Nurshad Ali

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

56 papers	2,730 citations	136740 32 h-index	189595 50 g-index
57 all docs	57 docs citations	57 times ranked	3076 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	The association between elevated lipid profile and liver enzymes: a study on Bangladeshi adults. Scientific Reports, 2022, 12, 1711.	1.6	38
2	Assessment of multiple mycotoxin exposure and its association with food consumption: a human biomonitoring study in a pregnant cohort in rural Bangladesh. Archives of Toxicology, 2022, 96, 2123-2138.	1.9	9
3	Assessment of the relationship of serum liver enzymes activity with general and abdominal obesity in an urban Bangladeshi population. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 6640.	1.6	35
4	Assessment of the role of zinc in the prevention of COVID–19 infections and mortality: A retrospective study in the Asian and European population. Journal of Medical Virology, 2021, 93, 4326-4333.	2.5	17
5	Exposure to air pollution and COVID–19 severity: A review of current insights, management, and challenges. Integrated Environmental Assessment and Management, 2021, 17, 1114-1122.	1.6	20
6	Occurrence of aflatoxin M1 in human breast milk in Bangladesh. Mycotoxin Research, 2021, 37, 241-248.	1.3	14
7	The Presence of Aflatoxin M1 in Milk and Milk Products in Bangladesh. Toxins, 2021, 13, 440.	1.5	27
8	Awareness, Experience, and Knowledge of Farming Households in Rural Bangladesh Regarding Mold Contamination of Food Crops: A Cross-Sectional Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 10335.	1.2	2
9	Assessment of the relationship between serum uric acid levels and liver enzymes activity in Bangladeshi adults. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 20114.	1.6	34
10	Prevalence of preeclampsia and the associated risk factors among pregnant women in Bangladesh. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 21339.	1.6	34
11	Association of microalbuminuria with metabolic syndrome: a cross-sectional study in Bangladesh. BMC Endocrine Disorders, 2020, 20, 153.	0.9	14
12	Liver injury in severe COVID-19 infection: current insights and challenges. Expert Review of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2020, 14, 879-884.	1.4	46
13	The Effects of Air Pollution on COVID-19 Infection and Mortality—A Review on Recent Evidence. Frontiers in Public Health, 2020, 8, 580057.	1.3	116
14	Relationship Between COVID-19 Infection and Liver Injury: A Review of Recent Data. Frontiers in Medicine, 2020, 7, 458.	1.2	57
15	Kidney Injury in COVID-19: an Emerging Concern to the Clinician. SN Comprehensive Clinical Medicine, 2020, 2, 1808-1809.	0.3	4
16	Determination of aflatoxin M1 and deoxynivalenol biomarkers in infants and children urines from Bangladesh. Archives of Toxicology, 2020, 94, 3775-3786.	1.9	10
17	Biological monitoring for ochratoxin A and citrinin and their metabolites in urine samples of infants and children in Bangladesh. Mycotoxin Research, 2020, 36, 409-417.	1.3	17
18	Women's Knowledge, Attitude, and Perceptions Toward COVID-19 in Lower-Middle-Income Countries: A Representative Cross-Sectional Study in Bangladesh. Frontiers in Public Health, 2020, 8, 571689.	1.3	21

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19	Association between serum uric acid and metabolic syndrome: a cross-sectional study in Bangladeshi adults. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 7841.	1.6	84
20	Elevated level of C‐reactive protein may be an early marker to predict risk for severity of COVID‐19. Journal of Medical Virology, 2020, 92, 2409-2411.	2.5	226
21	Role of vitamin D in preventing of COVID-19 infection, progression and severity. Journal of Infection and Public Health, 2020, 13, 1373-1380.	1.9	353
22	Is SARS-CoV-2 associated with liver dysfunction in COVID-19 patients?. Clinics and Research in Hepatology and Gastroenterology, 2020, 44, e84-e86.	0.7	10
23	Association between serum liver enzymes and hypertension: a cross-sectional study in Bangladeshi adults. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2020, 20, 128.	0.7	42
24	Prevalence of elevated liver enzymes and its association with type 2 diabetes: A cross‐sectional study in Bangladeshi adults. Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism, 2020, 3, e00116.	1.0	39
25	Assessment of the relationship between serum uric acid and glucose levels in healthy, prediabetic and diabetic individuals. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2019, 11, 49.	1.2	66
26	Analyses of biomarkers of exposure to nephrotoxic mycotoxins in a cohort of patients with renal tumours. Mycotoxin Research, 2019, 35, 391-403.	1.3	24
27	Aflatoxins in rice: Worldwide occurrence and public health perspectives. Toxicology Reports, 2019, 6, 1188-1197.	1.6	45
28	Citrinin biomarkers: a review of recent data and application to human exposure assessment. Archives of Toxicology, 2019, 93, 3057-3066.	1.9	27
29	Relationship between serum uric acid and hypertension: a cross-sectional study in Bangladeshi adults. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 9061.	1.6	64
30	Biomonitoring of zearalenone and its main metabolites in urines of Bangladeshi adults. Food and Chemical Toxicology, 2019, 130, 276-283.	1.8	18
31	The relationship between serum uric acid and lipid profile in Bangladeshi adults. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2019, 19, 42.	0.7	89
32	Preliminary data on citrinin kinetics in humans and their use to estimate citrinin exposure based on biomarkers. Toxicology Letters, 2018, 282, 43-48.	0.4	42
33	Co‐occurrence of citrinin and ochratoxin A in rice in Asia and its implications for human health. Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture, 2018, 98, 2055-2059.	1.7	41
34	Blood plasma biomarkers of citrinin and ochratoxin A exposure in young adults in Bangladesh. Mycotoxin Research, 2018, 34, 59-67.	1.3	35
35	Prevalence of hyperuricemia and the relationship between serum uric acid and obesity: A study on Bangladeshi adults. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0206850.	1.1	149
36	Urinary biomarkers of exposure to the mycoestrogen zearalenone and its modified forms in German adults. Archives of Toxicology, 2018, 92, 2691-2700.	1.9	37

