Sherman A Lee

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Coronavirus Anxiety Scale: A brief mental health screener for COVID-19 related anxiety. Death Studies, 2020, 44, 393-401.	2.7	1,107
2	Clinically significant fear and anxiety of COVID-19: A psychometric examination of the Coronavirus Anxiety Scale. Psychiatry Research, 2020, 290, 113112.	3.3	247
3	Incremental validity of coronaphobia: Coronavirus anxiety explains depression, generalized anxiety, and death anxiety. Journal of Anxiety Disorders, 2020, 74, 102268.	3.2	240
4	How much "Thinking―about COVID-19 is clinically dysfunctional?. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2020, 87, 97-98.	4.1	158
5	The Islamophobia Scale: Instrument Development and Initial Validation. International Journal for the Psychology of Religion, The, 2009, 19, 92-105.	2.1	116
6	Mental health characteristics associated with dysfunctional coronavirus anxiety. Psychological Medicine, 2021, 51, 1403-1404.	4.5	109
7	Malevolent Creativity: Does Personality Influence Malicious Divergent Thinking?. Creativity Research Journal, 2011, 23, 73-82.	2.6	97
8	Does the arousal system contribute to near death experience?. Neurology, 2006, 66, 1003-1009.	1.1	96
9	Fear and Psychopathology During the COVID-19 Crisis: Neuroticism, Hypochondriasis, Reassurance-Seeking, and Coronaphobia as Fear Factors. Omega: Journal of Death and Dying, 2022, 85, 483-496.	1.0	85
10	Validation of the Korean version of the obsession with COVID-19 scale and the Coronavirus anxiety scale. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 608-614.	2.7	74
11	Pandemic Grief Scale: A screening tool for dysfunctional grief due to a COVID-19 loss. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 14-24.	2.7	71
12	Social isolation and the mitigation of coronavirus anxiety: The mediating role of meaning. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 1-13.	2.7	62
13	Psychological Risk Factors of Functional Impairment After COVID-19 Deaths. Journal of Pain and Symptom Management, 2021, 61, e1-e4.	1.2	62
14	The fading affect bias begins within 12 hours and persists for 3 months. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2011, 25, 663-672.	1.6	56
15	Adaptation of the Bangla Version of the COVID-19 Anxiety Scale. International Journal of Mental Health and Addiction, 2022, 20, 284-295.	7.4	56
16	Circumstances of the death and associated risk factors for severity and impairment of COVID-19 grief. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 34-42.	2.7	51
17	The Persistent Complex Bereavement Inventory: A Measure Based on the <i>DSM-5</i> . Death Studies, 2015, 39, 399-410.	2.7	47
18	Coronaphobia among healthcare professionals in Mexico: A psychometric analysis. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 280-289.	2.7	47

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19	Does empathy mediate the relationship between neuroticism and depressive symptomatology among college students?. Personality and Individual Differences, 2009, 47, 429-433.	2.9	46
20	Risk factors for dysfunctional grief and functional impairment for all causes of death during the COVID-19 pandemic: The mediating role of meaning. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 43-52.	2.7	44
21	When religion makes grief worse: negative religious coping as associated with maladaptive emotional responding patterns. Mental Health, Religion and Culture, 2013, 16, 291-305.	0.9	39
22	Modeling pandemic depression and anxiety: The mediational role of core beliefs and meaning making. Journal of Affective Disorders Reports, 2020, 2, 100023.	1.7	37
23	Social isolation as a means of reducing dysfunctional coronavirus anxiety and increasing psychoneuroimmunity. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2020, 87, 138-139.	4.1	33
24	Fear of Muslims: Psychometric evaluation of the Islamophobia Scale Psychology of Religion and Spirituality, 2013, 5, 157-171.	1.3	32
