

# Monica G Turner

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

265  
papers

30,994  
citations

5574

82  
h-index

6300

158  
g-index

271  
all docs

271  
docs citations

271  
times ranked

23014  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The magnitude, direction, and tempo of forest change in Greater Yellowstone in a warmer world with more fire. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2022, 92, e01485.	5.4	26
2	A short-interval reburn catalyzes departures from historical structure and composition in a mesic mixed-conifer forest. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2022, 504, 119814.	3.2	18
3	Limitations to Propagule Dispersal Will Constrain Postfire Recovery of Plants and Fungi in Western Coniferous Forests. <i>BioScience</i> , 2022, 72, 347-364.	4.9	21
4	Combined effects of climate and fire-driven vegetation change constrain the distributions of forest vertebrates during the 21st century. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2022, 28, 727-744.	4.1	1
5	Young forests and fire: Using lidar imagery fusion to explore fuels and burn severity in a subalpine forest reburn. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2022, 13, .	2.2	3
6	Post-disturbance reorganization of forest ecosystems in a changing world. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .	7.1	69
7	Can we manage a future with more fire? Effectiveness of defensible space treatment depends on housing amount and configuration. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2021, 36, 309-330.	4.2	21
8	The propagule doesn't fall far from the tree, especially after short-interval, high-severity fire. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03194.	3.2	27
9	Land-use intensity mediates ecosystem service tradeoffs across regional social-ecological systems. <i>Ecosystems and People</i> , 2021, 17, 264-278.	3.2	21
10	Decadal changes in fire frequencies shift tree communities and functional traits. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 5, 504-512.	7.8	41
11	Widespread regeneration failure in forests of Greater Yellowstone under scenarios of future climate and fire. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 4339-4351.	9.5	42
12	Ready, Set, Go: Community Science Field Campaign Reveals Habitat Preferences of Nonnative Asian Earthworms in an Urban Landscape. <i>BioScience</i> , 2021, 71, 280-291.	4.9	5
13	Can wildland fire management alter 21st-century subalpine fire and forests in Grand Teton National Park, Wyoming, USA?. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2020, 30, e02030.	3.8	21
14	Topographic position amplifies consequences of short-interval stand-replacing fires on postfire tree establishment in subalpine conifer forests. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2020, 478, 118523.	3.2	28
15	Simulating forest resilience: A review. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2020, 29, 2082-2096.	5.8	51
16	Pervasive shifts in forest dynamics in a changing world. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 368, .	12.6	576
17	Climate change and ecosystems: threats, opportunities and solutions. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020, 375, 20190104.	4.0	333
18	Climate change, ecosystems and abrupt change: science priorities. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020, 375, 20190105.	4.0	169