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37	Hypertension prevalence and influence of basal metabolic rate on blood pressure among adult students in Bangladesh. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 58.	1.2	41
38	Determination of aflatoxin M1 in urine samples indicates frequent dietary exposure to aflatoxin B1 in the Bangladeshi population. International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health, 2017, 220, 271-281.	2.1	37
39	Ochratoxin A and its metabolites in urines of German adultsâ€"An assessment of variables in biomarker analysis. Toxicology Letters, 2017, 275, 19-26.	0.4	56
40	Vitamin D and Parathyroid Hormone Status in Female Garment Workers: A Case-Control Study in Bangladesh. BioMed Research International, 2017, 2017, 1-7.	0.9	15
41	Biomonitoring of Mycotoxins in Urine: Pilot Study in Mill Workers. Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues, 2016, 79, 1015-1025.	1.1	58
42	Biomonitoring of concurrent exposure to ochratoxin A and citrinin in pregnant women in Bangladesh. Mycotoxin Research, 2016, 32, 163-172.	1.3	26
43	Assessment of deoxynivalenol exposure among Bangladeshi and German adults by a biomarker-based approach. Toxicology Letters, 2016, 258, 20-28.	0.4	35
44	Urinary biomarkers of ochratoxin A and citrinin exposure in two Bangladeshi cohorts: follow-up study on regional and seasonal influences. Archives of Toxicology, 2016, 90, 2683-2697.	1.9	30
45	Occurrence of aflatoxin M1 in urines from rural and urban adult cohorts in Bangladesh. Archives of Toxicology, 2016, 90, 1749-1755.	1.9	26
46	Deoxynivalenol Exposure Assessment for Pregnant Women in Bangladesh. Toxins, 2015, 7, 3845-3857.	1.5	34
47	A comparative study of the human urinary mycotoxin excretion patterns in Bangladesh, Germany, and Haiti using a rapid and sensitive LC-MS/MS approach. Mycotoxin Research, 2015, 31, 127-136.	1.3	123
48	Occurrence of the mycotoxin citrinin and its metabolite dihydrocitrinone in urines of German adults. Archives of Toxicology, 2015, 89, 573-578.	1.9	56
49	First results on citrinin biomarkers in urines from rural and urban cohorts in Bangladesh. Mycotoxin Research, 2015, 31, 9-16.	1.3	35
50	Elevated levels of plasma uric acid and its relation to hypertension in arsenic-endemic human individuals in Bangladesh. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2014, 281, 11-18.	1.3	41
51	First biomonitoring data for the nephrotoxic mycotoxins citrinin and ochratoxin A in Bangladesh. Toxicology Letters, 2014, 229, S219.	0.4	1
52	Biomonitoring of ochratoxin A in blood plasma and exposure assessment of adult students in Bangladesh. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2014, 58, 2219-2225.	1.5	25
53	Dose-response relationship between arsenic exposure and the serum enzymes for liver function tests in the individuals exposed to arsenic: a cross sectional study in Bangladesh. Environmental Health, 2011, 10, 64.	1.7	83
54	Protective effects of the dietary supplementation of turmeric (<i>Curcuma longa</i> L.) on sodium arsenite-induced biochemical perturbation in mice. Bangladesh Medical Research Council Bulletin, 2011, 36, 82-88.	0.1	13

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55	Interaction between chronic arsenic exposure via drinking water and plasma lactate dehydrogenase activity. Science of the Total Environment, 2010, 409, 278-283.	3.9	37
56	Association between arsenic exposure and plasma cholinesterase activity: a population based study in Bangladesh. Environmental Health, 2010, 9, 36.	1.7	52