

Richard P Chandra

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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47
papers

6,166
citations

196777

29
h-index

252626

46
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47
all docs

47
docs citations

47
times ranked

7027
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Sulphite addition during steam pretreatment enhanced both enzyme-mediated cellulose hydrolysis and ethanol production. <i>Bioresources and Bioprocessing</i> , 2022, 9, .	2.0	5
2	The production of lactic acid from chemi-thermomechanical pulps using a chemo-catalytic approach. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2021, 324, 124664.	4.8	12
3	Enhancing Kraft based dissolving pulp production by integrating green liquor neutralization. <i>Carbohydrate Polymer Technologies and Applications</i> , 2021, 2, 100034.	1.6	2
4	Non-productive cellulase binding onto deep eutectic solvent (DES) extracted lignin from willow and corn stover with inhibitory effects on enzymatic hydrolysis of cellulose. <i>Carbohydrate Polymers</i> , 2020, 250, 116956.	5.1	58
5	Alkaline sulfonation and thermomechanical pulping pretreatment of softwood chips and pellets to enhance enzymatic hydrolysis. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2020, 315, 123789.	4.8	23
6	Enhancing Enzyme-Mediated Cellulose Hydrolysis by Incorporating Acid Groups Onto the Lignin During Biomass Pretreatment. <i>Frontiers in Bioengineering and Biotechnology</i> , 2020, 8, 608835.	2.0	8
7	Enzyme-Mediated Lignocellulose Liquefaction Is Highly Substrate-Specific and Influenced by the Substrate Concentration or Rheological Regime. <i>Frontiers in Bioengineering and Biotechnology</i> , 2020, 8, 917.	2.0	4
8	Enhancing Enzyme-Mediated Hydrolysis of Mechanical Pulps by Deacetylation and Delignification. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2020, 8, 5847-5855.	3.2	13
9	Substrate Characteristics That Influence the Filter Paper Assay's Ability to Predict the Hydrolytic Potential of Cellulase Mixtures. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2020, 8, 10521-10528.	3.2	10
10	Valorization of Bark Using Ethanol-Water Organosolv Treatment: Isolation and Characterization of Crude Lignin. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2020, 8, 4745-4754.	3.2	25
11	The influence of lignin on the effectiveness of using a chemithermomechanical pulping based process to pretreat softwood chips and pellets prior to enzymatic hydrolysis. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2020, 302, 122895.	4.8	41
12	The influence of lignin migration and relocation during steam pretreatment on the enzymatic hydrolysis of softwood and corn stover biomass substrates. <i>Biotechnology and Bioengineering</i> , 2019, 116, 2864-2873.	1.7	42
13	Laccase-mediated hydrophilization of lignin decreases unproductive enzyme binding but limits subsequent enzymatic hydrolysis at high substrate concentrations. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2019, 292, 121999.	4.8	11
14	Alkali-oxygen treatment prior to the mechanical pulping of hardwood enhances enzymatic hydrolysis and carbohydrate recovery through selective lignin modification. <i>Sustainable Energy and Fuels</i> , 2019, 3, 227-236.	2.5	31
15	Sulfite Post-Treatment To Simultaneously Detoxify and Improve the Enzymatic Hydrolysis and Fermentation of a Steam-Pretreated Softwood Lodgepole Pine Whole Slurry. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2019, 7, 5192-5199.	3.2	23
16	The Application of Fiber Quality Analysis (FQA) and Cellulose Accessibility Measurements To Better Elucidate the Impact of Fiber Curls and Kinks on the Enzymatic Hydrolysis of Fibers. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2019, 7, 8827-8833.	3.2	15
17	Comparing a deep eutectic solvent (DES) to a hydrotrope for their ability to enhance the fractionation and enzymatic hydrolysis of willow and corn stover. <i>Sustainable Energy and Fuels</i> , 2019, 3, 1329-1337.	2.5	45
18	From biorefineries to bioproducts: conversion of pretreated pulp from biorefining streams to lignocellulose nanofibers. <i>Tappi Journal</i> , 2019, 18, 233-241.	0.2	0