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19	Effects of bird community dynamics on the seasonal distribution of cultural ecosystem services. <i>Ambio</i> , 2019, 48, 280-292.	5.5	17
20	No evidence of co-facilitation between a non-native Asian earthworm ( <i>Amyntas tokioensis</i> ) and invasive common buckthorn ( <i>Rhamnus cathartica</i> ) in experimental mesocosms. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2019, 21, 111-122.	2.4	6
21	Comparing the effects of climate and land use on surface water quality using future watershed scenarios. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019, 693, 133484.	8.0	20
22	Feast not famine: Nitrogen pools recover rapidly in 25-year-old postfire lodgepole pine. <i>Ecology</i> , 2019, 100, e02626.	3.2	9
23	Short-interval severe fire erodes the resilience of subalpine lodgepole pine forests. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 11319-11328.	7.1	156
24	Post-fire vegetation and climate dynamics in low-elevation forests over the last three millennia in Yellowstone National Park. <i>Ecography</i> , 2019, 42, 1226-1236.	4.5	4
25	Scale-dependent interactions between tree canopy cover and impervious surfaces reduce daytime urban heat during summer. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 7575-7580.	7.1	348
26	Reply to Drescher: Interdisciplinary collaboration is essential to understand and implement climate-resilient strategies in cities. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 26155-26156.	7.1	2
27	Origins of abrupt change? Postfire subalpine conifer regeneration declines nonlinearly with warming and drying. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2019, 89, e01340.	5.4	69
28	It takes a few to tango: changing climate and fire regimes can cause regeneration failure of two subalpine conifers. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 966-977.	3.2	87
29	Current and historical land use influence soil-based ecosystem services in an urban landscape. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2018, 28, 643-654.	3.8	61
30	Understanding relationships among ecosystem services across spatial scales and over time. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2018, 13, 054020.	5.2	76
31	Scenarios reveal pathways to sustain future ecosystem services in an agricultural landscape. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2018, 28, 119-134.	3.8	34
32	Physical drivers of seagrass spatial configuration: the role of thresholds. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2018, 33, 2253-2272.	4.2	17
33	Microhabitat conditions and landscape pattern explain nocturnal rodent activity, but not seed removal, in burned and unburned lodgepole pine forests. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2018, 33, 1895-1909.	4.2	9
34	Patterns and drivers of recent disturbances across the temperate forest biome. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 4355.	12.8	167
35	Looking beyond the mean: Drivers of variability in postfire stand development of conifers in Greater Yellowstone. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2018, 430, 460-471.	3.2	23
36	Abrupt Change in Ecological Systems: Inference and Diagnosis. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 33, 513-526.	8.7	178

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37	Landscape dynamics of floral resources affect the supply of a biodiversity-dependent cultural ecosystem service. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2017, 32, 415-428.	4.2	25
38	Adapt to more wildfire in western North American forests as climate changes. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 4582-4590.	7.1	536
39	How do land-use legacies affect ecosystem services in United States cultural landscapes?. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2017, 32, 2205-2218.	4.2	44
40	Using Spatial Statistics and Landscape Metrics to Compare Disturbance Mosaics. , 2017, , 175-190.		5
41	Understanding Landscape Metrics. , 2017, , 45-63.		9
42	Regional and Continental-Scale Perspectives on Landscape Pattern. , 2017, , 157-173.		0
43	Species richness alone does not predict cultural ecosystem service value. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 3774-3779.	7.1	73
44	Historical foundations and future directions in macrosystems ecology. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 147-157.	6.4	49
45	Unpacking ecosystem service bundles: Towards predictive mapping of synergies and trade-offs between ecosystem services. <i>Global Environmental Change</i> , 2017, 47, 37-50.	7.8	229
46	When, Where, and How Nature Matters for Ecosystem Services: Challenges for the Next Generation of Ecosystem Service Models. <i>BioScience</i> , 2017, 67, 820-833.	4.9	114
47	Ecosystem Modeling for the 21st Century. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2017, 20, 211-214.	3.4	12
48	Twenty Years of Ecosystems: Emerging Questions and Challenges. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2017, 20, 1-3.	3.4	20
49	Spatial fit between water quality policies and hydrologic ecosystem services in an urbanizing agricultural landscape. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2017, 32, 59-75.	4.2	27
50	Annual precipitation regulates spatial and temporal drivers of lake water clarity. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2017, 27, 632-643.	3.8	59
51	Effects of non-native Asian earthworm invasion on temperate forest and prairie soils in the Midwestern US. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2017, 19, 73-88.	2.4	37
52	Simulated fire behaviour in young, postfire lodgepole pine forests. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2017, 26, 852.	2.4	15
53	High and dry: post-fire tree seedling establishment in subalpine forests decreases with post-fire drought and large stand-replacing burn patches. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2016, 25, 655-669.	5.8	213
54	Deterministic and stochastic processes lead to divergence in plant communities 25 years after the 1988 Yellowstone fires. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2016, 86, 327-351.	5.4	75

