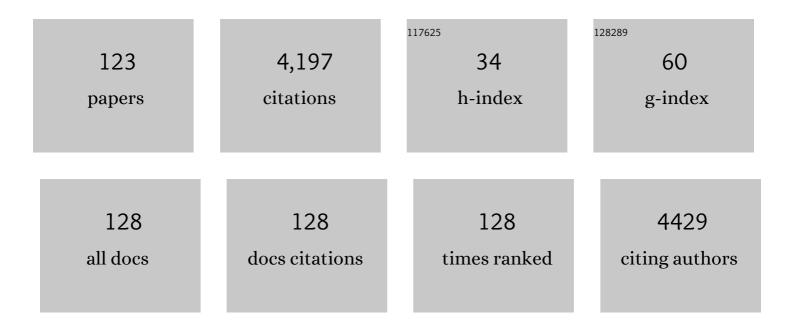
Brian D Elbel

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7954636/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



RDIAN D FIREI

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Calorie Labeling And Food Choices: A First Look At The Effects On Low-Income People In New York City. Health Affairs, 2009, 28, w1110-w1121.	5.2	392
2	Hospital Quality for Acute Myocardial Infarction. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2006, 296, 72.	7.4	332
3	Health and social services expenditures: associations with health outcomes. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2011, 20, 826-831.	3.7	259
4	Child and adolescent fast-food choice and the influence of calorie labeling: a natural experiment. International Journal of Obesity, 2011, 35, 493-500.	3.4	180
5	Inviting Consumers To Downsize Fast-Food Portions Significantly Reduces Calorie Consumption. Health Affairs, 2012, 31, 399-407.	5.2	147
6	The Influence of Calorie Labeling on Food Orders and Consumption: A Review of the Literature. Journal of Community Health, 2014, 39, 1248-1269.	3.8	143
7	A Systematic Review of Calorie Labeling and Modified Calorie Labeling Interventions: Impact on Consumer and Restaurant Behavior. Obesity, 2017, 25, 2018-2044.	3.0	130
8	Assessment of a government-subsidized supermarket in a high-need area on household food availability and children's dietary intakes. Public Health Nutrition, 2015, 18, 2881-2890.	2.2	120
9	Effects of Subsidies and Prohibitions on Nutrition in a Food Benefit Program. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 1610.	5.1	110
10	Consumer Estimation of Recommended and Actual Calories at Fast Food Restaurants. Obesity, 2011, 19, 1971-1978.	3.0	92
11	Consumer purchasing patterns in response to calorie labeling legislation in New York City. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2011, 8, 51.	4.6	88
12	What do we get for our money? Cost-effectiveness of adding contingency management. Addiction, 2007, 102, 309-316.	3.3	87
13	Effect of a School-Based Water Intervention on Child Body Mass Index and Obesity. JAMA Pediatrics, 2016, 170, 220.	6.2	87
14	Five Years Later: Awareness Of New York City's Calorie Labels Declined, With No Changes In Calories Purchased. Health Affairs, 2015, 34, 1893-1900.	5.2	75
15	Comparing five front-of-pack nutrition labels' influence on consumers' perceptions and purchase intentions. Preventive Medicine, 2018, 106, 114-121.	3.4	75
16	Calorie labeling, Fast food purchasing and restaurant visits. Obesity, 2013, 21, 2172-2179.	3.0	74
17	Fast food, beverage, and snack brands on social media in the United States: An examination of marketing techniques utilized in 2000 brand posts. Pediatric Obesity, 2020, 15, e12606.	2.8	64
18	Walk Score, Transportation Mode Choice, and Walking Among French Adults: A GPS, Accelerometer, and Mobility Survey Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2016, 13, 611.	2.6	60

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	The economic burden placed on healthcare systems by childhood obesity. Expert Review of Pharmacoeconomics and Outcomes Research, 2012, 12, 39-45.	1.4	56
20	Marketing Food and Beverages to Youth Through Sports. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2018, 62, 5-13.	2.5	55
21	Who reports noticing and using calorie information posted on fast food restaurant menus?. Appetite, 2014, 81, 30-36.	3.7	54
22	Dietary Variety Is Inversely Associated with Body Adiposity among US Adults Using a Novel Food Diversity Index. Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 145, 555-563.	2.9	51
23	Development and evaluation of the US Healthy Food Diversity index. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 112, 1562-1574.	2.3	49
24	The Effect of Breakfast in the Classroom on Obesity and Academic Performance: Evidence from New York City. Journal of Policy Analysis and Management, 2016, 35, 509-532.	1.4	46
25	Predicting childhood obesity using electronic health records and publicly available data. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0215571.	2.5	46
26	EBT Payment for Online Grocery Orders: a Mixed-Methods Study to Understand Its Uptake among SNAP Recipients and the Barriers to and Motivators for Its Use. Journal of Nutrition Education and Behavior, 2018, 50, 396-402.e1.	0.7	45
