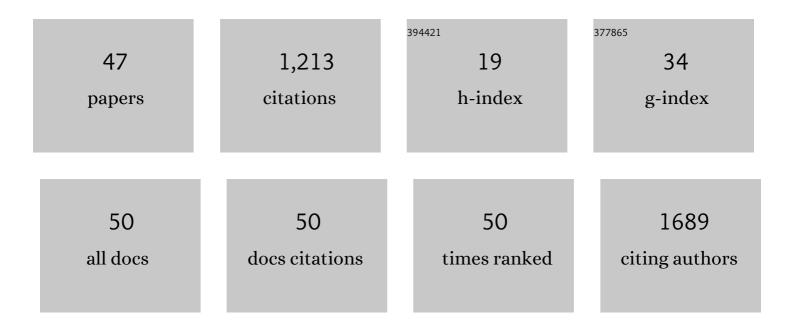
Maria Cristina Marazzi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Understanding the meanings of male partner support in the adherence to therapy among HIV-positive women: a gender analysis. Global Health Action, 2022, 15, 2051223.	1.9	5
2	Improving Treatment Adherence and Retention of HIV-Positive Women Through Behavioral Change Interventions Aimed at Their Male Partners: Protocol for a Prospective, Controlled Before-and-After Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2021, 10, e19384.	1.0	6
3	Noncommunicable Diseases Burden and Risk Factors in a Cohort of HIV+ Elderly Patients in Malawi. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2019, 35, 1106-1111.	1.1	30
4	Tuberculosis Case Finding With Combined Rapid Point-of-Care Assays (Xpert MTB/RIF and Determine TB) Tj ETQq Diseases, 2017, 65, 1878-1883.	0 0 0 rgB1 5.8	[/Overlock 10 42
5	Assessment of frailty in community-dwelling older adults residents in the Lazio region (Italy): A model to plan regional community-based services. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2017, 68, 1-7.	3.0	46
6	CMV infection in a cohort of HIV-exposed infants born to mothers receiving antiretroviral therapy during pregnancy and breastfeeding. Medical Microbiology and Immunology, 2017, 206, 23-29.	4.8	7
7	An assessment of option B implementation for the prevention of mother to child transmission in Dschang, Cameroon: results from the DREAM (Drug Resource Enhancement against AIDS and) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784	31 4.8 gBT,	O ve rlock 10
8	Cost-Effectiveness and Quality of Care of a Comprehensive ART Program in Malawi. Medicine (United) Tj ETQq0 () 0.rgBT /(Dverlock 10 T
9	Concentrations of tenofovir, lamivudine and efavirenz in mothers and children enrolled under the Option B-Plus approach in Malawi. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2016, 71, 1027-1030.	3.0	32
10	Virological Response and Drug Resistance 1 and 2 Years Post-Partum in HIV-Infected Women Initiated on Life-Long Antiretroviral Therapy in Malawi. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2016, 32, 737-742.	1.1	9
11	Retention, transfer out and loss to follow-up two years after delivery in a cohort of HIV+ pregnant women in Malawi. International Journal of STD and AIDS, 2016, 27, 462-468.	1.1	8
12	Antibodies against pneumococcal capsular polysaccharide in Malawian HIV-positive mothers and their HIV-exposed uninfected children. Infectious Diseases, 2016, 48, 317-321.	2.8	6
13	Comparison of the Cepheid GeneXpert and Abbott M2000 HIV-1 real time molecular assays for monitoring HIV-1 viral load and detecting HIV-1 infection. Journal of Virological Methods, 2016, 229, 35-39.	2.1	53
14	Impact of Extended Combination Antiretroviral Therapy on the Decline of HIV Prevalence in Pregnant Women in Malawi. Journal of the International Association of Providers of AIDS Care, 2016, 15, 172-177.	1.5	2
15	Elimination of Mother-To-Child Transmission of HIV Infection: The Drug Resource Enhancement against AIDS and Malnutrition Model. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2015, 12, 13224-13239.	2.6	20
16	Measurement of viral load by the automated Abbott real-time HIV-1 assay using dried blood spots collected and processed in Malawi and Mozambique. South African Medical Journal, 2015, 105, 1036.	0.6	14
17	Laboratory confirmation of clinically diagnosed malaria in a cohort of HIV-infected mothers and their children in Malawi. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 2015, 61, 222-225.	1.5	0
18	Drug resistance mutations 18 months after discontinuation of nevirapine-based ART for prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV in Malawi. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2015, 70, 2881-2884.	3.0	4

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19	Viral Sequence Analysis of HIV-Positive Women and Their Infected Children: Insight on the Timing of Infection and on the Transmission Network. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2014, 30, 1010-1015.	1.1	4
20	Weight Changes During and After 6 Months of Breastfeeding in HIV-Infected Mothers Receiving Antiretroviral Therapy in Malawi. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2014, 30, 1155-1157.	1.1	1
21	Viro-immunological response and emergence of resistance in HIV-infected women receiving combination antiretroviral regimens for the prevention of mother-to-child transmission in Malawi. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2014, 69, 749-752.	3.0	2
22	The impact of HBV or HCV infection in a cohort of HIV-infected pregnant women receiving a nevirapine-based antiretroviral regimen in Malawi. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2014, 14, 180.	2.9	12
23	Predictors of Adverse Outcomes in HIV-1–infected Children Receiving Combination Antiretroviral Treatment. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2014, 33, 295-300.	2.0	20
24	Maternal Antiretroviral Therapy for the Prevention of Mother-To-Child Transmission of HIV in Malawi: Maternal and Infant Outcomes Two Years after Delivery. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e68950.	2.5	56