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55	Alternative scenarios of bioenergy crop production in an agricultural landscape and implications for bird communities. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2016, 26, 42-54.	3.8	11
56	Landscape patterns of bioenergy in a changing climate: implications for crop allocation and land-use competition. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2016, 26, 515-529.	3.8	10
57	Twenty-four years after the Yellowstone Fires: Are postfire lodgepole pine stands converging in structure and function?. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 1260-1273.	3.2	66
58	Changing disturbance regimes, ecological memory, and forest resilience. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2016, 14, 369-378.	4.0	947
59	Landscape variation in tree regeneration and snag fall drive fuel loads in 24-year old post-fire lodgepole pine forests. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2016, 26, 2424-2438.	3.8	22
60	Regeneration of montane forests 24 years after the 1988 Yellowstone fires: A fire-catalyzed shift in lower treelines?. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2016, 7, e01410.	2.2	82
61	From qualitative to quantitative environmental scenarios: Translating storylines into biophysical modeling inputs at the watershed scale. <i>Environmental Modelling and Software</i> , 2016, 85, 80-97.	4.5	44
62	Spatial variability in tree regeneration after wildfire delays and dampens future bark beetle outbreaks. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 13075-13080.	7.1	65
63	Drivers and trends in landscape patterns of stand-replacing fire in forests of the US Northern Rocky Mountains (1984-2010). <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2016, 31, 2367-2383.	4.2	89
64	Burn me twice, shame on who? Interactions between successive forest fires across a temperate mountain region. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 2272-2282.	3.2	83
65	Shifting ecological filters mediate postfire expansion of seedling aspen ( <i>Populus tremuloides</i> ) in Yellowstone. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2016, 362, 218-230.	3.2	44
66	Importance of landscape heterogeneity in sustaining hydrologic ecosystem services in an agricultural watershed. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2015, 6, 1-19.	2.2	91
67	Plausible futures of a social-ecological system: Yahara watershed, Wisconsin, USA. <i>Ecology and Society</i> , 2015, 20, .	2.3	70
68	Landscape Ecology in Theory and Practice. , 2015, , .		338
69	Introduction to Landscape Ecology and Scale. , 2015, , 1-32.		6
70	Landscape Metrics. , 2015, , 97-142.		10
71	Ecosystem Processes in Heterogeneous Landscapes. , 2015, , 287-332.		9
72	Landscape Dynamics in a Rapidly Changing World. , 2015, , 333-381.		3

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73	Celebrating the past, embracing the future. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2015, 13, 291-291.	4.0	7
74	Causes of Landscape Pattern. , 2015, , 33-62.		2
75	Introduction to Models. , 2015, , 63-95.		7
76	Spatial Statistics. , 2015, , 143-174.		2
77	Landscape Disturbance Dynamics. , 2015, , 175-228.		15
78	Organisms and Landscape Pattern. , 2015, , 229-285.		4
79	Earth Stewardship: An Initiative by the Ecological Society of America to Foster Engagement to Sustain Planet Earth. <i>Ecology and Ethics</i> , 2015, , 173-194.	1.0	14
80	Bird Communities and Biomass Yields in Potential Bioenergy Grasslands. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e109989.	2.5	20
81	Fire severity and tree regeneration following bark beetle outbreaks: the role of outbreak stage and burning conditions. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2014, 24, 1608-1625.	3.8	73
82	Logging Legacies Affect Insect Pollinator Communities in Southern Appalachian Forests. <i>Southeastern Naturalist</i> , 2014, 13, 317.	0.4	27
83	Recent mountain pine beetle outbreaks, wildfire severity, and postfire tree regeneration in the US Northern Rockies. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2014, 111, 15120-15125.	7.1	118
84	Carbon fluxes and storage in forests and landscapes. , 2014, , 139-166.		7
85	Spatial interactions among ecosystem services in an urbanizing agricultural watershed. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 12149-12154.	7.1	342
86	Predicting <i>Microstegium vimineum</i> invasion in natural plant communities of the southern Blue Ridge Mountains, USA. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2013, 15, 1217-1230.	2.4	13
87	A 27-year perspective on landscape ecology from the US-IALE annual meeting. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2013, 28, 1845-1848.	4.2	6
88	Salvage harvest effects on advance tree regeneration, soil nitrogen, and fuels following mountain pine beetle outbreak in lodgepole pine. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013, 291, 228-239.	3.2	27
89	Evaluating post-outbreak management effects on future fuel profiles and stand structure in bark beetle-impacted forests of Greater Yellowstone. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013, 303, 160-174.	3.2	27
90	Performance and population dynamics of a native understory herb differ between young and old forest stands in the Southern Appalachians. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013, 304, 444-454.	3.2	3

