

Jeffrey G Klann

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

41
papers

1,962
citations

361045

20
h-index

288905

40
g-index

54
all docs

54
docs citations

54
times ranked

2906
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C): Rationale, design, infrastructure, and deployment. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2021, 28, 427-443.	2.2	342
2	PheKB: a catalog and workflow for creating electronic phenotype algorithms for transportability. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2016, 23, 1046-1052.	2.2	284
3	International electronic health record-derived COVID-19 clinical course profiles: the 4CE consortium. <i>Npj Digital Medicine</i> , 2020, 3, 109.	5.7	128
4	Desiderata for computable representations of electronic health records-driven phenotype algorithms. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2015, 22, 1220-1230.	2.2	110
5	Predicting COVID-19 mortality with electronic medical records. <i>Npj Digital Medicine</i> , 2021, 4, 15.	5.7	89
6	Evolving phenotypes of non-hospitalized patients that indicate long COVID. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2021, 19, 249.	2.3	87
7	Data model harmonization for the All Of Us Research Program: Transforming i2b2 data into the OMOP common data model. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0212463.	1.1	79
8	Scalable Collaborative Infrastructure for a Learning Healthcare System (SCILHS): Architecture. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2014, 21, 615-620.	2.2	76
9	Data interchange using i2b2. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2016, 23, 909-915.	2.2	74
10	What Every Reader Should Know About Studies Using Electronic Health Record Data but May Be Afraid to Ask. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2021, 23, e22219.	2.1	61
11	Facilitating phenotype transfer using a common data model. <i>Journal of Biomedical Informatics</i> , 2019, 96, 103253.	2.5	49
12	Query Health: standards-based, cross-platform population health surveillance. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2014, 21, 650-656.	2.2	41
13	Decision support from local data: Creating adaptive order menus from past clinician behavior. <i>Journal of Biomedical Informatics</i> , 2014, 48, 84-93.	2.5	38
14	Validation of an internationally derived patient severity phenotype to support COVID-19 analytics from electronic health record data. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2021, 28, 1411-1420.	2.2	37
15	A clustering approach for detecting implausible observation values in electronic health records data. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2019, 19, 142.	1.5	36
16	International Analysis of Electronic Health Records of Children and Youth Hospitalized With COVID-19 Infection in 6 Countries. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2021, 4, e2112596.	2.8	33
17	Distinguishing Admissions Specifically for COVID-19 From Incidental SARS-CoV-2 Admissions: National Retrospective Electronic Health Record Study. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2022, 24, e37931.	2.1	33
18	Web services for data warehouses: OMOP and PCORnet on i2b2. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2018, 25, 1331-1338.	2.2	27

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19	Making work visible for electronic phenotype implementation: Lessons learned from the eMERGE network. <i>Journal of Biomedical Informatics</i> , 2019, 99, 103293.	2.5	27
20	Health Care Transformation Through Collaboration on Open-Source Informatics Projects: Integrating a Medical Applications Platform, Research Data Repository, and Patient Summarization. <i>Interactive Journal of Medical Research</i> , 2013, 2, e11.	0.6	23
21	Patient-tailored prioritization for a pediatric care decision support system through machine learning. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2013, 20, e267-e274.	2.2	22
22	International Changes in COVID-19 Clinical Trajectories Across 315 Hospitals and 6 Countries: Retrospective Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2021, 23, e31400.	2.1	19
23	Taking advantage of continuity of care documents to populate a research repository. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2015, 22, 370-379.	2.2	18
24	Healthcare Process Modeling to Phenotype Clinician Behaviors for Exploiting the Signal Gain of Clinical Expertise (HPM-ExpertSignals): Development and evaluation of a conceptual framework. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2021, 28, 1242-1251.	2.2	18
25	Exploring completeness in clinical data research networks with DQe-c. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2018, 25, 17-24.	2.2	17
26	Claims-Based Algorithms for Identifying Patients With Pulmonary Hypertension: A Comparison of Decision Rules and Machine Learning Approaches. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e016648.	1.6	17
27	International electronic health record-derived post-acute sequelae profiles of COVID-19 patients. <i>Npj Digital Medicine</i> , 2022, 5, .	5.7	17
28	An intelligent listening framework for capturing encounter notes from a doctor-patient dialog. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2009, 9, S3.	1.5	16
29	Computing Health Quality Measures Using Informatics for Integrating Biology and the Bedside. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2013, 15, e75.	2.1	16
30	A federated EHR network data completeness tracking system. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2019, 26, 637-645.	2.2	15
31	An objective framework for evaluating unrecognized bias in medical AI models predicting COVID-19 outcomes. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2022, 29, 1334-1341.	2.2	12
32	Development of a Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Application Ontology for the Accrual to Clinical Trials (ACT) network. <i>JAMIA Open</i> , 2021, 4, ooab036.	1.0	11
33	Multinational characterization of neurological phenotypes in patients hospitalized with COVID-19. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 20238.	1.6	10
34	Leveraging Clinical Expertise as a Feature - not an Outcome - of Predictive Models: Evaluation of an Early Warning System Use Case. <i>AMIA ... Annual Symposium proceedings</i> , 2019, 2019, 323-332.	0.2	9
35	International comparisons of laboratory values from the 4CE collaborative to predict COVID-19 mortality. <i>Npj Digital Medicine</i> , 2022, 5, .	5.7	7
36	Identifying nursing documentation patterns associated with patient deterioration and recovery from deterioration in critical and acute care settings. <i>International Journal of Medical Informatics</i> , 2021, 153, 104525.	1.6	6

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37	The Ad-Hoc Uncertainty Principle of Patient Privacy. AMIA Summits on Translational Science Proceedings, 2018, 2017, 132-138.	0.4	4
38	The Communicating Narrative Concerns Entered by Registered Nurses (CONCERN) Clinical Decision Support Early Warning System: Protocol for a Cluster Randomized Pragmatic Clinical Trial. JMIR Research Protocols, 2021, 10, e30238.	0.5	3
39	A numerical similarity approach for using retired Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) codes for electronic phenotyping in the Scalable Collaborative Infrastructure for a Learning Health System (SCILHS). BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making, 2015, 15, 104.	1.5	1
40	Supporting Multi-sourced Medication Information in i2b2. AMIA ... Annual Symposium proceedings, 2015, 2015, 747-55.	0.2	0
41	Supporting the Health Quality Measures Format in i2b2. AMIA Summits on Translational Science Proceedings, 2013, 2013, 124.	0.4	0