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19	The Role of Biomass Composition and Steam Treatment on Durability of Pellets. <i>Bioenergy Research</i> , 2018, 11, 341-350.	2.2	19
20	Steam explosion pretreatment used to remove hemicellulose to enhance the production of a eucalyptus organosolv dissolving pulp. <i>Wood Science and Technology</i> , 2017, 51, 557-569.	1.4	28
21	Valorizing Recalcitrant Cellulolytic Enzyme Lignin via Lignin Nanoparticles Fabrication in an Integrated Biorefinery. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2017, 5, 2702-2710.	3.2	115
22	Alkali-Oxygen Impregnation Prior to Steam Pretreating Poplar Wood Chips Enhances Selective Lignin Modification and Removal while Maximizing Carbohydrate Recovery, Cellulose Accessibility, and Enzymatic Hydrolysis. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2017, 5, 4011-4017.	3.2	33
23	Lignin valorization: lignin nanoparticles as high-value bio-additive for multifunctional nanocomposites. <i>Biotechnology for Biofuels</i> , 2017, 10, 192.	6.2	228
24	Off-Gassing of VOCs and Permanent Gases during Storage of Torrefied and Steam Exploded Wood. <i>Energy & Fuels</i> , 2017, 31, 10954-10965.	2.5	10
25	A comparison of various lignin-extraction methods to enhance the accessibility and ease of enzymatic hydrolysis of the cellulosic component of steam-pretreated poplar. <i>Biotechnology for Biofuels</i> , 2017, 10, 157.	6.2	124
26	The influence of lignin on steam pretreatment and mechanical pulping of poplar to achieve high sugar recovery and ease of enzymatic hydrolysis. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2016, 199, 135-141.	4.8	87
27	Steam pretreatment of agricultural residues facilitates hemicellulose recovery while enhancing enzyme accessibility to cellulose. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2015, 185, 302-307.	4.8	45
28	Enhancing Hemicellulose Recovery and the Enzymatic Hydrolysis of Cellulose by Adding Lignosulfonates during the Two-Stage Steam Pretreatment of Poplar. <i>ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering</i> , 2015, 3, 986-991.	3.2	44
29	The addition of accessory enzymes enhances the hydrolytic performance of cellulase enzymes at high solid loadings. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2015, 186, 149-153.	4.8	150
30	Second-generation ethanol in Chile: optimisation of the autohydrolysis of <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> . <i>Biomass Conversion and Biorefinery</i> , 2014, 4, 125-135.	2.9	8
31	Lignin Valorization: Improving Lignin Processing in the Biorefinery. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 344, 1246843.	6.0	2,994
32	How effective are traditional methods of compositional analysis in providing an accurate material balance for a range of softwood derived residues?. <i>Biotechnology for Biofuels</i> , 2013, 6, 90.	6.2	35
33	Use of the Simons' Staining Technique to Assess Cellulose Accessibility in Pretreated Substrates. <i>Industrial Biotechnology</i> , 2012, 8, 230-237.	0.5	56
34	The lignin present in steam pretreated softwood binds enzymes and limits cellulose accessibility. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2012, 103, 201-208.	4.8	340
35	Fibre size does not appear to influence the ease of enzymatic hydrolysis of organosolv-pretreated softwoods. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2012, 107, 235-242.	4.8	46
36	The influence of pretreatment and enzyme loading on the effectiveness of batch and fed-batch hydrolysis of corn stover. <i>Biotechnology Progress</i> , 2011, 27, 77-85.	1.3	34

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37	Enhancing the enzymatic hydrolysis of lignocellulosic biomass by increasing the carboxylic acid content of the associated lignin. <i>Biotechnology and Bioengineering</i> , 2011, 108, 538-548.	1.7	211
38	The effects of increasing swelling and anionic charges on the enzymatic hydrolysis of organosolv-pretreated softwoods at low enzyme loadings. <i>Biotechnology and Bioengineering</i> , 2011, 108, 1549-1558.	1.7	47
39	Influence of steam pretreatment severity on post-treatments used to enhance the enzymatic hydrolysis of pretreated softwoods at low enzyme loadings. <i>Biotechnology and Bioengineering</i> , 2011, 108, 2300-2311.	1.7	103
40	The isolation, characterization and effect of lignin isolated from steam pretreated Douglas-fir on the enzymatic hydrolysis of cellulose. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2011, 102, 4507-4517.	4.8	200
41	The effect of isolated lignins, obtained from a range of pretreated lignocellulosic substrates, on enzymatic hydrolysis. <i>Biotechnology and Bioengineering</i> , 2010, 105, 871-879.	1.7	206
42	Can the same steam pretreatment conditions be used for most softwoods to achieve good, enzymatic hydrolysis and sugar yields?. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2010, 101, 7827-7833.	4.8	84
43	Influence of xylan on the enzymatic hydrolysis of steam-pretreated corn stover and hybrid poplar. <i>Biotechnology Progress</i> , 2009, 25, 315-322.	1.3	153
44	Comparison of methods to assess the enzyme accessibility and hydrolysis of pretreated lignocellulosic substrates. <i>Biotechnology Letters</i> , 2009, 31, 1217-1222.	1.1	67
45	The characterization of pretreated lignocellulosic substrates prior to enzymatic hydrolysis, part 1: A modified Simons' staining technique. <i>Biotechnology Progress</i> , 2008, 24, 1178-1185.	1.3	164
46	Evaluating the Distribution of Cellulases and the Recycling of Free Cellulases during the Hydrolysis of Lignocellulosic Substrates. <i>Biotechnology Progress</i> , 2007, 23, 398-406.	1.3	163
47	The Effects of Treatment with the White-Rot Fungus <i>Trametes Versicolor</i> and Laccase Enzymes on the Brightness of Douglas-Fir Heartwood Derived Thermomechanical Pulps. <i>Journal of Wood Chemistry and Technology</i> , 1999, 19, 61-78.	0.9	4