

Carmen Tur

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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Version: 2024-04-26

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

91
papers

3,263
citations

28
h-index

56
g-index

109
ext. papers

4,120
ext. citations

5.8
avg. IF

5.02
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
91	Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on frequency of clinical visits, performance of MRI studies, and therapeutic choices in a multiple sclerosis referral centre.. <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2022 , 269, 1764	5.5	0
90	Humoral and Cellular Responses to SARS-CoV-2 in Convalescent COVID-19 Patients With Multiple Sclerosis.. <i>Neurology: Neuroimmunology and NeuroInflammation</i> , 2022 , 9,	9.1	3
89	The risk of infections for multiple sclerosis and neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder disease-modifying treatments: Eighth European Committee for Treatment and Research in Multiple Sclerosis Focused Workshop Review. April 2021.. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2022 , 13524585211069068	5	1
88	Association of Slowly Expanding Lesions on MRI With Disability in People With Secondary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis.. <i>Neurology</i> , 2022 ,	6.5	3
87	Is humoral and cellular response to SARS-CoV-2 vaccine modified by DMT in patients with multiple sclerosis and other autoimmune diseases?. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2022 , 13524585221089540	5	1
86	Slowly expanding lesions relate to persisting black-holes and clinical outcomes in relapse-onset multiple sclerosis. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2022 , 35, 103048	5.3	3
85	Oral contraceptives do not modify the risk of a second attack and disability accrual in a prospective cohort of women with a clinically isolated syndrome and early multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2021 , 13524585211053001	5	0
84	Assessing Lumbar Plexus and Sciatic Nerve Damage in Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis Using Magnetisation Transfer Ratio.. <i>Frontiers in Neurology</i> , 2021 , 12, 763143	4.1	0
83	Spatial patterns of brain lesions assessed through covariance estimations of lesional voxels in multiple Sclerosis: The SPACE-MS technique. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2021 , 33, 102904	5.3	2
82	Brain microstructural and metabolic alterations detected in vivo at onset of the first demyelinating event. <i>Brain</i> , 2021 , 144, 1409-1421	11.2	7
81	Predicting disability progression and cognitive worsening in multiple sclerosis using patterns of grey matter volumes. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 92, 995-1006	5.5	1
80	Use of Disease-Modifying Therapies in Pediatric Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis in the United Kingdom. <i>Neurology: Neuroimmunology and NeuroInflammation</i> , 2021 , 8,	9.1	5
79	Ongoing microstructural changes in the cervical cord underpin disability progression in early primary progressive multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2021 , 27, 28-38	5	8
78	Mind the gap: from neurons to networks to outcomes in multiple sclerosis. <i>Nature Reviews Neurology</i> , 2021 , 17, 173-184	15	18
77	Machine and deep learning in MS research are just powerful statistics - Yes. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2021 , 27, 661-662	5	1
76	Linear brain atrophy measures in multiple sclerosis and clinically isolated syndromes: a 30-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2021 ,	5.5	2
75	Effect of Changes in MS Diagnostic Criteria Over 25 Years on Time to Treatment and Prognosis in Patients With Clinically Isolated Syndrome. <i>Neurology</i> , 2021 , 97, e1641-e1652	6.5	6

74	Treatment response scoring systems to assess long-term prognosis in self-injectable DMTs relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis patients. <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2021 , 1	5.5	3
73	Aggressive multiple sclerosis (2): Treatment. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020 , 1352458520924595	5	6
72	Aggressive multiple sclerosis (1): Towards a definition of the phenotype. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020 , 1352458520925369	5	14
71	Disrupted principal network organisation in multiple sclerosis relates to disability. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 3620	4.9	2
70	Translating pH-sensitive PROgressive saturation for QUantifying Exchange rates using Saturation Times (PRO-QUEST) MRI to a 3T clinical scanner. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2020 , 84, 1734-1746	4.4	0
69	Sodium in the Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis Spinal Cord: Increased Concentrations and Associations With Microstructural Tissue Anisotropy. <i>Journal of Magnetic Resonance Imaging</i> , 2020 , 52, 1429-1438	5.6	2
68	In vivo imaging of chronic active lesions in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020 , 1352458520958589		
67	Clinical relevance of cortical network dynamics in early primary progressive MS. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020 , 26, 442-456	5	9
66	A multi-shell multi-tissue diffusion study of brain connectivity in early multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020 , 26, 774-785	5	8
65	The long-term outcomes of CIS patients in the Barcelona inception cohort: Looking back to recognize aggressive MS. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020 , 26, 1658-1669	5	18
64	Single-subject structural cortical networks in clinically isolated syndrome. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020 , 26, 1392-1401	5	3
63	High-dimensional detection of imaging response to treatment in multiple sclerosis. <i>Npj Digital Medicine</i> , 2019 , 2, 49	15.7	8
62	Spatial Characterisation of Fibre Response Functions for Spherical Deconvolution in Multiple Sclerosis. <i>Mathematics and Visualization</i> , 2019 , 265-279	0.6	
61	Head-to-head drug comparisons in multiple sclerosis: Urgent action needed. <i>Neurology</i> , 2019 , 93, 793-809	5	13
60	Relevance of time-dependence for clinically viable diffusion imaging of the spinal cord. <i>Magnetic Resonance in Medicine</i> , 2019 , 81, 1247-1264	4.4	18
59	Structural network disruption markers explain disability in multiple sclerosis. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 90, 219-226	5.5	24
58	Value of the central vein sign at 3T to differentiate MS from seropositive NMOSD. <i>Neurology</i> , 2018 , 90, e1183-e1190	6.5	50
57	Assessing treatment outcomes in multiple sclerosis trials and in the clinical setting. <i>Nature Reviews Neurology</i> , 2018 , 14, 75-93	15	84

