## Muhammad Nasir

## List of Publications by Year

 in descending orderSource: https:|/exaly.com/author-pdf|789731/publications.pdf
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| 1 | Identification and association of recurrent ALOXE3 mutation with nonâ€bullous congenital ichthyosiform erythroderma in two ethnically distinct Pakistani families. Congenital Anomalies (discontinued), 2019, 59, 93-98. | 0.6 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Identification and in silico characterization of a novel p.P208PfsX1 mutation in V-ATPase a3 subunit associated with autosomal recessive osteopetrosis in a Pakistani family. BMC Medical Genetics, 2017, 18, 148. | 2.1 | 7 |
| 3 | Identification and in silico characterization of p.G380R substitution in FGFR3, associated with achondroplasia in a non-consanguineous Pakistani family. Diagnostic Pathology, 2017, 12, 47. | 2.0 | 7 |
| 4 | In silico analysis of a disease-causing mutation in PCDH15 gene in a consanguineous Pakistani family with Usher phenotype. International Journal of Ophthalmology, 2016, 9, 662-8. | 1.1 | 6 |
| 5 | Identification of recurrent c.742G $>$ T nonsense mutation in ECM1 in Pakistani families suffering from lipoid proteinosis. Molecular Biology Reports, 2014, 41, 2085-2092. | 2.3 | 4 |
| 6 | MC1R gene mutation and its association with oculocutaneous albinism type (OCA) phenotype in a consanguineous Pakistani family. Journal of Dermatological Science, 2013, 70, 68-70. | 1.9 | 4 |
| 7 | In silico characterization of a novel pathogenic deletion mutation identified in XPA gene in a Pakistani family with severe xeroderma pigmentosum. Journal of Biomedical Science, 2013, 20, 70. | 7.0 | 1 |
| 8 | Molecular analysis of lipoid proteinosis: identification of a novel nonsense mutation in the ECM1 gene in a Pakistani family. Diagnostic Pathology, 2011, 6, 69. | 2.0 | 15 |
| 9 | Characterization of Y-Chromosomal Short Tandem Repeat Markers in Pakistani Populations. Genetic Testing and Molecular Biomarkers, 2011, 15, 165-172. | 0.7 | 2 |