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91	Consequences of spatial heterogeneity for ecosystem services in changing forest landscapes: priorities for future research. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2013, 28, 1081-1097.	4.2	245
92	Influence of recent bark beetle outbreak on fire severity and postfire tree regeneration in montane Douglas-fir forests. <i>Ecology</i> , 2013, 94, 2475-2486.	3.2	90
93	Postfire changes in forest carbon storage over a 300-year chronosequence of <i>Pinus contorta</i> -dominated forests. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2013, 83, 49-66.	5.4	100
94	Why does land-use history facilitate non-native plant invasion? A field experiment with <i>Celastrus orbiculatus</i> in the southern Appalachians. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2013, 15, 613-626.	2.4	14
95	Managing Forests and Fire in Changing Climates. <i>Science</i> , 2013, 342, 41-42.	12.6	378
96	Bark beetle effects on fuel profiles across a range of stand structures in Douglas-fir forests of Greater Yellowstone. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2013, 23, 3-20.	3.8	73
97	Monitoring forest regrowth following large scale fire using satellite data-A case study of Yellowstone National Park, USA-. <i>European Journal of Remote Sensing</i> , 2013, 46, 551-569.	3.5	46
98	Changes to the N cycle following bark beetle outbreaks in two contrasting conifer forest types. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012, 170, 551-565.	2.0	29
99	Seeing the forest and the trees: multilevel models reveal both species and community patterns. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2012, 3, 1-16.	2.2	49
100	Effects of Climate and Exurban Development on Nest Predation and Predator Presence in the southern Appalachian Mountains (U.S.A.). <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2012, 26, 679-688.	4.7	14
101	What explains landscape patterns of tree mortality caused by bark beetle outbreaks in Greater Yellowstone?. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 556-567.	5.8	69
102	Post-Fire Spatial Patterns of Soil Nitrogen Mineralization and Microbial Abundance. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e50597.	2.5	27
103	Agricultural land-use history increases non-native plant invasion in a southern Appalachian forest a century after abandonment. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2011, 41, 920-929.	1.7	49
104	Nitrogen cycling following mountain pine beetle disturbance in lodgepole pine forests of Greater Yellowstone. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2011, 261, 1077-1089.	3.2	100
105	Integrating aquatic and terrestrial components to construct a complete carbon budget for a north temperate lake district. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 1193-1211.	9.5	151
106	Variation in Aboveground Cover Influences Soil Nitrogen Availability at Fine Spatial Scales Following Severe Fire in Subalpine Conifer Forests. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2011, 14, 1081-1095.	3.4	25
107	Twenty Years After the 1988 Yellowstone Fires: Lessons About Disturbance and Ecosystems. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2011, 14, 1196-1215.	3.4	126
108	Continued warming could transform Greater Yellowstone fire regimes by mid-21st century. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 13165-13170.	7.1	536

