

# David O Carter

## List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

**Source:** <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8083936/david-o-carter-publications-by-year.pdf>

**Version:** 2024-04-19

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

71  
papers

2,201  
citations

22  
h-index

46  
g-index

72  
ext. papers

2,705  
ext. citations

3.8  
avg, IF

5.01  
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
71	Postmortem Skeletal Microbial Community Composition and Function in Buried Human Remains.. <i>MSystems</i> , <b>2022</b> , e0004122	7.6	0
70	Human Bone Proteomes before and after Decomposition: Investigating the Effects of Biological Variation and Taphonomic Alteration on Bone Protein Profiles and the Implications for Forensic Proteomics. <i>Journal of Proteome Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 20, 2533-2546	5.6	4
69	A Pilot Study of Microbial Succession in Human Rib Skeletal Remains during Terrestrial Decomposition. <i>MSphere</i> , <b>2021</b> , 6, e0045521	5	1
68	Characterizing the postmortem human bone microbiome from surface-decomposed remains. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2020</b> , 15, e0218636	3.7	8
67	The importance of microbial communities in the estimation of the time since death <b>2020</b> , 109-139		2
66	Volatile Organic Compound Profiling from Postmortem Microbes using Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2020</b> , 65, 134-143	1.8	18
65	Using microbiome tools for estimating the postmortem interval <b>2020</b> , 171-191		2
64	An Experiment to Characterize the Decomposer Community Associated with Carcasses ( <i>Sus scrofa domestica</i> ) on Oahu, Hawaii. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2019</b> , 64, 1412-1420	1.8	8
63	The microbiology, pH, and oxidation reduction potential of larval masses in decomposing carcasses on Oahu, Hawaii. <i>Journal of Clinical Forensic and Legal Medicine</i> , <b>2019</b> , 67, 37-48	1.7	11
62	Trace Evidence Potential in Postmortem Skin Microbiomes: From Death Scene to Morgue. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2019</b> , 64, 791-798	1.8	19
61	The suitability of visual taphonomic methods for digital photographs: An experimental approach with pig carcasses in a tropical climate. <i>Science and Justice - Journal of the Forensic Science Society</i> , <b>2018</b> , 58, 167-176	2	9
60	New evidence of predation on humans by cookiecutter sharks in Kauai, Hawaii. <i>International Journal of Legal Medicine</i> , <b>2018</b> , 132, 1381-1387	3.1	5
59	Microbiome Data Accurately Predicts the Postmortem Interval Using Random Forest Regression Models. <i>Genes</i> , <b>2018</b> , 9,	4.2	42
58	Animal models for understanding microbial decomposition of human remains. <i>Drug Discovery Today: Disease Models</i> , <b>2018</b> , 28, 117-125	1.3	2
57	Sampling Dynamics for Volatile Organic Compounds Using Headspace Solid-Phase Microextraction Arrow for Microbiological Samples. <i>Separations</i> , <b>2018</b> , 5, 45	3.1	11
56	Toward a universal equation to estimate postmortem interval. <i>Forensic Science International</i> , <b>2017</b> , 272, 150-153	2.6	18
55	Relationships between Human Remains, Graves and the Depositional Environment <b>2017</b> , 143-154		3

54	A primer on microbiology <b>2017</b> , 1-24		2
53	Microbial communities associated with decomposing corpses <b>2017</b> , 245-273		9
52	Arthropod-microbe interactions on vertebrate remains <b>2017</b> , 274-311		1
51	Microbes, anthropology, and bones <b>2017</b> , 312-327		5
50	Forensic microbiology in built environments <b>2017</b> , 328-338		2
49	History, current, and future use of microorganisms as physical evidence <b>2017</b> , 25-55		4
48	Approaches and considerations for forensic microbiology decomposition research <b>2017</b> , 56-71		1
47	Sampling methods and data generation <b>2017</b> , 72-93		1
46	An introduction to metagenomic data generation, analysis, visualization, and interpretation <b>2017</b> , 94-126		2
45	Culture and long-term storage of microorganisms for forensic science <b>2017</b> , 127-145		1
44	Clinical microbiology and virology in the context of the autopsy <b>2017</b> , 146-191		1
43	Postmortem bacterial translocation <b>2017</b> , 192-211		7
42	Perspectives on the future of forensic microbiology <b>2017</b> , 376-378		1
41	Microbiome Tools for Forensic Science. <i>Trends in Biotechnology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 35, 814-823	15.1	59
40	Carcass mass has little influence on the structure of gravesoil microbial communities. <i>International Journal of Legal Medicine</i> , <b>2016</b> , 130, 253-63	3.1	34
39	Changes in Soil Microbial Activity Following Cadaver Decomposition During Spring and Summer Months in Southern Ontario. <i>Soil Forensics</i> , <b>2016</b> , 243-262		
38	Microbiology of death. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 26, R561-R563	6.3	27
37	Cleaning Puparia for Forensic Analysis. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2016</b> , 61, 1356-8	1.8	1

