

# Ingeborg Klaassen

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

65  
papers

3,465  
citations

218381

26  
h-index

155451

55  
g-index

68  
all docs

68  
docs citations

68  
times ranked

5110  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exploring the choroidal vascular labyrinth and its molecular and structural roles in health and disease. <i>Progress in Retinal and Eye Research</i> , 2022, 87, 100994.	7.3	31
2	PDGF as an Important Initiator for Neurite Outgrowth Associated with Fibrovascular Membranes in Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy. <i>Current Eye Research</i> , 2022, 47, 277-286.	0.7	6
3	Common pathways in dementia and diabetic retinopathy: understanding the mechanisms of diabetes-related cognitive decline. <i>Trends in Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2022, 33, 50-71.	3.1	34
4	Angiogenesis in gynecological cancers and the options for anti-angiogenesis therapy. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta: Reviews on Cancer</i> , 2021, 1875, 188446.	3.3	41
5	The Role of Heparan Sulfate and Neuropilin 2 in VEGFA Signaling in Human Endothelial Tip Cells and Non-Tip Cells during Angiogenesis In Vitro. <i>Cells</i> , 2021, 10, 926.	1.8	13
6	miRNA Levels as a Biomarker for Anti-VEGF Response in Patients with Diabetic Macular Edema. <i>Journal of Personalized Medicine</i> , 2021, 11, 1297.	1.1	1
7	microRNA Expression Profile in the Vitreous of Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy Patients and Differences from Patients Treated with Anti-VEGF Therapy. <i>Translational Vision Science and Technology</i> , 2020, 9, 16.	1.1	19
8	IGF-binding proteins 3 and 4 are regulators of sprouting angiogenesis. <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2020, 47, 2561-2572.	1.0	16
9	The Effect of Internal Limiting Membrane Cleaning on Epiretinal Membrane Formation after Vitrectomy for Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy. <i>Ophthalmologica</i> , 2020, 243, 426-435.	1.0	3
10	Endothelial tip cells in vitro are less glycolytic and have a more flexible response to metabolic stress than non-tip cells. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 10414.	1.6	53
11	The role of glycolysis and mitochondrial respiration in the formation and functioning of endothelial tip cells during angiogenesis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 12608.	1.6	113
12	Expression patterns of endothelial permeability pathways in the development of the blood-retinal barrier in mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019, 33, 5320-5333.	0.2	16
13	Anti-angiogenic effects of crenolanib are mediated by mitotic modulation independently of PDGFR expression. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2019, 121, 139-149.	2.9	12
14	Glucocorticoids exert differential effects on the endothelium in an <i>in vitro</i> model of the blood-retinal barrier. <i>Acta Ophthalmologica</i> , 2019, 97, 214-224.	0.6	8
15	Microvascular Complications in the Eye: Diabetic Retinopathy. , 2019, , 305-321.		5
16	Involvement of the ubiquitin-proteasome system in the expression of extracellular matrix genes in retinal pigment epithelial cells. <i>Biochemistry and Biophysics Reports</i> , 2018, 13, 83-92.	0.7	14
17	Modulation of the Proteasome Pathway by Nano-Curcumin and Curcumin in Retinal Pigment Epithelial Cells. <i>Ophthalmic Research</i> , 2018, 59, 98-109.	1.0	5
18	The role of plasmalemma vesicle-associated protein in pathological breakdown of blood-brain and blood-retinal barriers: potential novel therapeutic target for cerebral edema and diabetic macular edema. <i>Fluids and Barriers of the CNS</i> , 2018, 15, 24.	2.4	74