56	Deep gray matter volume loss drives disability worsening in multiple sclerosis. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2018 , 83, 210-222	9.4	185
55	Apparent diffusion coefficient for molecular subtyping of non-gadolinium-enhancing WHO grade II/III glioma: volumetric segmentation versus two-dimensional region of interest analysis. <i>European Radiology</i> , 2018 , 28, 3779-3788	8	41
54	Brain atrophy 15 years after CIS: Baseline and follow-up clinico-radiological correlations. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2018 , 24, 721-727	5	3
53	Spinal cord lesions: A modest contributor to diagnosis in clinically isolated syndromes but a relevant prognostic factor. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2018 , 24, 301-312	5	55
52	Disability progression markers over 6-12 years in interferon- β -treated multiple sclerosis patients. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2018 , 24, 322-330	5	45
51	Spinal cord atrophy as a primary outcome measure in phase II trials of progressive multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2018 , 24, 932-941	5	31
50	Structural cortical network reorganization associated with early conversion to multiple sclerosis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018 , 8, 10715	4.9	10
49	Multiple sclerosis risk perception and acceptance for Brazilian patients. <i>Arquivos De Neuro-Psiquiatria</i> , 2018 , 76, 6-12	1.6	3
48	Inclusion of optic nerve involvement in dissemination in space criteria for multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2018 , 91, e1130-e1134	6.5	20
47	Progression of regional grey matter atrophy in multiple sclerosis. <i>Brain</i> , 2018 , 141, 1665-1677	11.2	146
46	Progressive MS trials: Lessons learned. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2017 , 23, 1583-1592	5	12
45	Neurite dispersion: a new marker of multiple sclerosis spinal cord pathology?. <i>Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology</i> , 2017 , 4, 663-679	5.3	148
44	Association of Autonomic Dysfunction With Disease Progression and Survival in Parkinson Disease. <i>JAMA Neurology</i> , 2017 , 74, 970-976	17.2	94
43	Grey matter atrophy is associated with disability increase in natalizumab-treated patients. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2017 , 23, 556-566	5	17
42	Contribution of the symptomatic lesion in establishing MS diagnosis and prognosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2016 , 87, 1368-74	6.5	37
41	Fully automated segmentation of the cervical cord from T1-weighted MRI using PropSeg: Application to multiple sclerosis. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2016 , 10, 71-7	5.3	44
40	Longitudinal evidence for anterograde trans-synaptic degeneration after optic neuritis. <i>Brain</i> , 2016 , 139, 816-28	11.2	46
39	HLA-DRB*1501 associations with magnetic resonance imaging measures of grey matter pathology in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis and Related Disorders</i> , 2016 , 7, 47-52	4	6

