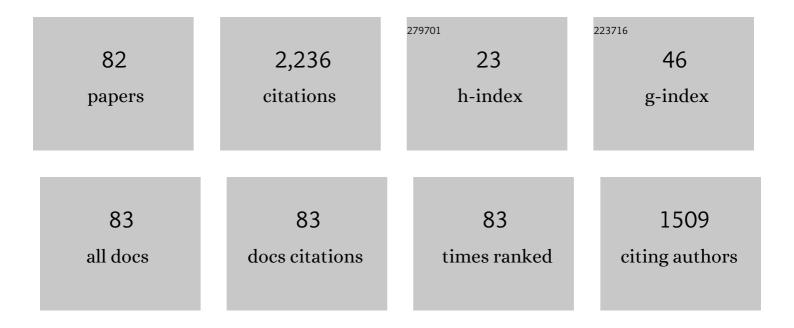
Mark S Whiteley

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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MADE S WHITELEV

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	No significant difference between 1940 and 1470Ânm in endovenous laser ablation using an in vitro porcine liver model. Lasers in Medical Science, 2022, 37, 1899-1906.	1.0	7
2	Current Best Practice in the Management of Varicose Veins. Clinical, Cosmetic and Investigational Dermatology, 2022, Volume 15, 567-583.	0.8	9
3	Aneurysm of the Giacomini vein. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2022, 10, 765-766.	0.9	0
4	Three-year follow-up results of the prospective European Multicenter Cohort Study on Cyanoacrylate Embolization for treatment of refluxing great saphenous veins. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2021, 9, 329-334.	0.9	24
5	Quantification of groin neovascular tissue with three-dimensional ultrasound before and after endovenous laser ablation using the hedgehog technique. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2021, 9, 785-786.	0.9	1
6	Pattern of thermal damage and tissue carbonisation from endovenous radiofrequency ablation catheter – Using an in vitro porcine liver model. Phlebology, 2021, 36, 489-495.	0.6	2
7	Retrograde endovenous laser ablation of the great saphenous vein using the superficial inferior epigastric vein as access vessel illustrated by a case report. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2021, 9, 2050313X2199499.	0.2	0
8	Clinical dilemma of management: Cardiac arrest after microsclerotherapy for lower limb telangiectasia with liquid 0.3% aethoxysklerol or idiopathic cardiac arrest?. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2021, 9, 2050313X2110008.	0.2	0
9	Comparison of laser power output from the fiber tip during endovenous laser ablation against displayed power and the "first treatment―effect. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2021, 9, 1051-1056.	0.9	3
10	Testicular vein thrombosis mimicking epididymo-orchitis after suspected Covid-19 infection. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2021, 9, 2050313X2110224.	0.2	8
11	Pelvic venous pain due to pelvic congestion syndrome is becoming a primary diagnosis. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2021, 9, 1425.	0.9	0
12	High intensity focused ultrasound (HIFU) for the treatment of varicose veins and venous leg ulcers – a new non-invasive procedure and a potentially disruptive technology. Current Medical Research and Opinion, 2020, 36, 509-512.	0.9	9
13	Is It Time to Dip More than a Toe in the Water?. EJVES Vascular Forum, 2020, 47, 2.	0.2	0
14	Do we need another modality for truncal vein ablation?. Phlebology, 2020, 35, 736-737.	0.6	1
15	Is Size Important? The French Experience. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2019, 58, 104.	0.8	0
16	If it Looks Like a Duck, Swims Like a Duck, and Quacks Like a Duck, Then it Probably is a Duck. What "The Duck Test―Tells us About Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses of LEED and Other EVLA Parameters. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2019, 58, 243.	0.8	3
17	Histopathologic differences in the endovenous laser ablation between jacketed and radial fibers, in an exÂvivo dominant extrafascial tributary of the great saphenous vein in an inÂvitro model, using histology and immunohistochemistry. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2019. 7. 234-245.	0.9	11
18	Response to "Commentary on pelvic venous reflux in males with varicose veins and recurrent varicose veins― Phlebology, 2019, 34, 70-71.	0.6	1

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19	Diagnosis and treatment of pelvic congestion syndrome: UIP consensus document. International Angiology, 2019, 38, 265-283.	0.4	86
20	Response to "Pelvic venous reflux in male: Varicocele?― Phlebology, 2018, 33, 432-433.	0.6	1