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19	Human adipose tissue-derived stromal cells act as functional pericytes in mice and suppress high-glucose-induced proinflammatory activation of bovine retinal endothelial cells. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2018, 61, 2371-2385.	2.9	34
20	Consensus guidelines for the use and interpretation of angiogenesis assays. <i>Angiogenesis</i> , 2018, 21, 425-532.	3.7	429
21	IGF2 and IGF1R identified as novel tip cell genes in primary microvascular endothelial cell monolayers. <i>Angiogenesis</i> , 2018, 21, 823-836.	3.7	30
22	Spatial and temporal recruitment of the neurovascular unit during development of the mouse blood-retinal barrier. <i>Tissue and Cell</i> , 2018, 52, 42-50.	1.0	14
23	Is leukostasis a crucial step or epiphenomenon in the pathogenesis of diabetic retinopathy?. <i>Journal of Leukocyte Biology</i> , 2017, 102, 993-1001.	1.5	27
24	Identification of proteins associated with clinical and pathological features of proliferative diabetic retinopathy in vitreous and fibrovascular membranes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0187304.	1.1	46
25	TNF $\alpha$ -Induced Disruption of the Blood-Retinal Barrier In Vitro Is Regulated by Intracellular $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ -Cyclic Adenosine Monophosphate Levels. , 2017, 58, 3496.		33
26	Association of Circulating Markers With Outcome Parameters in the Bevacizumab and Ranibizumab in Diabetic Macular Edema Trial. , 2016, 57, 6234.		2
27	Plasmalemma Vesicle-Associated Protein Has a Key Role in Blood-Retinal Barrier Loss. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2016, 186, 1044-1054.	1.9	52
28	CD34 Promotes Pathological Epi-Retinal Neovascularization in a Mouse Model of Oxygen-Induced Retinopathy. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0157902.	1.1	23
29	Computational Screening of Tip and Stalk Cell Behavior Proposes a Role for Apelin Signaling in Sprout Progression. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0159478.	1.1	27
30	The role of CTGF in diabetic retinopathy. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2015, 133, 37-48.	1.2	88
31	Connective Tissue Growth Factor Is Involved in Structural Retinal Vascular Changes in Long-Term Experimental Diabetes. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2014, 62, 109-118.	1.3	14
32	Molecular analysis of blood-retinal barrier loss in the Akimba mouse, a model of advanced diabetic retinopathy. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2014, 122, 123-131.	1.2	63
33	Vitreous TIMP-1 levels associate with neovascularization and TGF- $\beta$ 2 levels but not with fibrosis in the clinical course of proliferative diabetic retinopathy. <i>Journal of Cell Communication and Signaling</i> , 2013, 7, 1-9.	1.8	29
34	Molecular basis of the inner blood-retinal barrier and its breakdown in diabetic macular edema and other pathological conditions. <i>Progress in Retinal and Eye Research</i> , 2013, 34, 19-48.	7.3	539
35	Endothelial Tip Cells in Ocular Angiogenesis. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2013, 61, 101-115.	1.3	82
36	Complement Factor C3a Alters Proteasome Function in Human RPE Cells and in an Animal Model of Age-Related RPE Degeneration. , 2013, 54, 6489.		24

