

Michihiro Satoh

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

67
papers

1,033
citations

516215

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500791

28
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69
all docs

69
docs citations

69
times ranked

1493
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Changes in the Association between Blood Pressure Indices and Subclinical Cerebrovascular Diseases. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2022, 29, 143-145.	0.9	0
2	Oral health-related quality of life is associated with the prevalence and development of depressive symptoms in older Japanese individuals: The Ohasama Study. <i>Gerodontology</i> , 2022, 39, 204-212.	0.8	10
3	Prediction Models for the 5- and 10-Year Incidence of Home Morning Hypertension: The Ohasama Study. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2022, 35, 328-336.	1.0	4
4	Consideration of the reference value and number of measurements of the urinary sodium-to-potassium ratio based on the prevalence of untreated home hypertension: TMM Cohort Study. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2022, 45, 866-875.	1.5	8
5	Regular dental visits, periodontitis, tooth loss, and atherosclerosis: The Ohasama study. <i>Journal of Periodontal Research</i> , 2022, 57, 615-622.	1.4	9
6	Time-series analysis of blood pressure changes after the guideline update in 2019 and the coronavirus disease pandemic in 2020 using Japanese longitudinal data. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2022, 45, 1408-1417.	1.5	7
7	Actual impact of angiotensin II receptor blocker or calcium channel blocker monotherapy on renal function in real-world patients. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2022, 40, 1564-1576.	0.3	1
8	A Combination of Blood Pressure and Total Cholesterol Increases the Lifetime Risk of Coronary Heart Disease Mortality: EPOCH-JAPAN. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2021, 28, 6-24.	0.9	13
9	Examining the trimester-specific effects of low gestational weight gain on birthweight: the BOSHI study. <i>Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease</i> , 2021, 12, 280-285.	0.7	2
10	Lifetime risk of stroke stratified by chronic kidney disease and hypertension in the general Asian population: the Ohasama study. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2021, 44, 866-873.	1.5	5
11	MO491 ASSOCIATION BETWEEN SERUM URIC ACID LEVEL AND CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE INCIDENCE STRATIFIED BY SEX IN MIDDLE-AGED ADULTS. <i>Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation</i> , 2021, 36, .	0.4	0
12	The association of disproportionately enlarged subarachnoid space hydrocephalus with cognitive deficit in a general population: the Ohasama study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 17061.	1.6	1
13	Detailed association between serum uric acid levels and the incidence of chronic kidney disease stratified by sex in middle-aged adults. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2021, 330, 107-113.	0.4	9
14	Elevated albumin-to-creatinine ratio as a risk factor for stroke and homocysteine as an effect modifier in hypertensive Asian individuals. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2021, , .	1.5	1
15	Prediction of Lifetime Risk of Cardiovascular Disease Deaths Stratified by Sex in the Japanese Population. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2021, 10, e021753.	1.6	4
16	The present situation of home blood pressure measurement among outpatients in Japan. <i>Clinical and Experimental Hypertension</i> , 2020, 42, 67-74.	0.5	9
17	Drug Prescriptions for Children With ADHD in Japan: A Study Based on Health Insurance Claims Data Between 2005 and 2015. <i>Journal of Attention Disorders</i> , 2020, 24, 175-191.	1.5	10
18	Lifetime Risk as a Tool to Encourage Young Adults with High Cardiovascular Risk in Asia. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2020, 27, 11-12.	0.9	0