21	One-year results of the use of endovenous radiofrequency ablation utilising an optimised radiofrequency-induced thermotherapy protocol for the treatment of truncal superficial venous reflux. Phlebology, 2018, 33, 298-302.	0.6	16
22	Implication of foam sclerosant inactivation by human whole blood in a laboratory setting. Phlebology, 2018, 33, 338-343.	0.6	6
23	A description of the â€~smile sign' and multi-pass technique for endovenous laser ablation of large diameter great saphenous veins. Phlebology, 2018, 33, 534-539.	0.6	13
24	Pelvic vein embolisation of gonadal and internal iliac veins can be performed safely and with good technical results in an ambulatory vein clinic, under local anaesthetic alone – Results from two years' experience. Phlebology, 2018, 33, 575-579.	0.6	24
25	Pelvic venous reflux in males with varicose veins and recurrent varicose veins. Phlebology, 2018, 33, 382-387.	0.6	11
26	Letter Re: Evaluation of sodium tetradecyl sulfate and polidocanol as sclerosants for leg telangiectasia based on histological evaluation with clinical correlation. Phlebology, 2018, 33, 213-214.	0.6	1
27	Anatomical abnormalities of the pelvic venous system and their implications for endovascular management of pelvic venous reflux. Phlebology, 2018, 33, 567-574.	0.6	7
28	Re. "Comments to: Histological and Immunofluorescent Analysis of the Large Tributary of the Great Saphenous Vein Treated With a 1920 nm Endovenous Laser: Preliminary Findings― EJVES Short Reports, 2018, 41, 26-27.	0.7	1
29	Recurrent Varicose Veins. , 2018, , 39-50.		Ο
30	Histological and Immunofluorescent Analysis of a Large Tributary of the Great Saphenous Vein Treated with a 1920 nm Endovenous Laser: Preliminary Findings. EJVES Short Reports, 2018, 39, 7-11.	0.7	11
31	Symptomatic recurrent varicose veins due to primary avalvular varicose anomalies (PAVA): A previously unreported cause of recurrence. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2018, 6, 2050313X1877716.	0.2	4
32	The effect of a subsequent pregnancy after transjugular coil embolisation for pelvic vein reflux. Phlebology, 2017, 32, 27-33.	0.6	6
33	Factors affecting optimal linear endovenous energy density for endovenous laser ablation in incompetent lower limb truncal veins – A review of the clinical evidence. Phlebology, 2017, 32, 299-306.	0.6	28
34	Radial-Firing Endovenous Laser Penetrates Deeper Into the Vein Wall Than Forward-Firing Jacket-Tipped Fibers and Reduces Carbonization—An Ex Vivo Study Using Histology and Immunohistochemistry. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2017, 5, 147-148.	0.9	2
35	Response to letter: Long-term follow-up results of patients undergoing transjugular coil embolisation. Phlebology, 2017, 32, 215-215.	0.6	0
36	Radiofrequency-induced thermotherapy (RFiTT) in a porcine liver model and <i>ex vivo</i> great saphenous vein. Minimally Invasive Therapy and Allied Technologies, 2017, 26, 200-206.	0.6	15

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37	Objective measurements of pelvic venous reflux and stratification of severity of venous reflux in pelvic congestion syndrome due to pelvic venous reflux. Current Medical Research and Opinion, 2017, 33, 2089-2091.	0.9	11
38	Mechanochemical ablation causes endothelial and medial damage to the vein wall resulting in deeper penetration of sclerosant compared with sclerotherapy alone in extrafascial great saphenous vein using an exÂvivo model. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2017, 5, 370-377.	0.9	32
39	Suprapubic varicose vein formation during pregnancy following pre-pregnancy pelvic vein embolisation with coils, without any residual pelvic venous reflux or obstruction. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2017, 5, 2050313X1772471.	0.2	3
40	Fifteen Year Results of Radiofrequency Ablation, Using VNUS Closure, for the Abolition of Truncal Venous Reflux in Patients with Varicose Veins. Journal of Vascular Surgery, 2017, 66, 1306.	0.6	0