27	Dominance of Alpha and lota variants in SARS-CoV-2 vaccine breakthrough infections in New York City. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2021, 131, .	8.2	44
28	Voices Unheard: Barriers to Expressing Dissatisfaction to Health Plans. Milbank Quarterly, 2002, 80, 709-755.	4.4	42
29	Financial incentives and purchase restrictions in a food benefit program affect the types of foods and beverages purchased: results from a randomized trial. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2017, 14, 127.	4.6	42
30	Telephone Smoking-Cessation Counseling for Smokers in Mental Health Clinics. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2016, 50, 518-527.	3.0	40
31	Popular Music Celebrity Endorsements in Food and Nonalcoholic Beverage Marketing. Pediatrics, 2016, 138, .	2.1	38
32	Proximity to Fast-Food Outlets and Supermarkets as Predictors of Fast-Food Dining Frequency. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2016, 116, 1266-1275.	0.8	37
33	Cost Advantage of Dual-Chamber Versus Single-Chamber Cardioverter-Defibrillator Implantation. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2005, 46, 850-857.	2.8	36
34	Corner Store Purchases in a Low-Income Urban Community in NYC. Journal of Community Health, 2015, 40, 1084-1090.	3.8	35
35	Promotion of Healthy Eating Through Public Policy. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2013, 45, 49-55.	3.0	33
36	A Water Availability Intervention in New York City Public Schools: Influence on Youths' Water and Milk Behaviors. American Journal of Public Health, 2015, 105, 365-372.	2.7	33

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Supermarket retailers' perspectives on healthy food retail strategies: in-depth interviews. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 1019.	2.9	32
38	Application of global positioning system methods for the study of obesity and hypertension risk among low-income housing residents in New York City: a spatial feasibility study. Geospatial Health, 2014, 9, 57.	0.8	29
39	The Introduction of a Supermarket via Tax-Credits in a Low-Income Area. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2017, 31, 59-66.	1.7	28
40	Quantifying spatial misclassification in exposure to noise complaints among low-income housing residents across New York City neighborhoods: a Global Positioning System (GPS) study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 67-75.	1.9	27
41	Measuring Micro-Level Effects of a New Supermarket: Do Residents Within 0.5 Mile Have Improved Dietary Behaviors?. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2018, 118, 1037-1046.	0.8	27
42	Environmental and Individual Factors Affecting Menu Labeling Utilization: A Qualitative Research Study. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2013, 113, 667-672.	0.8	26
43	Calorie labeling and consumer estimation of calories purchased. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2014, 11, 91.	4.6	25
44	Evaluation of Secondhand Smoke Exposure in New York City Public Housing After Implementation of the 2018 Federal Smoke-Free Housing Policy. JAMA Network Open, 2020, 3, e2024385.	5.9	24
45	Potential Effect of the New York City Policy Regarding Sugared Beverages. New England Journal of Medicine, 2012, 367, 680-681.	27.0	23
46	Determining Chronic Disease Prevalence in Local Populations Using Emergency Department Surveillance. American Journal of Public Health, 2015, 105, e67-e74.	2.7	23
47	Neighborhood Stigma and Sleep: Findings from a Pilot Study of Low-Income Housing Residents in New York City. Behavioral Medicine, 2018, 44, 48-53.	1.9	23
48	Childhood Obesity and the Food Environment: A Populationâ€Based Sample of Public School Children in New York City. Obesity, 2020, 28, 65-72.	3.0	21
49	Enrolling Children in Public Insurance: SCHIP, Medicaid, and State Implementation. Journal of Health Politics, Policy and Law, 2004, 29, 451-490.	1.9	20
50	Ageâ€dependent association of obesity with COVIDâ€19 severity in paediatric patients. Pediatric Obesity, 2022, 17, e12856.	2.8	20
51	The Diabetes Location, Environmental Attributes, and Disparities Network: Protocol for Nested Case Control and Cohort Studies, Rationale, and Baseline Characteristics. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e21377.	1.0	20