25	Factorial validity of the Urdu version of the Obsession with COVID-19 Scale: Preliminary investigation using a university sample in Pakistan. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 1059-1064.	2.7	30
26	The fading affect bias across alcohol consumption frequency for alcohol-related and non-alcohol-related events. Consciousness and Cognition, 2013, 22, 1340-1351.	1.5	27
27	Replication analysis of the Coronavirus Anxiety Scale. Dusunen Adam, 0, , .	0.0	27
28	Measuring Individual Differences in Trait Sympathy: Instrument Construction and Validation. Journal of Personality Assessment, 2009, 91, 568-583.	2.1	25
29	Brazilian Adaptation of the Coronavirus Anxiety Scale: A Psychometric Investigation of a Measure of Coronaphobia. Omega: Journal of Death and Dying, 2023, 86, 769-787.	1.0	25
30	The Dark Triad and compassion: Psychopathy and narcissism's unique connections to observed suffering. Personality and Individual Differences, 2017, 116, 336-342.	2.9	24
31	Neuroticism and Religious Coping Uniquely Predict Distress Severity among Bereaved Pet Owners. Anthrozoos, 2013, 26, 61-76.	1.4	21
32	The Utility of the Pandemic Grief Scale in Identifying Functional Impairment from COVID-19 Bereavement. Journal of Palliative Medicine, 2021, 24, 1783-1788.	1.1	21
33	The Fading Affect Bias shows healthy coping at the general level, but not the specific level for religious variables across religious and non-religious events. Consciousness and Cognition, 2015, 36, 265-276.	1.5	19
34	Pandemic grief in Poland: adaptation of a measure and its relationship with social support and resilience. Current Psychology, 2022, 41, 7393-7401.	2.8	18
35	Testing the fading affect bias for healthy coping in the context of death. Death Studies, 2016, 40, 513-527.	2.7	17
36	The Dark Tetrad and callous reactions to mourner grief: Patterns of annoyance, boredom, entitlement, schadenfreude, and humor. Personality and Individual Differences, 2019, 137, 97-100.	2.9	17

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37	Contributions of Executive Function and Cognitive Intrinsic Motivation to University Students' Reading Comprehension. Reading Research Quarterly, 2020, 55, 345-369.	3.3	16
38	COVID-19 Bereavement in Ten Latin American Countries: Measurement Invariance of the Pandemic Grief Scale and Its Relation to Suicidal Ideation. Omega: Journal of Death and Dying, 2023, 88, 591-619.	1.0	16
39	Individual differences in ocular level empathic accuracy ability: The predictive power of fantasy empathy. Personality and Individual Differences, 2010, 49, 68-71.	2.9	15
40	Assessment of Dysfunctional Grief due to Death from COVID-19 in Peru: Adaptation and Validation of a Spanish Version of the Pandemic Grief Scale. Trends in Psychology, 2021, 29, 595-616.	1.2	15
41	Affect intensity and alexithymia differentially influence the relationship between neuroticism and depressive symptomatology among college students. Personality and Individual Differences, 2011, 50, 646-650.	2.9	14
42	Rehearsal partially mediates the negative relations of the fading affect bias with depression, anxiety, and stress. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2019, 33, 693-701.	1.6	13
43	The Psychometric Properties of the Stress and Anxiety to Viral Epidemics-6 Items: A Test in the U.S. General Population. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2021, 12, 746244.	2.6	13
44	Validation of the Brazilian Portuguese version of the Obsession with COVID-19 Scale (BP-OCS) using a large University Sample in Brazil. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 1073-1079.	2.7	9
45	Measuring coronaphobia: the psychological basis of the Coronavirus Anxiety Scale. Dusunen Adam, 0, ,	0.0	9
46	Associations Between Death Fascination, Death Anxiety and Religion among Polish College Students. Polish Psychological Bulletin, 2013, 44, 439-448.	0.3	8
47	Factorial structure of the persistent complex bereavement inventory: Testing a hierarchical factor model. Death Studies, 2018, 42, 356-361.	2.7	8
