

Janice M Diaz-Otero

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8185978/janice-m-diaz-otero-publications-by-year.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-25

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

10
papers

100
citations

5
h-index

10
g-index

16
ext. papers

135
ext. citations

4.3
avg, IF

2.19
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
10	Transient receptor potential vanilloid 4 channels are important regulators of parenchymal arteriole dilation and cognitive function. <i>Microcirculation</i> , 2019 , 26, e12535	2.9	9
9	Cerebral Small Vessel Disease and Vascular Cognitive Impairment: Preclinical Aspects 2019 , 275-285		0
8	Endothelial Mineralocorticoid Receptor Mediates Cerebrovascular Dysfunction in Parenchymal Arterioles during Angiotensin II-Hypertension. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019 , 33, 688.5	0.9	
7	High Fat Diet Consumption and its Association with Parenchymal Arteriole Structure and Cognition. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019 , 33, 688.3	0.9	
6	Carotid artery stenosis in hypertensive rats impairs dilatory pathways in parenchymal arterioles. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2018 , 314, H122-H130	5.2	9
5	Mineralocorticoid receptor antagonism improves parenchymal arteriole dilation via a TRPV4-dependent mechanism and prevents cognitive dysfunction in hypertension. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2018 , 315, H1304-H1315	5.2	22
4	Mineralocorticoid Receptor Signaling Regulates Parenchymal Arteriole Vasodilation and Cognitive Function. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 711.14	0.9	
3	Mineralocorticoid Receptor Signaling Regulates Parenchymal Arteriole Vasodilation and Cognitive Function. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 843.32	0.9	
2	Endothelial Mineralocorticoid Receptor Mediates Parenchymal Arteriole and Posterior Cerebral Artery Remodeling During Angiotensin II-Induced Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017 , 70, 1113-1121	8.5	26
1	Aging is associated with changes to the biomechanical properties of the posterior cerebral artery and parenchymal arterioles. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2016 , 310, H365-75	5.2	34