## Mei Zhang

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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623734 794594 28 428 14 19 h-index citations g-index papers 33 33 33 817 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Responsiveness and minimal clinically important difference of the EQ-5D-5L in cervical intraepithelial neoplasia: a longitudinal study. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2020, 18, 324.	2.4	22
2	Effect of an outpatient copayment scheme on health outcomes of hypertensive adults in a community-managed population in Xinjiang, China. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0238980.	2.5	2
3	<p>Decomposing the effect of drug benefit program on antihypertensive medication adherence among the elderly in urban China</p> . Patient Preference and Adherence, 2019, Volume 13, 1111-1123.	1.8	2
4	A systematic review and meta-analysis of bidirectional effect of arsenic on ERK signaling pathway. Molecular Medicine Reports, 2018, 17, 4422-4432.	2.4	9
5	Comparison Between Metabolic Syndrome and the Framingham Risk Score as Predictors of Cardiovascular Diseases Among Kazakhs in Xinjiang. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 16474.	3.3	16
6	Impact of interactions among metabolic syndrome components on the development of cardiovascular disease among Kazakhs in Xinjiang. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0205703.	2.5	3
7	Interactions among genes involved in reverse cholesterol transport and in the response to environmental factors in dyslipidemia in subjects from the Xinjiang rural area. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0196042.	2.5	10
8	Metabolic syndrome in Xinjiang Kazakhs and construction of a risk prediction model for cardiovascular disease risk. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0202665.	2.5	3
9	Factors affecting medication adherence in community-managed patients with hypertension based on the principal component analysis: evidence from Xinjiang, China. Patient Preference and Adherence, 2018, Volume 12, 803-812.	1.8	14
10	Prevalence of Metabolic Syndrome and its Associated Factors among Multi-ethnic Adults in Rural Areas in Xinjiang, China. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 17643.	3.3	33
11	The Optimal Ethnic-Specific Waist-Circumference Cut-Off Points of Metabolic Syndrome among Low-Income Rural Uyghur Adults in Far Western China and Implications in Preventive Public Health. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 158.	2.6	14
12	Association between Six CETP Polymorphisms and Metabolic Syndrome in Uyghur Adults from Xinjiang, China. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 653.	2.6	14
13	Influence of Human Papillomavirus Infection on the Natural History of Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia 1: A Meta-Analysis. BioMed Research International, 2017, 2017, 1-9.	1.9	12
14	Interactions of six SNPs in APOA1 gene and types of obesity on low HDL-C disease in Xinjiang pastoral area of China. Lipids in Health and Disease, 2017, 16, 187.	3.0	9
15	Comparison of Anthropometric and Atherogenic Indices as Screening Tools of Metabolic Syndrome in the Kazakh Adult Population in Xinjiang. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2016, 13, 428.	2.6	23
16	Interactions of Six SNPs in ABCA1gene and Obesity in Low HDL-C Disease in Kazakh of China. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2016, 13, 176.	2.6	10
17	Association between Polymorphisms and Haplotype in the ABCA1 Gene and Overweight/Obesity Patients in the Uyghur Population of China. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2016, 13, 220.	2.6	12
18	Prevalence of Hypertension among Adults in Remote Rural Areas of Xinjiang, China. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2016, 13, 524.	2.6	16

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Associations of Cholesteryl Ester Transfer Protein TaqIB Polymorphism with the Composite Ischemic Cardiovascular Disease Risk and HDL-C Concentrations: A Meta-Analysis. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2016, 13, 882.	2.6	18
20	The Prevalence of Metabolic Syndrome Using Three Different Diagnostic Criteria among Low Earning Nomadic Kazakhs in the Far Northwest of China: New Cut-Off Points of Waist Circumference to Diagnose MetS and Its Implications. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0148976.	2.5	6
21	Visceral Adiposity and Anthropometric Indicators as Screening Tools of Metabolic Syndrome among Low Income Rural Adults in Xinjiang. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 36091.	3.3	34
22	Prevalence of Diabetes Mellitus and Impaired Fasting Glucose, Associated with Risk Factors in Rural Kazakh Adults in Xinjiang, China. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2015, 12, 554-565.	2.6	31
23	Ethnic Differences in the Prevalence of High Homocysteine Levels Among Low-Income Rural Kazakh and Uyghur Adults in Far Western China and Its Implications for Preventive Public Health. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2015, 12, 5373-5385.	2.6	21
24	An Evaluation on the Effect of Health Education and of Low-Dose Statin in Dyslipidemia among Low-Income Rural Uyghur Adults in Far Western China: A Comprehensive Intervention Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2015, 12, 11410-11421.	2.6	1
25	Association between Eight Functional Polymorphisms and Haplotypes in the Cholesterol Ester Transfer Protein (CETP) Gene and Dyslipidemia in National Minority Adults in the Far West Region of China. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2015, 12, 15979-15992.	2.6	14
26	Association of Metabolic Syndrome with the Adiponectin to Homeostasis Model Assessment of Insulin Resistance Ratio. Mediators of Inflammation, 2015, 2015, 1-7.	3.0	16
27	Association of homeostasis model assessment of insulin resistance, adiponectin, and low-grade inflammation with the course of the metabolic syndrome. Clinical Biochemistry, 2015, 48, 503-507.	1.9	24
28	Ethnic Differences in Prevalence of General Obesity and Abdominal Obesity among Low-Income Rural Kazakh and Uyghur Adults in Far Western China and Implications in Preventive Public Health. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e106723.	2.5	30