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109	Do mountain pine beetle outbreaks change the probability of active crown fire in lodgepole pine forests?. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2011, 81, 3-24.	5.4	237
110	Effects of land-use history and the contemporary landscape on non-native plant invasion at local and regional scales in the forest-dominated southern Appalachians. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2010, 25, 1433-1445.	4.2	72
111	Disturbance and landscape dynamics in a changing world. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 2833-2849.	3.2	1,060
112	Filling holes in regional carbon budgets: Predicting peat depth in a north temperate lake district. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2010, 115, .	3.3	33
113	Variation in foliar nitrogen and aboveground net primary production in young postfire lodgepole pine. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2009, 39, 1024-1035.	1.7	24
114	Long-Term Nitrogen Storage and Soil Nitrogen Availability in Post-Fire Lodgepole Pine Ecosystems. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2009, 12, 792-806.	3.4	48
115	Joint effects of habitat configuration and temporal stochasticity on population dynamics. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2009, 24, 863-877.	4.2	40
116	Diversity in Current Ecological Thinking: Implications for Environmental Management. <i>Environmental Management</i> , 2009, 43, 17-27.	2.7	74
117	Effect of flood regime on tree growth in the floodplain and surrounding uplands of the Wisconsin River. <i>River Research and Applications</i> , 2009, 25, 283-296.	1.7	19
118	Modeling the effects of fire and climate change on carbon and nitrogen storage in lodgepole pine ( <i>Pinus contorta</i> ) stands. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009, 15, 535-548.	9.5	61
119	The spatial legacy of introduction: <i>Celastrus orbiculatus</i> in the southern Appalachians, USA. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 1229-1238.	4.0	17
120	The demography of coarse wood in north temperate lakes. <i>Freshwater Biology</i> , 2009, 54, 1110-1119.	2.4	11
121	Does inorganic nitrogen limit plant growth 3–5 years after fire in a Wyoming, USA, lodgepole pine forest?. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2009, 257, 829-835.	3.2	21
122	The response of understory herbaceous plants to nitrogen fertilization in forests of different land-use history. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2009, 257, 2182-2188.	3.2	24
123	Aquatic and terrestrial drivers of dragonfly (Odonata) assemblages within and among north-temperate lakes. <i>Journal of the North American Benthological Society</i> , 2009, 28, 44-56.	3.1	122
124	Climate change and lakes: Estimating sensitivities of water and carbon budgets. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2009, 114, .	3.3	16
125	Landscape configuration and flood frequency influence invasive shrubs in floodplain forests of the Wisconsin River (USA). <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2008, 96, 91-102.	4.0	46
126	Cross-scale Drivers of Natural Disturbances Prone to Anthropogenic Amplification: The Dynamics of Bark Beetle Eruptions. <i>BioScience</i> , 2008, 58, 501-517.	4.9	1,410



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127	Influence of coarse wood and pine saplings on nitrogen mineralization and microbial communities in young post-fire <i>Pinus contorta</i> . <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2008, 256, 59-67.	3.2	18
128	Another Perspective On Yellowstone's Northern Range. <i>BioScience</i> , 2008, 58, 173-175.	4.9	1
129	When to Slow Down: Elk Residency Rates on a Heterogeneous Landscape. <i>Journal of Mammalogy</i> , 2008, 89, 105-114.	1.3	17
130	Landscape heterogeneity following large fires: insights from Yellowstone National Park, USA. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2008, 17, 742.	2.4	83
131	Landscape and Local Factors Affecting Northern White Cedar ( <i>Thuja Occidentalis</i> ) Recruitment in The Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forest, Wisconsin (U.S.A.). <i>American Midland Naturalist</i> , 2008, 160, 438-453.	0.4	13
132	STATE-SPACE MODELS LINK ELK MOVEMENT PATTERNS TO LANDSCAPE CHARACTERISTICS IN YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2007, 77, 285-299.	5.4	148
133	Filling key gaps in population and community ecology. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2007, 5, 145-152.	4.0	401
134	Inorganic nitrogen availability after severe stand-replacing fire in the Greater Yellowstone ecosystem. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 4782-4789.	7.1	134
135	Cone production in young post-fire <i>Pinus contorta</i> stands in Greater Yellowstone (USA). <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2007, 242, 119-126.	3.2	34
136	Do high-density patches of coarse wood and regenerating saplings create browsing refugia for aspen ( <i>Populus tremuloides</i> Michx.) in Yellowstone National Park (USA)? <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2007, 253, 211-219.	3.2	21
137	Identifying and Quantifying Landscape Patterns in Space and Time. <i>Landscape Series</i> , 2007, , 177-194.	0.2	15
138	Understanding Regional Change: A Comparison of Two Lake Districts. <i>BioScience</i> , 2007, 57, 323-335.	4.9	129
139	Carbon and water cycling in lake-rich landscapes: Landscape connections, lake hydrology, and biogeochemistry. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2007, 112, .	3.3	42
140	Linking terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems: The role of woody habitat in lake food webs. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2007, 203, 439-452.	2.5	62
141	In memoriam—Frank B. Golley (1930–2006). <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2007, 22, 1-3.	4.2	2
142	A Decade of Ecosystems. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2007, 10, 519-522.	3.4	6
143	Cross-Scale Interactions and Changing Pattern—Process Relationships: Consequences for System Dynamics. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2007, 10, 790-796.	3.4	205
144	MICROBIAL COMMUNITY VARIATION AND ITS RELATIONSHIP WITH NITROGEN MINERALIZATION IN HISTORICALLY ALTERED FORESTS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 570-579.	3.2	127

