

# Pauline Oustric

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8140682/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

16  
papers

346  
citations

1039406

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h-index

940134

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g-index

19  
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19  
docs citations

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times ranked

383  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Increases in physical activity are associated with a faster rate of weight loss during dietary energy restriction in women with overweight and obesity. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2023, 129, 1451-1461.	1.2	2
2	Food Reward after Bariatric Surgery and Weight Loss Outcomes: An Exploratory Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 449.	1.7	2
3	The impact of 16-h heat exposure on appetite and food reward in adults. <i>Appetite</i> , 2022, 177, 106144.	1.8	1
4	Body Fatness Influences Associations of Body Composition and Energy Expenditure with Energy Intake in Healthy Women. <i>Obesity</i> , 2021, 29, 125-132.	1.5	8
5	An exploratory investigation of the impact of "fast" and "feed" days during intermittent energy restriction on free-living energy balance behaviours and subjective states in women with overweight/obesity. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021, 75, 430-437.	1.3	10
6	An augmented food strategy leads to complete energy compensation during a 15-day military training expedition in the cold. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2021, 9, e14591.	0.7	5
7	Food Liking but Not Wanting Decreases after Controlled Intermittent or Continuous Energy Restriction to ~5% Weight Loss in Women with Overweight/Obesity. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 182.	1.7	12
8	Measuring food preference and reward: Application and cross-cultural adaptation of the Leeds Food Preference Questionnaire in human experimental research. <i>Food Quality and Preference</i> , 2020, 80, 103824.	2.3	54
9	Matched Weight Loss Through Intermittent or Continuous Energy Restriction Does Not Lead To Compensatory Increases in Appetite and Eating Behavior in a Randomized Controlled Trial in Women with Overweight and Obesity. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 150, 623-633.	1.3	38
10	Exercise Training Reduces Reward for High-Fat Food in Adults with Overweight/Obesity. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2020, 52, 900-908.	0.2	21
11	Eating Behavior, Physical Activity and Exercise Training: A Randomized Controlled Trial in Young Healthy Adults. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 3685.	1.7	9
12	Impact of Meal Timing and Chronotype on Food Reward and Appetite Control in Young Adults. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 1506.	1.7	18
13	The Impact of Physical Activity on Food Reward: Review and Conceptual Synthesis of Evidence from Observational, Acute, and Chronic Exercise Training Studies. <i>Current Obesity Reports</i> , 2020, 9, 63-80.	3.5	39
14	Issues in Measuring and Interpreting Human Appetite (Satiety/Satiation) and Its Contribution to Obesity. <i>Current Obesity Reports</i> , 2019, 8, 77-87.	3.5	91
15	The role of food reward during weight management " a systematic review. <i>Proceedings of the Nutrition Society</i> , 2018, 77, .	0.4	0
16	Changes in food reward during weight management interventions " a systematic review. <i>Obesity Reviews</i> , 2018, 19, 1642-1658.	3.1	32