52	Residential and GPS-Defined Activity Space Neighborhood Noise Complaints, Body Mass Index and Blood Pressure Among Low-Income Housing Residents in New York City. Journal of Community Health, 2017, 42, 974-982.	3.8	19
53	Disparities in food access around homes and schools for New York City children. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0217341.	2.5	19
54	Longitudinal Analysis of Neighborhood Food Environment and Diabetes Risk in the Veterans Administration Diabetes Risk Cohort. IAMA Network Open, 2021, 4, e2130789.	5.9	18

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Financial Hardship, Condomless Anal Intercourse and HIV Risk Among Men Who Have Sex with Men. AIDS and Behavior, 2017, 21, 3478-3485.	2.7	17
56	Identifying Geographic Disparities in Diabetes Prevalence Among Adults and Children Using Emergency Claims Data. Journal of the Endocrine Society, 2018, 2, 460-470.	0.2	17
57	Does proximity to fast food cause childhood obesity? Evidence from public housing. Regional Science and Urban Economics, 2020, 84, 103565.	2.6	17
58	Vulnerable Patients' Perceptions of Health Care Quality and Quality Data. Medical Decision Making, 2012, 32, 311-326.	2.4	16
59	Secondhand smoke exposure in public and private high-rise multiunit housing serving low-income residents in New York City prior to federal smoking ban in public housing, 2018. Science of the Total Environment, 2020, 704, 135322.	8.0	16
60	Telephone care coordination for smokers in VA mental health clinics: protocol for a hybrid type-2 effectiveness-implementation trial. Addiction Science & amp; Clinical Practice, 2013, 8, 7.	2.6	15
61	Correlates of Sugar-Sweetened Beverages Purchased for Children at Fast-Food Restaurants. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 2038-2041.	2.7	15
62	Assessments of residential and global positioning system activity space for food environments, body mass index and blood pressure among low-income housing residents in New York City. Geospatial Health, 2018, 13, .	0.8	15
63	Evaluating the influence of racially targeted food and beverage advertisements on Black and White adolescents' perceptions and preferences. Appetite, 2019, 140, 41-49.	3.7	15
64	Perceived spatial stigma, body mass index and blood pressure: a global positioning system study among low-income housing residents in New York City. Geospatial Health, 2016, 11, 399.	0.8	13
65	Participant Satisfaction with a Food Benefit Program with Restrictions and Incentives. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2018, 118, 294-300.	0.8	12
66	Impact of Changes in the Food, Built, and Socioeconomic Environment on BMI in US Counties, BRFSS 2003â€⊋012. Obesity, 2020, 28, 31-39.	3.0	12
67	The Current Limits of Calorie Labeling and the Potential for Population Health Impact. Journal of Public Policy and Marketing, 2017, 36, 227-235.	3.4	11
68	A protocol for measuring the impact of a smoke-free housing policy on indoor tobacco smoke exposure. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 666.	2.9	11
69	Facilitating Healthier Eating at Restaurants: A Multidisciplinary Scoping Review Comparing Strategies, Barriers, Motivators, and Outcomes by Restaurant Type and Initiator. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 1479.	2.6	11
70	Adults Who Order Sugar-Sweetened Beverages. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2016, 51, 890-897.	3.0	10
71	Change in an Urban Food Environment: Storefront Sources of Food/Drink Increasing Over Time and Not Limited to Food Stores and Restaurants. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2018, 118, 2128-2134.	0.8	10
72	Relationship between retail food outlets near public schools and adolescent obesity in New York City. Health and Place, 2020, 65, 102408.	3.3	10

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Association of financial hardship with poor sleep health outcomes among men who have sex with men. SSM - Population Health, 2017, 3, 594-599.	2.7	9
74	Using Indirect Measures to Identify Geographic Hot Spots of Poor Glycemic Control: Cross-sectional Comparisons With an A1C Registry. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 1438-1447.	8.6	9