48	Validating the Coronavirus Anxiety Scale in a Colombian sample. Death Studies, 2021, , 1-10.	2.7	8
49	Persistent complex bereavement symptoms explain impairments above depression, posttraumatic stress, and separation anxiety: an incremental validity study. Death Studies, 2019, 43, 634-638.	2.7	7
50	Spirituality Influences Emotion Regulation During Grief Talk: The Moderating Role of Prolonged Grief Symptomatology. Journal of Religion and Health, 2021, , 1.	1.7	7
51	Unfinished business and self-blaming emotions among those bereaved by a COVID-19 death. Death Studies, 2022, 46, 1297-1306.	2.7	7
52	Religion and pet loss: afterlife beliefs, religious coping, prayer and their associations with sorrow. British Journal of Guidance and Counselling, 2016, 44, 123-129.	1.2	6
53	Does the DSM-5 grief disorder apply to owners of deceased pets? A psychometric study of impairment during pet loss. Psychiatry Research, 2020, 285, 112800.	3.3	6
54	Grief and functional impairment following COVID-19 loss in a treatment-seeking sample: the mediating role of meaning. British Journal of Guidance and Counselling, 2023, 51, 395-406.	1.2	6

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55	Variables Related to Graduate Students' Willingness to Forgive a Job-Related Transgression. Psychological Reports, 2003, 93, 955-960.	1.7	5
56	Sympathetic Reactions to the Bait Dog in a Film of Dog Fighting: The Influence of Personality and Gender. Society and Animals, 2010, 18, 107-125.	0.2	5
57	Grief among near-death experiencers: pathways through religion and meaning. Mental Health, Religion and Culture, 2014, 17, 877-885.	0.9	5
58	School and religious factors impact the neuroticism-grief link in adolescents. Death Studies, 2016, 40, 601-606.	2.7	5
59	Grief and Avoidant Death Attitudes Combine to Predict the Fading Affect Bias. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 1736.	2.6	5
60	Bereavement in Pakistan during the COVID-19 pandemic: Psychometric analysis of the Pandemic Grief Scale-Urdu Version (PGS-UV). Death Studies, 2022, 46, 1465-1471.	2.7	5
61	Psychological Experiences Associated with Robotic Chair Massage: A Pilot Study. Psychological Studies, 2017, 62, 196-199.	1.0	4
62	Temperament and depressive symptoms in at-risk children: Aggression and learning problems as mediating factors. Personality and Individual Differences, 2015, 87, 35-38.	2.9	3
63	Mysticism Matters: Distinguishing between Intrinsic Religiosity, Extrinsic Religiosity, and Spirituality Using Higher-order Factors of Personality and Mysticism. Archive for the Psychology of Religion, 2010, 32, 195-216.	0.8	2
64	How are worriers particularly sensitive to grief? Tonic immobility as a mediating factor. British Journal of Guidance and Counselling, 2020, , 1-8.	1.2	2
65	Does fear mediate the neuroticism-psychopathology link for adults living through the COVID-19 pandemic?. Clinical Medicine Insights Psychiatry, 2022, 13, 117955732110699.	0.7	2
66	Psychometric Properties of Coronavirus Anxiety Scale in Iranian Population. Iranian Journal of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, 2021, In Press, .	0.4	1
67	Who Feels Sympathy for Roosters Used in Cockfighting? Examining the Influence of Feelings, Belief in Animal Mind, Personality, and Empathy-Related Traits. Society and Animals, 2012, 20, 327-341.	0.2	0
68	Neuroticism and Depressive Symptomatology: The Mediating Influence of College Student Floccinaucinihilipilification. Journal of College Counseling, 2013, 16, 115-128.	0.6	0
69	Spiritual struggles and compassion: the positive side of moral concerns. Mental Health, Religion and Culture, 2017, 20, 1068-1073.	0.9	0
70	Persistent Complex Bereavement Disorder Symptoms Predict Grief Interview Emotions. Omega: Journal of Death and Dying, 2020, , 003022282091901.	1.0	0
71	Personality and Grief-Related Panic Attacks: Analysis of Neuroticism, Worry, and Anxiety Sensitivity. Omega: Journal of Death and Dying, 2021, , 003022282199219.	1.0	0