41	Exacerbation of alopecia areata: A possible complication of sodium tetradecyl sulphate foam sclerotherapy treatment for varicose veins. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2017, 5, 2050313X1771264.	0.2	1
42	Fifteen Year Results of Radiofrequency Ablation, Using VNUS Closure, for the Abolition of Truncal Venous Reflux in Patients with Varicose Veins. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2017, 54, 357-362.	0.8	27
43	Varicose vein appearance caused by perforating vein incompetence detected after intense cycling. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2017, 5, 2050313X1774749.	0.2	0
44	Diagnosis of stenosis within the popliteal–femoral venous segment upon clinical presentation with a venous ulcer and subsequent successful treatment with venoplasty. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2017, 5, 2050313X1774051.	0.2	0
45	Pelvic congestion syndrome masquerading as osteoarthritis of the hip. SAGE Open Medical Case Reports, 2016, 4, 2050313X1668363.	0.2	6
46	Media Damage Following Detergent Sclerotherapy Appears to be Secondary to the Induction of Inflammation and Apoptosis: An Immunohistochemical Study Elucidating Previous Histological Observations. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2016, 51, 421-428.	0.8	40
47	Letter regarding the role of radical surgery in the management of CEAP C5/6 and lipodermatosclerosis. Phlebology, 2016, 31, 769-769.	0.6	1
48	Letter regarding embolization is not essential in the treatment of leg varices due to pelvic venous insufficiency. Phlebology, 2016, 31, 588-588.	0.6	2
49	Long-term results of transjugular coil embolisation for pelvic vein reflux – Results of the abolition of venous reflux at 6–8 years. Phlebology, 2016, 31, 456-462.	0.6	36
50	The comparative impact of conservative treatment versus superficial venous surgery, for the treatment of venous leg ulcers: A systematic review of the impact on patients' quality of life. Phlebology, 2016, 31, 82-93.	0.6	7
51	Randomized controlled trial to compare the effect of simple distraction interventions on pain and anxiety experienced during conscious surgery. European Journal of Pain, 2015, 19, 1447-1455.	1.4	70
52	Evaluating the success of Nd: <scp>YAG</scp> laser ablation in the treatment of recalcitrant verruca plantaris and a cautionary note about local anaesthesia on the plantar aspect of the foot. Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology, 2015, 29, 463-467.	1.3	15
53	Modified Tessari Tourbillon technique for making foam sclerotherapy with silicone-free syringes. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 614-617.	0.6	18
54	Ovarian Vein Diameter Cannot Be Used as an Indicator of Ovarian Venous Reflux. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2015, 49, 90-94.	0.8	54

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55	A thematic analysis of experiences of varicose veins and minimally invasive surgery under local anaesthesia. Journal of Clinical Nursing, 2015, 24, 1502-1512.	1.4	15
56	Arterial false aneurysm in the groin following endovenous laser ablation. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 220-222.	0.6	11
57	Endovenous surgery for recurrent varicose veins with a one-year follow up in a patient with Ehlers Danlos syndrome type IV. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 489-491.	0.6	1
58	Strip-tract revascularization as a source of recurrent venous reflux following high saphenous tie and stripping: results at 5–8 years after surgery. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 569-572.	0.6	23
59	The impact of hand reflexology on pain, anxiety and satisfaction during minimally invasive surgery under local anaesthetic: A randomised controlled trial. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2015, 52, 1789-1797.	2.5	27
60	Glue, steam and Clarivein – Best practice techniques and evidence. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 24-28.	0.6	22
61	The effects of environmental and compositional manipulations on the longevity of Tessari-made foam for sclerotherapy. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2015, 3, 312-318.	0.9	14