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19	Day-to-day blood pressure variability is associated with lower cognitive performance among the Japanese community-dwelling oldest-old population: the SONIC study. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2020, 43, 404-411.	1.5	17
20	Hyperuricemia predicts the risk for developing hypertension independent of alcohol drinking status in men and women: the Saku study. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2020, 43, 442-449.	1.5	24
21	Epidemiological studies regarding hypertensive disorders of pregnancy: A review. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Research</i> , 2020, 46, 1672-1677.	0.6	5
22	Blood Pressure and Chronic Kidney Disease Stratified by Gender and the Use of Antihypertensive Drugs. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e015592.	1.6	12
23	Kidney function, blood pressure and proteinuria were associated with pregnancy outcomes of pregnant women with chronic kidney disease: a single-center, retrospective study in the Asian population. <i>Clinical and Experimental Nephrology</i> , 2020, 24, 547-556.	0.7	4
24	Do estimated 24-h pulse pressure components affect outcome? The Ohasama study. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2020, 38, 1286-1292.	0.3	6
25	N-Terminal Pro-B-Type Natriuretic Peptide Is a Predictor of Chronic Kidney Disease in an Asian General Populationâ€”The Ohasama Study â€”. <i>Circulation Reports</i> , 2020, 2, 24-32.	0.4	5
26	Blood Pressure Phenotypes Defined by Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring and Carotid Artery Changes in Community-Dwelling Older Japanese Adults: The Ohasama Study. <i>Tohoku Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2020, 252, 269-279.	0.5	0
27	Ageâ€”Related Trends in Home Blood Pressure, Home Pulse Rate, and Dayâ€”toâ€”Day Blood Pressure and Pulse Rate Variability Based on Longitudinal Cohort Data: The Ohasama Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2019, 8, e012121.	1.6	17
28	Is antihypertensive treatment based on home blood pressure recommended rather than that based on office blood pressure in adults with essential hypertension? (meta-analysis). <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2019, 42, 807-816.	1.5	10
29	Stroke risk due to partial white-coat or masked hypertension based on the ACC/AHA guidelineâ€™s blood pressure threshold: the Ohasama study. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2019, 42, 120-122.	1.5	11
30	Lifetime Risk of Stroke and Coronary Heart Disease Deaths According to Blood Pressure Level. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2019, 73, 52-59.	1.3	30
31	Prevalence of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring for Lithium and the Impact of Regulatory Warnings: Analysis Using Japanese Claims Database. <i>Therapeutic Drug Monitoring</i> , 2018, 40, 252-256.	1.0	19
32	Urinary Angiotensinogen Excretion Level Is Associated With Elevated Blood Pressure in the Normotensive General Population. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2018, 31, 742-749.	1.0	6
33	Diabetes mellitus as a cause or comorbidity of chronic kidney disease and its outcomes: the Gonryo study. <i>Clinical and Experimental Nephrology</i> , 2018, 22, 328-336.	0.7	29
34	Effect of amlodipine, efonidipine, and trichlormethiazide on home blood pressure and upper-normal microalbuminuria assessed by casual spot urine test in essential hypertensive patients. <i>Clinical and Experimental Hypertension</i> , 2018, 40, 468-475.	0.5	2
35	Nocturnal blood pressure decline based on different time intervals and long-term cardiovascular risk: the Ohasama Study. <i>Clinical and Experimental Hypertension</i> , 2018, 40, 1-7.	0.5	11
36	Genome-wide association study for white coat effect in Japanese middle-aged to elderly people: The HOMED-BP study. <i>Clinical and Experimental Hypertension</i> , 2018, 40, 363-369.	0.5	2

