

Maciej Stolarski

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

67
papers

1,847
citations

331538

21
h-index

302012

39
g-index

67
all docs

67
docs citations

67
times ranked

1092
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Time perspective, emotional intelligence and discounting of delayed awards. <i>Time and Society</i> , 2011, 20, 346-363.	0.8	206
2	Comparing Three Methods to Measure a Balanced Time Perspective: The Relationship Between a Balanced Time Perspective and Subjective Well-Being. <i>Journal of Happiness Studies</i> , 2013, 14, 169-184.	1.9	198
3	How We Feel is a Matter of Time: Relationships Between Time Perspectives and Mood. <i>Journal of Happiness Studies</i> , 2014, 15, 809-827.	1.9	143
4	Mind the balance, be contented: Balanced time perspective mediates the relationship between mindfulness and life satisfaction. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2016, 93, 27-31.	1.6	77
5	You Only Live Once: Present-hedonistic time perspective predicts risk propensity. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2017, 115, 148-153.	1.6	70
6	Morning is tomorrow, evening is today: relationships between chronotype and time perspective. <i>Biological Rhythm Research</i> , 2013, 44, 181-196.	0.4	67
7	Deviation from the balanced time perspective: A systematic review of empirical relationships with psychological variables. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2020, 156, 109772.	1.6	66
8	Time Perspectives Predict Mood States and Satisfaction with Life over and above Personality. <i>Current Psychology</i> , 2016, 35, 516-526.	1.7	62
9	National intelligence and personality: Their relationships and impact on national economic success. <i>Intelligence</i> , 2013, 41, 94-101.	1.6	56
10	Time to be smart: Uncovering a complex interplay between intelligence and time perspectives. <i>Intelligence</i> , 2016, 58, 1-9.	1.6	48
11	Balanced and less traumatized: Balanced time perspective mediates the relationship between temperament and severity of PTSD syndrome in motor vehicle accident survivor sample. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2016, 101, 456-461.	1.6	46
12	Not restricted by their personality: Balanced Time Perspective moderates well-established relationships between personality traits and well-being. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2016, 100, 140-144.	1.6	40
13	An in-depth look into the association between morningnessâ€“eveningness and well-being: evidence for mediating and moderating effects of personality. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2019, 36, 96-109.	0.9	40
14	Assessing Temporal Harmony: The Issue of a Balanced Time Perspective. , 2015, , 57-71.		39
15	Putting Time in a Wider Perspective: The Past, the Present and the Future of Time Perspective Theory. , 0, , 592-625.		38
16	Fluid Intelligence as a Mediator of the Relationship between Executive Control and Balanced Time Perspective. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2016, 7, 1844.	1.1	37
17	TIE: An Ability Test of Emotional Intelligence. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e103484.	1.1	36
18	Emotional Intelligence and Mismatching Expressive and Verbal Messages: A Contribution to Detection of Deception. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e92570.	1.1	35

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	What Are the Optimal Levels of Time Perspectives? Deviation from the Balanced Time Perspective-Revisited (DBTP-r). <i>Psychologica Belgica</i> , 2020, 60, 164-183.	1.0	34
20	Morningness–eveningness and performance-based emotional intelligence. <i>Biological Rhythm Research</i> , 2015, 46, 417-423.	0.4	30
21	Personality and sport performance: The role of perfectionism, Big Five traits, and anticipated performance in predicting the results of distance running competitions. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2021, 169, 109993.	1.6	27
22	Aggressive? from Time to Time– Uncovering the Complex Associations between Time Perspectives and Aggression. <i>Current Psychology</i> , 2016, 35, 506-515.	1.7	26
23	Time for love: Partners– time perspectives predict relationship satisfaction in romantic heterosexual couples. <i>Time and Society</i> , 2016, 25, 552-574.	0.8	26
24	Wise –birds–follow their clock: The role of emotional intelligence and morningness–eveningness in diurnal regulation of mood. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2016, 33, 51-63.	0.9	24
25	Biased, Therefore Unhappy: Disentangling the Collectivism-Happiness Relationship Globally. <i>Journal of Cross-Cultural Psychology</i> , 2018, 49, 1227-1246.	1.0	19
26	Here and now: Sociosexuality mediates the associations between Dark Triad and Time Perspectives (in) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 T	1.6	18
27	Effects of chronotype and time of day on mood responses to CrossFit training. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2019, 36, 237-249.	0.9	18
28	Emotional Processes in Development and Dynamics of Individual Time Perspective. , 2015, , 269-286.		18
29	Similarity in Chronotype and Preferred Time for Sex and Its Role in Relationship Quality and Sexual Satisfaction. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2018, 9, 443.	1.1	17
30	Openness, economic freedom and democracy moderate the relationship between national intelligence and GDP. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2013, 55, 391-398.	1.6	16
31	Are all smart nations happier? Country aggregate IQ predicts happiness, but the relationship is moderated by individualism–collectivism. <i>Intelligence</i> , 2015, 50, 153-158.	1.6	16
32	The moderating role of personality traits in the relationship between chronotype and depressive symptoms. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2022, 39, 106-116.	0.9	16
33	The search for causality of personality-chronotype associations: insights from a one-year longitudinal study of adolescents. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2021, 38, 489-500.	0.9	14
34	A reanalysis of national intelligence and personality: The role of the general factor of personality. <i>Intelligence</i> , 2014, 47, 188-193.	1.6	13
35	Assortative Mating for Emotional Intelligence. <i>Current Psychology</i> , 2018, 37, 180-187.	1.7	13
36	Linking childhood adversities with schizophrenia: A mediating role of the balanced time perspective. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019, 209, 281-283.	1.1	13