75	Trends in Store-Level Sales of Sugary Beverages and Water in the U.S., 2006–2015. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2020, 59, 522-529.	3.0	9
76	Healthful and less-healthful foods and drinks from storefront and non-storefront businesses: implications for †food deserts', †food swamps' and food-source disparities. Public Health Nutrition, 2020, 23, 1428-1439.	2.2	9
77	Integrating Financial Coaching and Referrals into a Smoking Cessation Program for Low-income Smokers: a Randomized Waitlist Control Trial. Journal of General Internal Medicine, 2022, 37, 2973-2981.	2.6	9
78	The local geographic distribution of diabetic complications in New York City: Associated population characteristics and differences by type of complication. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2016, 119, 88-96.	2.8	8
79	Financial hardship and drug use among men who have sex with men. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2018, 13, 19.	2.2	8
80	Change in Obesity Prevalence among New York City Adults: the NYC Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2004 and 2013–2014. Journal of Urban Health, 2018, 95, 787-799.	3.6	8
81	Comparing competing geospatial measures to capture the relationship between the neighborhood food food environment and diet. Annals of Epidemiology, 2021, 61, 1-7.	1.9	8
82	Neighborhood Socioeconomic Environment and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes: Associations and Mediation Through Food Environment Pathways in Three Independent Study Samples. Diabetes Care, 2022, 45, 798-810.	8.6	8
83	Spending at Mobile Fruit and Vegetable Carts and Using SNAP Benefits to Pay, Bronx, New York, 2013 and 2014. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2015, 12, E87.	3.4	7
84	Geospatial clustering in sugar-sweetened beverage consumption among Boston youth. International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition, 2017, 68, 719-725.	2.8	7
85	Government data <i>v</i> . ground observation for food-environment assessment: businesses missed and misreported by city and state inspection records. Public Health Nutrition, 2020, 23, 1414-1427.	2.2	7
86	Engaging Ethnic Restaurants to Improve Community Nutrition Environments: A Qualitative Study with Hispanic Caribbean Restaurants in New York City. Ecology of Food and Nutrition, 2020, 59, 294-310.	1.6	7
87	Neighborhoods, Schools and Obesity: The Potential for Place-Based Approaches to Reduce Childhood Obesity. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0157479.	2.5	7
88	1649-P: Community Predictors of Diabetes Prevalence and Change in Burden Over Time: U.S. Counties, 2003-2012. Diabetes, 2019, 68, .	0.6	7
89	Association Between a Policy to Subsidize Supermarkets in Underserved Areas and Childhood Obesity Risk. JAMA Pediatrics, 2022, , .	6.2	7
90	Responsive Consumerism: Empowerment in Markets for Health Plans. Milbank Quarterly, 2009, 87, 633-682.	4.4	6

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	New York City "Healthy Happy Meals―Bill. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 49, e45-e46.	3.0	6
92	Identifying Local Hot Spots of Pediatric Chronic Diseases Using Emergency Department Surveillance. Academic Pediatrics, 2017, 17, 267-274.	2.0	6
93	School Wellness Programs: Magnitude and Distribution in New York City Public Schools. Journal of School Health, 2017, 87, 3-11.	1.6	6
94	Time to Track Health Outcomes of Smoke-Free Multiunit Housing. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2018, 54, 320-322.	3.0	6
95	Financial Hardship, Motivation to Quit and Post-Quit Spending Plans among Low-Income Smokers Enrolled in a Smoking Cessation Trial. Substance Abuse: Research and Treatment, 2019, 13, 117822181987876.	0.9	6
96	Food Industry Donations to Academic Programs: A Cross-Sectional Examination of the Extent of Publicly Available Data. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 1624.	2.6	6
97	Crowdsourcing for Food Purchase Receipt Annotation via Amazon Mechanical Turk: A Feasibility Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2019, 21, e12047.	4.3	5
98	Impact of land use and food environment on risk of type 2 diabetes: A national study of veterans, 2008–2018. Environmental Research, 2022, 212, 113146.	7.5	5