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37	A shift in the balance of vascular endothelial growth factor and connective tissue growth factor by bevacizumab causes the angiofibrotic switch in proliferative diabetic retinopathy. <i>British Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2012, 96, 587-590.	2.1	129
38	The Role of CTGF in Diabetic Retinopathy. , 2012, , 261-285.		0
39	CD34 marks angiogenic tip cells in human vascular endothelial cell cultures. <i>Angiogenesis</i> , 2012, 15, 151-163.	3.7	178
40	A novel co-culture model of the blood-retinal barrier based on primary retinal endothelial cells, pericytes and astrocytes. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2012, 96, 181-190.	1.2	79
41	Protection against methylglyoxal-derived AGEs by regulation of glyoxalase 1 prevents retinal neuroglial and vasodegenerative pathology. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2012, 55, 845-854.	2.9	131
42	CD34 marks angiogenic tip cells in human vascular endothelial cell cultures: a new model to study mechanisms of ocular angiogenesis. <i>Acta Ophthalmologica</i> , 2012, 90, 0-0.	0.6	1
43	A novel co-culture model of the blood-retinal barrier based on primary retinal endothelial cells, pericytes and astrocytes. <i>Acta Ophthalmologica</i> , 2012, 90, 0-0.	0.6	0
44	A shift in the balance of vascular endothelial growth factor and connective tissue growth factor by bevacizumab causes the angiofibrotic switch in proliferative diabetic retinopathy. <i>Acta Ophthalmologica</i> , 2012, 90, 0-0.	0.6	0
45	Active HIF-1 in the Normal Human Retina. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2010, 58, 247-254.	1.3	44
46	Differential TGF- $\beta$ 2 Signaling in Retinal Vascular Cells: A Role in Diabetic Retinopathy?. , 2010, 51, 1857.		84
47	Altered expression of genes related to blood-retina barrier disruption in streptozotocin-induced diabetes. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2009, 89, 4-15.	1.2	93
48	Connective Tissue Growth Factor Is Necessary for Retinal Capillary Basal Lamina Thickening in Diabetic Mice. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2008, 56, 785-792.	1.3	56
49	The Angio-Fibrotic Switch of VEGF and CTGF in Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2008, 3, e2675.	1.1	197
50	Angiogenesis Is Not Impaired in Connective Tissue Growth Factor (CTGF) Knock-out Mice. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2007, 55, 1139-1147.	1.3	41
51	Effect of VEGF-A on Expression of Profibrotic Growth Factor and Extracellular Matrix Genes in the Retina. , 2007, 48, 4267.		69
52	Advanced glycation end products cause increased CCN family and extracellular matrix gene expression in the diabetic rodent retina. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2007, 50, 1089-1098.	2.9	70
53	Differential expression of connective tissue growth factor in microglia and pericytes in the human diabetic retina. <i>British Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2004, 88, 1082-1087.	2.1	68
54	Vascular leucocyte adhesion molecules unaltered in the human retina in diabetes. <i>British Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2004, 88, 566-572.	2.1	20

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55	Nonmalignant Oral Keratinocytes from Patients with Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma Show Enhanced Metabolism of Retinoic Acid. <i>Oncology</i> , 2002, 63, 56-63.	0.9	5
56	Anticancer activity and mechanism of action of retinoids in oral and pharyngeal cancer. <i>Oral Oncology</i> , 2002, 38, 532-542.	0.8	23
57	Expression of retinoic acid receptor gamma correlates with retinoic acid sensitivity and metabolism in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma cell lines. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2001, 92, 661-665.	2.3	28
58	Metabolism and growth inhibition of four retinoids in head and neck squamous normal and malignant cells. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2001, 85, 630-635.	2.9	21
59	Enhanced turnover of all-trans-retinoic acid and increased formation of polar metabolites in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma lines compared with normal oral keratinocytes. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2001, 7, 1017-25.	3.2	14
60	Plasma retinoid levels in head and neck cancer patients: a comparison with healthy controls and the effect of retinyl palmitate treatment. <i>Oral Oncology</i> , 1999, 35, 40-44.	0.8	4
61	Considerations for in vitro retinoid experiments: importance of protein interaction. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - General Subjects</i> , 1999, 1427, 265-275.	1.1	30
62	Exfoliated oral cell messenger RNA: suitability for biomarker studies. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 1998, 7, 469-72.	1.1	3
63	Retinoid metabolism and all-trans retinoic acid-induced growth inhibition in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma cell lines. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 1997, 76, 189-197.	2.9	18
64	All-trans retinoic acid induced gene expression and growth inhibition in head and neck cancer cell lines. <i>Oral Oncology</i> , 1997, 33, 270-274.	0.8	9
65	Simultaneous analysis of retinol, all-trans- and 13-cis-retinoic acid and 13-cis-4-oxoretinoic acid in plasma by liquid chromatography using on-column concentration after single-phase fluid extraction. <i>Biomedical Applications</i> , 1997, 694, 83-92.	1.7	23