Jinhui Zhao

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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331670 434195 2,120 32 21 31 citations h-index g-index papers 35 35 35 3042 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Do "Moderate―Drinkers Have Reduced Mortality Risk? A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Alcohol Consumption and All-Cause Mortality. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2016, 77, 185-198.	1.0	403
2	Does minimum pricing reduce alcohol consumption? The experience of a Canadian province. Addiction, 2012, 107, 912-920.	3.3	156
3	Alcohol Consumption and Mortality From Coronary Heart Disease: An Updated Meta-Analysis of Cohort Studies. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2017, 78, 375-386.	1.0	130
4	The relationship between minimum alcohol prices, outlet densities and alcoholâ€attributable deaths in <scp>B</scp> ritish <scp>C</scp> olumbia, 2002–09. Addiction, 2013, 108, 1059-1069.	3.3	122
5	Non–response bias in alcohol and drug population surveys. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2009, 28, 648-657.	2.1	120
6	The Raising of Minimum Alcohol Prices in Saskatchewan, Canada: Impacts on Consumption and Implications for Public Health. American Journal of Public Health, 2012, 102, e103-e110.	2.7	113
7	Minimum Alcohol Prices and Outlet Densities in British Columbia, Canada: Estimated Impacts on Alcohol-Attributable Hospital Admissions. American Journal of Public Health, 2013, 103, 2014-2020.	2.7	107
8	Who underâ€reports their alcohol consumption in telephone surveys and by how much? An application of the â€yesterday method' in a national <scp>C</scp> anadian substance use survey. Addiction, 2014, 109, 1657-1666.	3.3	99
9	Is alcohol consumption a risk factor for prostate cancer? A systematic review and meta–analysis. BMC Cancer, 2016, 16, 845.	2.6	97
10	Estimating under―and over―eporting of drinking in national surveys of alcohol consumption: identification of consistent biases across four Englishâ€speaking countries. Addiction, 2016, 111, 1203-1213.	3.3	85
11	What did you drink yesterday? Public health relevance of a recent recall method used in the 2004 Australian National Drug Strategy Household Survey. Addiction, 2008, 103, 919-928.	3.3	84
12	Impact on alcoholâ€related mortality of a rapid rise in the density of private liquor outlets in British Columbia: a local area multiâ€level analysis. Addiction, 2011, 106, 768-776.	3.3	69
13	Changes in per capita alcohol sales during the partial privatization of British Columbia's retail alcohol monopoly 2003–2008: a multiâ€level local area analysis. Addiction, 2009, 104, 1827-1836.	3.3	63
14	The Effects of Alcohol Warning Labels on Population Alcohol Consumption: An Interrupted Time Series Analysis of Alcohol Sales in Yukon, Canada. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2020, 81, 225-237.	1.0	63
15	Do managed alcohol programs change patterns of alcohol consumption and reduce related harm? A pilot study. Harm Reduction Journal, 2016, 13, 13.	3.2	61
16	Underestimation of alcohol consumption in cohort studies and implications for alcohol's contribution to the global burden of disease. Addiction, 2018, 113, 2245-2249.	3.3	49
17	Does managing the consumption of people with severe alcohol dependence reduce harm? A comparison of participants in six Canadian managed alcohol programs with locally recruited controls. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, S159-S166.	2.1	42
18	Relationships Between Minimum Alcohol Pricing and Crime During the Partial Privatization of a Canadian Government Alcohol Monopoly. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2015, 76, 628-634.	1.0	39

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	The impacts of minimum alcohol pricing on alcohol attributable morbidity in regions of British Colombia, Canada with low, medium and high mean family income. Addiction, 2017, 112, 1942-1951.	3.3	38
20	Should alcohol policies aim to reduce total alcohol consumption? New analyses of Canadian drinking patterns. Addiction Research and Theory, 2009, 17, 135-151.	1.9	29
21	How do people with homelessness and alcohol dependence cope when alcohol is unaffordable? A comparison of residents of Canadian managed alcohol programs and locally recruited controls. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, S174-S183.	2.1	28
22	Baseline Assessment of Alcohol-Related Knowledge of and Support for Alcohol Warning Labels Among Alcohol Consumers in Northern Canada and Associations With Key Sociodemographic Characteristics. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2020, 81, 238-248.	1.0	20
23	Testing the Effectiveness of Enhanced Alcohol Warning Labels and Modifications Resulting From Alcohol Industry Interference in Yukon, Canada: Protocol for a Quasi-Experimental Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e16320.	1.0	19
24	How much did you actually drink last night? An evaluation of standard drink labels as an aid to monitoring personal consumption. Addiction Research and Theory, 2015, 23, 163-169.	1.9	17
25	Examining the Impact of Alcohol Labels on Awareness and Knowledge of National Drinking Guidelines: A Real-World Study in Yukon, Canada. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2020, 81, 262-272.	1.0	17
26	An adaptation of the Yesterday Method to correct for under-reporting of alcohol consumption and estimate compliance with Canadian low-risk drinking guidelines. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2015, 106, e204-e209.	2.3	15
27	The rate ratio of injury and aggressive incident for alcohol alone, cocaine alone and simultaneous use before the event: A case–crossover study. Accident Analysis and Prevention, 2015, 75, 137-143.	5.7	10
28	Counting the cold ones: A comparison of methods measuring total alcohol consumption of managed alcohol program participants. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, S167-S173.	2.1	10
29	Attributable fractions for substance use in relation to crime. Addiction, 2021, 116, 3198-3205.	3.3	7
30	Participation in Canadian Managed Alcohol Programs and Associated Probabilities of Emergency Room Presentation, Hospitalization and Death: A Retrospective Cohort Study. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2022, 57, 246-260.	1.6	5
31	Association of self-reported health with alcohol consumption: a study conducted among Chinese and Canadian middle-aged and older adults. China Population and Development Studies, 2020, 4, 58-97.	1.4	3
32	Drinking alcohol increased the possibility of self-rated poor health and mortality risk among middle-aged and seniors: a longitudinal study conducted in China. China Population and Development Studies, 0, , 1.	1.4	0