	Hierarchies of cause: understanding rarity in an endemic shrub <i>Verticordia staminosa</i> (Myrtaceae) with a highly restricted distribution. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2007, 55, 194.	0.3	46
28	Comparative population structure and reproductive biology of the critically endangered shrub <i>Grevillea althoferorum</i> and two closely related more common congeners. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2003, 114, 53-65.	1.9	44
29	Prolonged isolation and persistence of a common endemic on granite outcrops in both mesic and semi-arid environments in south-western Australia. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2014, 41, 2032-2044.	1.4	43
30	Composition of the pollinator community, pollination and the mating system for a shrub in fragments of species rich kwongan in south-west Western Australia. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2007, 16, 1379-1395.	1.2	37
31	Will future climate change threaten a range restricted endemic species, the quokka (<i>Setonix</i>) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314,rgBT /Overlock 10	1.9	37
32	A low-altitude mountain range as an important refugium for two narrow endemics in the Southwest Australian Floristic Region biodiversity hotspot. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2017, 119, 289-300.	1.4	37
33	High species diversity and turnover in granite inselberg floras highlight the need for a conservation strategy protecting many outcrops. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 9, 7660-7675.	0.8	34
34	Comparative population dynamics of <i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i> in its native habitat and as an invasive species in an urban bushland in south-western Australia. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2003, 9, 469-483.	1.9	33
35	Multi-century changes in vegetation structure and fuel availability in fire-sensitive eucalypt woodlands. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013, 310, 102-109.	1.4	33
36	Changes in plant species and functional composition with time since fire in two mediterranean climate plant communities. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2012, 23, 1071-1081.	1.1	30

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Breeding system, pollination and demography in the rare granite endemic shrub <i>Verticordia staminosa</i> ssp. <i>staminosa</i> in south-west Western Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2004, 29, 189-200.	0.7	29
38	Recovery of threatened plant species and their habitats in the biodiversity hotspot of the Southwest Australian Floristic Region. <i>Plant Diversity</i> , 2019, 41, 59-74.	1.8	29
39	Estimating fire interval bounds using vital attributes: implications of uncertainty and among-population variability. , 2013, 23, 924-935.		26
40	Evidence of population variation in drought tolerance during seed germination in four <i>Banksia</i> (Proteaceae) species from Western Australia. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2014, 62, 481.	0.3	25
41	Persistence and stochasticity are key determinants of genetic diversity in plants associated with banded iron formation inselbergs. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2019, 94, 753-772.	4.7	25
42	The ecological relationships and demography of restricted ironstone endemic plant species: implications for conservation. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2011, 59, 692.	0.3	24
43	Estimating the time since fire of long-unburnt <i>Eucalyptus salubris</i> (Myrtaceae) stands in the Great Western Woodlands. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2013, 61, 11.	0.3	24
44	Underestimated effects of climate on plant species turnover in the Southwest Australian Floristic Region. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2016, 43, 289-300.	1.4	22
45	Complex interactions between remnant shape and the mating system strongly influence reproductive output and progeny performance in fragmented populations of a bird-pollinated shrub. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2013, 164, 129-139.	1.9	21
46	Long-term "islands"™ in the landscape: low gene flow, effective population size and genetic divergence in the shrub <i>Hakea oldfieldii</i> (Proteaceae). <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2015, 179, 319-334.	0.8	21
47	Multi-century dynamics of ant communities following fire in Mediterranean-climate woodlands: Are changes congruent with vegetation succession?. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 342, 30-38.	1.4	21
48	A conceptual model of vegetation dynamics for the unique obligate-seeder eucalypt woodlands of south-western Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2018, 43, 681-695.	0.7	21
49	Using bioregional variation in fire history and fire response attributes as a basis for managing threatened flora in a fire-prone Mediterranean climate biodiversity hotspot. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2018, 66, 134.	0.3	20
50	Multi-century periods since fire in an intact woodland landscape favour bird species declining in an adjacent agricultural region. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2019, 230, 82-90.	1.9	20
51	Ecological characteristics of <i>Brachychiton populneus</i> (Sterculiaceae) (kurrajong) in relation to the invasion of urban bushland in south-western Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2000, 25, 487-496.	0.7	19
52	Woody shrubs and herbivory influence tree encroachment in the sandplain heathlands of southwestern Australia. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 47, 441-450.	1.9	18
53	Fire does not facilitate invasion by alien annual grasses in an infertile Australian agricultural landscape. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2011, 13, 533-544.	1.2	18
54	Repeated disturbance through chaining and burning differentially affects recruitment among plant functional types in fire-prone heathlands. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2010, 19, 52.	1.0	17

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Demographic and genetic viability of a medium-sized ground-dwelling mammal in a fire prone, rapidly urbanizing landscape. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0191190.	1.1	17
56	Morphometric, genetic and ecological studies clarify the conservation status of a rare <i>Acacia</i> in Western Australia. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2002, 50, 63.	0.3	15
57	Limiting inbreeding in disjunct and isolated populations of a woody shrub. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 6, 5867-5880.	0.8	15
58	The importance of recruitment patterns versus reproductive output in the persistence of a short-range endemic shrub in a highly fragmented landscape of south-western Australia. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2012, 60, 643.	0.3	14
59	Application and validation of visual fuel hazard assessments in dry Mediterranean-climate woodlands. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2014, 23, 385.	1.0	14
60	Combined demographic and resource models quantify the effects of potential land-use change on the endangered Carnaby's cockatoo (<i>Calyptorhynchus latirostris</i>). <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2017, 210, 8-15.	1.9	14
61	Fire-mediated habitat change regulates woodland bird species and functional group occurrence. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2019, 29, e01997.	1.8	14
62	Phylogenomics shows lignotuber state is taxonomically informative in closely related eucalypts. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2019, 135, 236-248.	1.2	14
63	An integrated approach to assessing abiotic and biotic threats to post-fire plant species recovery: Lessons from the 2019-2020 Australian fire season. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2022, 31, 2056-2069.	2.7	14
64	Reproductive biology, post-fire succession dynamics and population viability analysis of the critically endangered Western Australian shrub <i>Calytrix breviseta</i> subsp. <i>breviseta</i> (Myrtaceae). <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2009, 57, 451.	0.3	13
65	Fire-related threats and transformational change in Australian ecosystems. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2022, 31, 2070-2084.	2.7	12
66	Continental-scale syntheses of Australian pyromes - misclassification of south-western eucalypt woodlands misinforms management. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2016, 43, 858-861.	1.4	11
67	Impact of two wildfires on endemic granite outcrop vegetation in Western Australia. , 2003, 14, 185.		10
68	Inselberg floristics exemplify the coast to inland OCBIL transition in a global biodiversity hotspot. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2021, 133, 624-644.	0.7	6
69	The role of landscape history in the distribution and conservation of threatened flora in the Southwest Australian Floristic Region. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2021, 133, 394-410.	0.7	5
70	Differential exposure and susceptibility to threats based on evolutionary history: how OCBIL theory informs flora conservation. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2021, 133, 373-393.	0.7	5
71	Mapping risk to plant populations from short fire intervals via relationships between maturation period and environmental productivity. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 0, , 1.	0.7	3
72	Distribution, Biogeography and Characteristics of the Threatened and Data-Deficient Flora in the Southwest Australian Floristic Region. <i>Diversity</i> , 2022, 14, 493.	0.7	3