25	Reduction of Maternal Mortality with Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy in a Large Cohort of HIV-Infected Pregnant Women in Malawi and Mozambique. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e71653.	2.5	23
26	Predicting Trends in HIV-1 Sexual Transmission in Sub-Saharan Africa Through the Drug Resource Enhancement Against AIDS and Malnutrition Model: Antiretrovirals for 5 Reduction of Population Infectivity, Incidence and Prevalence at the District Level. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2012, 55, 268-275.	5.8	15
27	Prognostic Value of Virological and Immunological Responses After 6 Months of Antiretroviral Treatment in Adults With HIV-1 Infection in Sub-Saharan Africa. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2012, 59, 236-244.	2.1	19
28	Emergence of lamivudine resistance hepatitis B virus mutations in pregnant women infected with HBV and HIV receiving antiretroviral prophylaxis for the prevention of motherâ€ŧoâ€infant transmission in Malawi. Journal of Medical Virology, 2012, 84, 1553-1557.	5.0	13
29	Nutritional Rehabilitation of HIV-Exposed Infants in Malawi: Results from the Drug Resources Enhancement Against AIDS and Malnutrition Program. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2012, 9, 421-434.	2.6	10
30	Limited Risk of Drug Resistance After Discontinuation of Antiretroviral Prophylaxis for the Prevention of Breastfeeding Transmission of HIV. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2011, 57, 301-304.	2.1	2
31	Easier Said Than Done: World Health Organization Recommendations for Prevention of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV—Areas of Concern. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2011, 27, 807-808.	1.1	4
32	Improving HIV-2 Detection by a Combination of Serological and Nucleic Acid Amplification Test Assays. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2010, 48, 2902-2908.	3.9	7
33	Cost-Effectiveness of Using HAART in Prevention of Mother-To-Child Transmission in the DREAM-Project Malawi. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2010, 55, 631-634.	2.1	29
34	Correlation between HIV-1 viral load quantification in plasma, dried blood spots, and dried plasma spots using the Roche COBAS Taqman assay. Journal of Clinical Virology, 2010, 47, 4-7.	3.1	45
35	Comparison of HIV Type 1 Sequences from Plasma, Cell-Free Breast Milk, and Cell-Associated Breast Milk Viral Populations in Treated and Untreated Women in Mozambique. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2009, 25, 707-711.	1.1	9
36	Incidence and Predictors of Death, Retention, and Switch to Secondâ€Line Regimens in Antiretroviralâ€Treated Patients in Subâ€Saharan African Sites with Comprehensive Monitoring Availability. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2009, 48, 115-122.	5.8	100

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37	Increased Infant Human Immunodeficiency Virus-Type One Free Survival at One Year of Age in Sub-Saharan Africa With Maternal Use of Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy During Breast-Feeding. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2009, 28, 483-487.	2.0	94
38	Evaluating Adherence to Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy with Use of Pill Counts and Viral Load Measurement in the Drug Resources Enhancement against AIDS and Malnutrition Program in Mozambique. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 46, 1609-1616.	5.8	40
39	Excessive Early Mortality in the First Year of Treatment in HIV Type 1-Infected Patients Initiating Antiretroviral Therapy in Resource-Limited Settings. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2008, 24, 555-560.	1.1	95
40	Single-nucleotide polymorphisms in human β-defensin-1 gene in Mozambican HIV-1-infected women and correlation with virologic parameters. Aids, 2008, 22, 1515-1517.	2.2	33
41	Tumor Necrosis Factor-α, Interleukin-10, and α-Defensins in Plasma and Breast Milk of HIV-Infected Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy-Treated and Untreated Pregnant Women in Mozambique. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2008, 47, 647-649.	2.1	5
42	Treatment acceleration program and the experience of the DREAM program in prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV. Aids, 2007, 21, S65-S71.	2.2	145
43	Triple Antiretroviral Prophylaxis Administered During Pregnancy and After Delivery Significantly Reduces Breast Milk Viral Load. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2007, 44, 286-291.	2.1	61
44	Resistance mutation patterns in plasma and breast milk of HIV-infected women receiving highly-active antiretroviral therapy for mother-to-child transmission prevention. Aids, 2007, 21, 2360-2362.	2.2	10
45	Subtype analysis and mutations to antiviral drugs in HIV-1-infected patients from Mozambique before initiation of antiretroviral therapy: Results from the DREAM programme. Journal of Medical Virology, 2005, 76, 452-458.	5.0	35
46	Is total lymphocyte count a reliable predictor of the CD4 lymphocyte cell count in resource-limited settings?. Aids, 2004, 18, 1082-1083.	2.2	7
47	Improving Male Partner Involvement in HIV-Positive Women's Care Through Behavioral Change Interventions in Malawi (WeMen Study): A Prospective, Controlled Before-and-After Study. Frontiers in Public Health, 0, 10, .	2.7	1