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37	Diurnal blood pressure changes. Hypertension Research, 2018, 41, 669-678.	1.5	21
38	Predictive power of home blood pressure indices at baseline and during follow-up in hypertensive patients: HOMED-BP study. Hypertension Research, 2018, 41, 622-628.	1.5	9
39	Association between tooth loss and cognitive impairment in community-dwelling older Japanese adults: a 4-year prospective cohort study from the Ohasama study. BMC Oral Health, 2018, 18, 142.	0.8	66
40	N-Terminal Pro-B-Type Natriuretic Peptide Is Not a Significant Predictor of Stroke Incidence After 5 Years—The Ohasama Study. Circulation Journal, 2018, 82, 2055-2062.	0.7	7
41	Perspectives acquired through long-term epidemiological studies on the Great East Japan Earthquake. Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2017, 22, 3.	1.4	5
42	Lacunar Infarcts Rather than White Matter Hyperintensity as a Predictor of Future Higher Level Functional Decline: The Ohasama Study. Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, 2017, 26, 376-384.	0.7	7
43	Trends in Antihypertensive Drug Prescriptions Based on Claims Data in a Japanese Hospital. Iryo Yakugaku (Japanese Journal of Pharmaceutical Health Care and Sciences), 2017, 43, 9-17.	0.0	0
44	Awareness of Nursing Students about the Importance of Folic Acid Intake for the Prevention of Neural Tube Defects. Japanese Journal of Complementary and Alternative Medicine, 2016, 13, 7-11.	1.0	1
45	The velocity of antihypertensive effects of seven angiotensin II receptor blockers determined by home blood pressure measurements. Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 34, 1218-1223.	0.3	12
46	Prescription trends in children with pervasive developmental disorders: a claims data-based study in Japan. World Journal of Pediatrics, 2016, 12, 443-449.	0.8	7
47	Home blood pressure level and decline in renal function among treated hypertensive patients: the J-HOME-Morning Study. Hypertension Research, 2016, 39, 107-112.	1.5	8
48	Reference values and associated factors for Japanese newborns' blood pressure and pulse rate. Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 34, 1578-1585.	0.3	21
49	Does Antihypertensive Drug Class Affect Day-to-Day Variability of Self-Measured Home Blood Pressure? The HOMED-BP Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2016, 5, e002995.	1.6	28
50	Urinary angiotensinogen excretion is associated with blood pressure in obese young adults. Clinical and Experimental Hypertension, 2016, 38, 203-208.	0.5	9
51	Impaired Higher-Level Functional Capacity as a Predictor of Stroke in Community-Dwelling Older Adults. Stroke, 2016, 47, 323-328.	1.0	19
52	Long-Term Stroke Risk Due to Partial White-Coat or Masked Hypertension Based on Home and Ambulatory Blood Pressure Measurements. Hypertension, 2016, 67, 48-55.	1.3	75
53	Impacts of the Great East Japan Earthquake on diabetic patients. Journal of Diabetes Investigation, 2015, 6, 577-586.	1.1	11
54	Association between N-terminal pro B-type natriuretic peptide and day-to-day blood pressure and heart rate variability in a general population. Journal of Hypertension, 2015, 33, 1536-1541.	0.3	18

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55	Relationship between maternal gestational hypertension and home blood pressure in 7-year-old children and their mothers: Tohoku Study of Child Development. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2015, 38, 776-782.	1.5	13
56	Combined Effect of Blood Pressure and Total Cholesterol Levels on Long-Term Risks of Subtypes of Cardiovascular Death. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2015, 65, 517-524.	1.3	44
57	Association of Aldosterone-to-Renin Ratio With Hypertension Differs by Sodium Intake: The Ohasama Study. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2015, 28, 208-215.	1.0	10
58	Awareness regarding clinical application of pharmacogenetics among Japanese pharmacists. <i>Pharmacogenomics and Personalized Medicine</i> , 2015, 8, 35.	0.4	10
59	Salt intake and the validity of a salt intake assessment system based on a 24-h dietary recall method in pregnant Japanese women. <i>Clinical and Experimental Hypertension</i> , 2015, 37, 459-462.	0.5	3
60	Randomized trial comparing the velocities of the antihypertensive effects on home blood pressure of candesartan and candesartan with hydrochlorothiazide. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2015, 38, 701-707.	1.5	5
61	Glycemic Control in Diabetic Patients With Impaired Endogenous Insulin Secretory Capacity Is Vulnerable After a Natural Disaster: Study of Great East Japan Earthquake. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2014, 37, e212-e213.	4.3	11
62	Day-to-Day Variability in Home Blood Pressure Is Associated With Cognitive Decline. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014, 63, 1333-1338.	1.3	70
63	Aldosterone-to-renin ratio and nocturnal blood pressure decline assessed by self-measurement of blood pressure at home: the Ohasama Study. <i>Clinical and Experimental Hypertension</i> , 2014, 36, 108-114.	0.5	15
64	Cardiovascular Risk With and Without Antihypertensive Drug Treatment in the Japanese General Population. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014, 63, 1189-1197.	1.3	59
65	Night-time blood pressure is associated with the development of chronic kidney disease in a general population. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 31, 2410-2417.	0.3	37
66	Ambulatory Versus Home Versus Clinic Blood Pressure. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2012, 59, 22-28.	1.3	71
67	Pre-hypertension as a significant predictor of chronic kidney disease in a general population: the Ohasama Study. <i>Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation</i> , 2012, 27, 3218-3223.	0.4	50