36	The impact of carrion decomposition on the fatty acid methyl ester (FAME) profiles of soil microbial communities in southern Canada. <i>Journal of the Canadian Society of Forensic Science</i> , <b>2016</b> , 49, 1-18	0.5	5
35	Microbial community assembly and metabolic function during mammalian corpse decomposition. <i>Science</i> , <b>2016</b> , 351, 158-62	33.3	256
34	Fluorescence Imaging of Posterior Spiracles from Second and Third Instars of Forensically Important <i>Chrysomya rufifacies</i> (Diptera: Calliphoridae). <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2016</b> , 61, 1578-1587 <sup>1.8</sup>	1.8	3
33	Using bacterial and necrophagous insect dynamics for post-mortem interval estimation during cold season: Novel case study in Romania. <i>Forensic Science International</i> , <b>2015</b> , 254, 106-17	2.6	17
32	Seasonal variation of postmortem microbial communities. <i>Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 11, 202-7	1.5	61
31	An initial investigation into the ecology of culturable aerobic postmortem bacteria. <i>Science and Justice - Journal of the Forensic Science Society</i> , <b>2015</b> , 55, 394-401	2	20
30	Vertebrate decomposition is accelerated by soil microbes. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 80, 4920-9	4.8	62
29	Dynamics of ninhydrin-reactive nitrogen and pH in gravesoil during the extended postmortem interval. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2013</b> , 58, 1348-52	1.8	14
28	Seasonal variation of carcass decomposition and gravesoil chemistry in a cold (Dfa) climate. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2013</b> , 58, 1175-82	1.8	48
27	Ground penetrating radar use in three contrasting soil textures in southern Ontario. <i>Geological Society Special Publication</i> , <b>2013</b> , 384, 221-228	1.7	2
26	A microbial clock provides an accurate estimate of the postmortem interval in a mouse model system. <i>ELife</i> , <b>2013</b> , 2, e01104	8.9	183
25	Author response: A microbial clock provides an accurate estimate of the postmortem interval in a mouse model system <b>2013</b> ,		4
24	Potential carcass enrichment of the University of Tennessee Anthropology Research Facility: a baseline survey of edaphic features. <i>Forensic Science International</i> , <b>2012</b> , 222, 4-10	2.6	30
23	Alteration of expired bloodstain patterns by <i>Calliphora vicina</i> and <i>Lucilia sericata</i> (Diptera: Calliphoridae) through ingestion and deposition of artifacts. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2011</b> , 56 Suppl 1, S123-7	1.8	18
22	Changes in the morphology and presumptive chemistry of impact and pooled bloodstain patterns by <i>Lucilia sericata</i> (Meigen) (Diptera: Calliphoridae). <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2011</b> , 56, 1315-8	1.8	15
21	Carcass mass can influence rate of decomposition and release of ninhydrin-reactive nitrogen into gravesoil. <i>Forensic Science International</i> , <b>2011</b> , 209, 80-5	2.6	46
20	Moisture can be the dominant environmental parameter governing cadaver decomposition in soil. <i>Forensic Science International</i> , <b>2010</b> , 200, 60-6	2.6	111
19	Measurement of ninhydrin reactive nitrogen influx into gravesoil during aboveground and belowground carcass ( <i>Sus domesticus</i> ) decomposition. <i>Forensic Science International</i> , <b>2009</b> , 193, 37-41	2.6	44

18	Research in Forensic Taphonomy: A Soil-Based Perspective <b>2009</b> , 317-331		8
17	Can Temperature Affect the Release of Ninhydrin-Reactive Nitrogen in Gravesoil Following the Burial of a Mammalian ( <i>Rattus rattus</i> ) Cadaver? <b>2009</b> , 333-340		2
16	Decomposition Studies Using Animal Models in Contrasting Environments: Evidence from Temporal Changes in Soil Chemistry and Microbial Activity <b>2009</b> , 357-377		10
15	Temperature affects microbial decomposition of cadavers ( <i>Rattus rattus</i> ) in contrasting soils. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , <b>2008</b> , 40, 129-137	5	104
14	Does repeated burial of skeletal muscle tissue ( <i>Ovis aries</i> ) in soil affect subsequent decomposition?. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , <b>2008</b> , 40, 529-535	5	28
13	The biochemical alteration of soil beneath a decomposing carcass. <i>Forensic Science International</i> , <b>2008</b> , 180, 70-5	2.6	96
12	Simulations with Elaborated Worked Example Modeling: Beneficial Effects on Schema Acquisition. <i>Journal of Science Education and Technology</i> , <b>2008</b> , 17, 262-273	2.8	14
11	Using ninhydrin to detect gravesoil. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2008</b> , 53, 397-400	1.8	40
10	Cadaver decomposition in terrestrial ecosystems. <i>Die Naturwissenschaften</i> , <b>2007</b> , 94, 12-24	2	372
9	Autoclaving kills soil microbes yet soil enzymes remain active. <i>Pedobiologia</i> , <b>2007</b> , 51, 295-299	1.7	56
8	Microbial decomposition of skeletal muscle tissue ( <i>Ovis aries</i> ) in a sandy loam soil at different temperatures. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , <b>2006</b> , 38, 1139-1145	7.5	63
7	A Laboratory Incubation Method for Determining the Rate of Microbiological Degradation of Skeletal Muscle Tissue in Soil. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2004</b> , 49, 1-6	1.8	22
6	A laboratory incubation method for determining the rate of microbiological degradation of skeletal muscle tissue in soil. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2004</b> , 49, 560-5	1.8	12
5	Mushrooms and taphonomy: the fungi that mark woodland graves. <i>The Mycologist</i> , <b>2003</b> , 17, 20-24		35
4	Taphonomic Mycota: Fungi with Forensic Potential. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2003</b> , 48, 2002169	1.8	67
3	Taphonomic mycota: fungi with forensic potential. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , <b>2003</b> , 48, 168-71	1.8	8
2	The Effects of Inter-Individual Biological Differences and Taphonomic Alteration on Human Bone Protein Profiles: Implications for the Development of PMI/AAD Estimation Methods		2
1	Patterns of microbial colonization of human bone from surface-decomposed remains		2