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145	Foliar nitrogen patterns following stand-replacing fire in lodgepole pine ( <i>Pinus contorta</i> var.) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10	3.2	14
146	Fish Community and Food Web Responses to a Whole-lake Removal of Coarse Woody Habitat. Fisheries, 2006, 31, 321-330.	0.8	120
147	Simulated recruitment of riparian trees and shrubs under natural and regulated flow regimes on the Wisconsin River, USA. River Research and Applications, 2006, 22, 1057-1083.	1.7	75
148	Previous land use alters plant allocation and growth in forest herbs. Journal of Ecology, 2006, 94, 548-557.	4.0	42
149	Natural and anthropogenic variation in coarse wood among and within lakes. Journal of Ecology, 2006, 94, 558-568.	4.0	80
150	Interactions between past land use, life-history traits and understory spatial heterogeneity. Landscape Ecology, 2006, 21, 777-790.	4.2	46
151	Influence of fire regimes on lodgepole pine stand age and density across the Yellowstone National Park (USA) landscape. Landscape Ecology, 2006, 21, 1281-1296.	4.2	15
152	Ecological Thresholds: The Key to Successful Environmental Management or an Important Concept with No Practical Application?. Ecosystems, 2006, 9, 1-13.	3.4	829
153	Carbon Storage on Landscapes with Stand-replacing Fires. BioScience, 2006, 56, 598.	4.9	206
154	Amount, position, and age of coarse wood influence litter decomposition in postfire <i>Pinus contorta</i> stands. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2006, 36, 2112-2123.	1.7	38
155	ESTABLISHMENT, PERSISTENCE, AND GROWTH OF ASPEN ( <i>POPULUS TREMULOIDES</i> ) SEEDLINGS IN YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK. Ecology, 2005, 86, 404-418.	3.2	88
156	METALAND: Characterizing Spatial Patterns and Statistical Context of Landscape Metrics. BioScience, 2005, 55, 983.	4.9	35
157	VARIABILITY AND CONVERGENCE IN STAND STRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT ON A FIRE-DOMINATED SUBALPINE LANDSCAPE. Ecology, 2005, 86, 643-654.	3.2	110
158	Ecosystem Function in Heterogeneous Landscapes. , 2005, , 1-4.		34
159	Landscape Ecology: What Is the State of the Science?. Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics, 2005, 36, 319-344.	8.3	701
160	LANDSCAPE ECOLOGY IN NORTH AMERICA: PAST, PRESENT, AND FUTURE. Ecology, 2005, 86, 1967-1974.	3.2	184
161	Variation in NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> mineralization and microbial communities with stand age in lodgepole pine ( <i>Pinus</i> ) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlo	8.8	82
162	Variability in Leaf Area and Stemwood Increment Along a 300-year Lodgepole Pine Chronosequence. Ecosystems, 2005, 8, 48-61.	3.4	47

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