62	Histologic findings after mechanochemical ablation in a caprine model with use of ClariVein. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2015, 3, 81-85.	0.9	15
63	An inÂvitro study to optimise treatment of varicose veins with radiofrequency-induced thermo therapy. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 17-23.	0.6	21
64	Haemorrhoids are associated with internal iliac vein reflux in up to one-third of women presenting with varicose veins associated with pelvic vein reflux. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 133-139.	0.6	28
65	The European multicenter cohort study on cyanoacrylate embolization of refluxing great saphenous veins. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2015, 3, 2-7.	0.9	145
66	Transvaginal duplex ultrasonography appears to be the gold standard investigation for the haemodynamic evaluation of pelvic venous reflux in the ovarian and internal iliac veins in women. Phlebology, 2015, 30, 706-713.	0.6	58
67	Part One: For the Motion. Venous Perforator Surgery is Proven and Does Reduce Recurrences. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2014, 48, 239-242.	0.8	6
68	Pelvic venous reflux is a major contributory cause of recurrent varicose veins in more than a quarter of women. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2014, 2, 411-415.	0.9	39
69	Primary avalvular varicose anomalies are a naturally occurring phenomenon that might be misdiagnosed as neovascular tissue in recurrent varicose veins. Journal of Vascular Surgery: Venous and Lymphatic Disorders, 2014, 2, 390-396.	0.9	3
70	Debate: Whether venous perforator surgery reduces recurrences. Journal of Vascular Surgery, 2014, 60, 796-803.	0.6	7
71	Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT) after Venous Thermoablation Techniques: Rates of Endovenous Heat-induced Thrombosis (EHIT) and Classical DVT after Radiofrequency and Endovenous Laser Ablation in a Single Centre. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2010, 40, 521-527.	0.8	154
72	Pelvic vein reflux in female patients with varicose veins: comparison of incidence between a specialist private vein clinic and the vascular department of a National Health Service district general hospital. Phlebology, 2009, 24, 108-113.	0.6	46

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73	Five-year results of incompetent perforator vein closure using TRans-Luminal Occlusion of Perforator. Phlebology, 2009, 24, 74-78.	0.6	49
74	Coil Protruding into the Common Femoral Vein Following Pelvic Venous Embolization. CardioVascular and Interventional Radiology, 2008, 31, 435-438.	0.9	14
75	Pelvic Vein Embolisation in the Management of Varicose Veins. CardioVascular and Interventional Radiology, 2008, 31, 1159-1164.	0.9	64
76	Radiofrequency ablation (VNUS closure®) does not cause neo-vascularisation at the groin at one year: Results of a case controlled study. Journal of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh, 2006, 4, 71-74.	0.8	52
77	POSSUM and Portsmouth POSSUM for predicting mortality. British Journal of Surgery, 2003, 85, 1217-1220.	0.1	614
78	Incompetent Perforating Veins are Associated with Recurrent Varicose Veins. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2001, 21, 458-460.	0.8	52
79	Acute upper limb ischemia: a complication of coronary artery bypass grafting. Annals of Thoracic Surgery, 1999, 67, 535-536.	0.7	35
80	The fate of patients undergoing surveillance of small abdominal aortic aneurysms. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 1998, 16, 104-109.	0.8	41
81	Regarding "Presidential address: Vascular surgery—Comparing outcomes". Journal of Vascular Surgery, 1996, 24, 1066.	0.6	3
82	Comparison of magnetic resonance imaging measurements of abdominal aortic aneurysms with measurements obtained by other imaging techniques and intraoperative measurements: Possible implications for endovascular grafting. Journal of Vascular Surgery, 1996, 24, 632-638.	0.6	41