99	Presenting quality data to vulnerable groups: charts, summaries or behavioral economic nudges?. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2014, 19, 161-168.	1.7	4
100	Acceptability of smartphone text- and voice-based ecological momentary assessment (EMA) methods among low income housing residents in New York City. BMC Research Notes, 2017, 10, 517.	1.4	3
101	Within- and Between-Household Variation in Food Expenditures Among Low-Income Households Using a Novel Simple Annotated Receipt Method. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2020, 7, 582999.	3.7	3
102	Assessing county-level determinants of diabetes in the United States (2003–2012). Health and Place, 2020, 63, 102324.	3.3	3
103	Promoting healthy eating in Latin American restaurants: a qualitative survey of views held by owners and staff. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 843.	2.9	3
104	Seeking population-level solutions to obesity. Science Translational Medicine, 2016, 8, 323ed1.	12.4	2
105	Energy contribution of sugar-sweetened beverage refills at fast-food restaurants. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 2349-2354.	2.2	2
106	Could EBT Machines Increase Fruit and Vegetable Purchases at New York City Green Carts?. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2017, 14, E83.	3.4	2
107	Food environment does not predict self-reported SSB consumption in New York City: A cross sectional study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0196689.	2.5	2
108	High financial hardship and mental health burden among gay, bisexual and other men who have sex with men. Journal of Gay and Lesbian Mental Health, 2020, 24, 308-321.	1.4	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	Concordance and Discordance in the Geographic Distribution of Childhood Obesity and Pediatric Type 2 Diabetes in New York City. Academic Pediatrics, 2020, 20, 809-815.	2.0	2
110	Perceptions of a food benefit programme that includes financial incentives for the purchase of fruits and vegetables and restrictions on the purchase of foods high in added sugar. Public Health Nutrition, 2022, 25, 1528-1536.	2.2	2
111	A matched analysis of the association between federally-mandated smoke-free housing policies and health outcomes among Medicaid-enrolled children in subsidized housing, 2015-2019, New York City. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, , .	3.4	2
112	Do sedentary behavior and physical activity spatially cluster? Analysis of a population-based sample of Boston adolescents. Geo Journal, 2018, 83, 775-782.	3.1	1
113	Using Multiple Financial Incentive Structures to Promote Sustainable Changes in Health Behaviors. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e199859.	5.9	1
114	Ethnic Restaurant Nutrition Environments and Cardiovascular Health: Examining Hispanic Caribbean Restaurants in New York City. Ethnicity and Disease, 2020, 30, 583-592.	2.3	1
115	Knowledge of Recommended Daily Caloric Intake Among Fast Food Consumers. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	1
116	Sugar-sweetened beverage purchases and intake at event arenas with and without a portion size cap. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2022, 25, 101661.	1.8	1
117	The Prenatal Neighborhood Environment and Geographic Hotspots of Infants with At-risk Birthweights in New York City. Journal of Urban Health, 0, , .	3.6	1
118	Childhood Obesity: Can Public Policy Make a Difference?. , 2019, , 239-246.		0
119	Facilitating Healthy Eating in Latin American Restaurants: Examining Acceptability and Barriers Among Restaurant Owners and Staff. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2021, 5, 125.	0.3	Ο
120	Area Characteristics and Consumer Nutrition Environments in Restaurants: an Examination of Hispanic Caribbean Restaurants in New York City. Journal of Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities, 2021, , 1.	3.2	0
121	Consumer Responses to Menu Labeling Legislation in New York City―Have Purchasing Patterns Been Affected?:. FASEB Journal, 2011, 25, 98.7.	0.5	0
122	Relationship of Behavioral Traits to Obesity and Response to Calorie Labeling. Health Behavior and Policy Review, 2016, 3, 499-507.	0.4	0
123	Operationalizing Local School Wellness Policies in New York City. Health Behavior and Policy Review, 2018, 5, 90-97.	0.4	Ο