38	Fatigue Management in Multiple Sclerosis. <i>Current Treatment Options in Neurology</i> , 2016 , 18, 26	4.4	50
37	Neurofilament light chain level is a weak risk factor for the development of MS. <i>Neurology</i> , 2016 , 87, 1076-84	6.5	61
36	Commentary on Pique et al.'s paper entitled: Peripheral late reactivation of a previously typical monofocal Baló's concentric sclerosis lesion. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2015 , 21, 1084-6	5	1
35	Evidence-based guidelines: MAGNIMS consensus guidelines on the use of MRI in multiple sclerosis--clinical implementation in the diagnostic process. <i>Nature Reviews Neurology</i> , 2015 , 11, 471-82	15	272
34	Defining high, medium and low impact prognostic factors for developing multiple sclerosis. <i>Brain</i> , 2015 , 138, 1863-74	11.2	302
33	Secondary progressive NMO, or concomitant NMO and a primary neurodegenerative disorder?. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2015 , 21, 1876-8	5	1
32	Reduced gamma-aminobutyric acid concentration is associated with physical disability in progressive multiple sclerosis. <i>Brain</i> , 2015 , 138, 2584-95	11.2	71
31	Evidence-based guidelines: MAGNIMS consensus guidelines on the use of MRI in multiple sclerosis--establishing disease prognosis and monitoring patients. <i>Nature Reviews Neurology</i> , 2015 , 11, 597-606	15	321
30	Significant clinical worsening after natalizumab withdrawal: Predictive factors. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2015 , 21, 780-5	5	37
29	Brain atrophy in natalizumab-treated patients: A 3-year follow-up. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2015 , 21, 749-56	5	43
28	Comment on severe demyelination but no astrocytopathy in clinically definite neuromyelitis optica with anti-myelin-oligodendrocyte glycoprotein antibody. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2015 , 21, 660-1	5	
27	Should we systematically test patients with clinically isolated syndrome for auto-antibodies?. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2015 , 21, 1802-10	5	2
26	Natalizumab: risk stratification of individual patients with multiple sclerosis. <i>CNS Drugs</i> , 2014 , 28, 641-8	6.7	21
25	HLA-DRB1*15 influences the development of brain tissue damage in early PPMS. <i>Neurology</i> , 2014 , 83, 1712-8	6.5	14
24	Secondary progression is not the only explanation. <i>Acta Medica Portuguesa</i> , 2014 , 27, 393-6	1.4	3
23	Spatial variability and changes of metabolite concentrations in the cortico-spinal tract in multiple sclerosis using coronal CSI. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2014 , 35, 993-1003	5.9	9
22	Comment on 'Fingolimod to treat severe MS after natalizumab-associated progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy: a valid option?' Maillart et al. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2014 , 20, 510-1	5	
21	Evaluating the response to glatiramer acetate in relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patients. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2014 , 20, 1602-8	5	33

20	NMO spectrum disorders: how wide is the spectrum?. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2014 , 20, 1417-9	5	2
19	Early brain pseudoatrophy while on natalizumab therapy is due to white matter volume changes. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2013 , 19, 1175-81	5	75
18	CSF oligoclonal bands are important in the diagnosis of multiple sclerosis, unreasonably downplayed by the McDonald criteria 2010: No. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2013 , 19, 717-8	5	5
17	Risk acceptance in multiple sclerosis patients on natalizumab treatment. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e82796	3.7	21
16	Change in the clinical activity of multiple sclerosis after treatment switch for suboptimal response. <i>European Journal of Neurology</i> , 2012 , 19, 899-904	6	42
15	Natalizumab discontinuation after PML risk stratification: outcome from a shared and informed decision. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2012 , 18, 1193-6	5	19
14	Value of NMO-IgG determination at the time of presentation as CIS. <i>Neurology</i> , 2012 , 78, 1608-11	6.5	15
13	Subcutaneous alemtuzumab for multiple sclerosis. <i>Expert Review of Clinical Immunology</i> , 2012 , 8, 423-6	5.1	2
12	An overview of the association between gray matter damage and cognitive impairment in multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurodegenerative Disease Management</i> , 2012 , 2, 503-515	2.8	
11	Interferon β 1b for the treatment of primary progressive multiple sclerosis: five-year clinical trial follow-up. <i>Archives of Neurology</i> , 2011 , 68, 1421-7		34
10	Complementary roles of grey matter MTR and T2 lesions in predicting progression in early PPMS. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2011 , 82, 423-8	5.5	18
9	Grey matter damage and overall cognitive impairment in primary progressive multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2011 , 17, 1324-32	5	22
8	An observational study of the effectiveness and safety of natalizumab in the treatment of multiple sclerosis. <i>Revista De Neurologia</i> , 2011 , 52, 321-30	24	6
7	Do multimodal evoked potentials add information to MRI in clinically isolated syndromes?. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2010 , 16, 55-61	5	45
6	Clinical features of CIS of the brainstem/cerebellum of the kind seen in MS. <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2010 , 257, 742-6	5.5	18
5	Primary progressive multiple sclerosis diagnostic criteria: a reappraisal. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2009 , 15, 1459-65	5	26
4	Do oligoclonal bands add information to MRI in first attacks of multiple sclerosis?. <i>Neurology</i> , 2008 , 70, 1079-83	6.5	265
3	Relationship between MRI lesion activity and response to IFN-beta in relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis patients. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2008 , 14, 479-84	5	97

2	Very early scans for demonstrating dissemination in time in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2008 , 14, 631-5	5	15
1	Progression of regional grey matter atrophy in multiple sclerosis		1