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37	Seeking the origins of time perspectives â€“ Intelligence, temperament, or family environment? A one-year longitudinal study. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2021, 169, 110080.	1.6	12
38	Is conscientiousness positively or negatively related to intelligence? Insights from the national level. <i>Learning and Individual Differences</i> , 2015, 43, 199-203.	1.5	11
39	Rethinking the Relationships Between Time Perspectives and Well-Being: Four Hypothetical Models Conceptualizing the Dynamic Interplay Between Temporal Framing and Mechanisms Boosting Mental Well-Being. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2020, 11, 1033.	1.1	11
40	Balancing Oneâ€™s Own Time Perspective from Aerial View: Metacognitive Processes in Temporal Framing. , 2017, , 117-141.		11
41	Time to believe: Disentangling the complex associations between time perspective and religiosity. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2018, 134, 97-106.	1.6	10
42	Why do evening people consider themselves more intelligent than morning individuals? The role of big five, narcissism, and objective cognitive ability. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2019, 36, 1741-1751.	0.9	10
43	Introducing Temporal Theory to the Field of Sport Psychology: Toward a Conceptual Model of Time Perspectives in Athletesâ€™ Functioning. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2018, 9, 2772.	1.1	10
44	A Comparison of the Effects of 45â€­minute Aerobic Training and Cognitive Task Solving on Transient Mood States in a Female Student Sample. <i>Applied Psychology: Health and Well-Being</i> , 2019, 11, 499-521.	1.6	8
45	On the moderating role of chronotype on the association between IQ and conscientiousness: the compensation effect occurs only in Evening-types. <i>Biological Rhythm Research</i> , 2020, 51, 318-329.	0.4	8
46	Temperament moderates the association between chronotype and depressive symptoms: A Regulative Theory of Temperament approach. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2022, 185, 111304.	1.6	8
47	A re-examination of the 2x2 model of perfectionism, burnout, and engagement in sports. <i>Psychology of Sport and Exercise</i> , 2022, 61, 102190.	1.1	8
48	Confirmation of the five-factor structure of the Parent Global Report version of the Alabama Parenting Questionnaire in a Polish community sample. <i>Current Psychology</i> , 2023, 42, 15945-15957.	1.7	7
49	Testing the role of midpoint sleep and social jetlag in the context of work psychology: an exploratory study. <i>Biological Rhythm Research</i> , 2020, 51, 1026-1043.	0.4	7
50	The mediating role of perceived social support in the relationship between morningnessâ€­eveningness and subjective well-being. <i>Journal of Sleep Research</i> , 2022, 31, e13520.	1.7	7
51	Time for work: Analyzing the role of time perspectives in work attitudes and behaviors. <i>Current Psychology</i> , 2021, 40, 5972-5983.	1.7	6
52	Time Perspective Theory: The Introduction. , 2015, , 1-13.		6
53	Vigorous, dedicated, and absorbed: Factor structure, reliability, and validity of the polish version of the sport engagement scale. <i>Current Psychology</i> , 2022, 41, 911-923.	1.7	6
54	I love the way you love me: Responding to partnerâ€™s love language preferences boosts satisfaction in romantic heterosexual couples. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0269429.	1.1	5

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55	Polish Version of the Managing the Emotions of Others Scale (MEOS). <i>Psychological Reports</i> , 2016, 118, 532-543.	0.9	4
56	Chronotype and time metaphors: morning-types conceive time as more friendly and less hostile. <i>Biological Rhythm Research</i> , 2018, 49, 431-441.	0.4	4
57	Linking morningness with healthy eating behaviors: the mediating role of time perspectives. <i>Biological Rhythm Research</i> , 2021, 52, 1618-1630.	0.4	4
58	Perfectionism Moderates the Effects of Goal-Realization on Post-Competition Mood in Amateur Runners. <i>Journal of Sports Science and Medicine</i> , 2022, 21, 1-12.	0.7	4
59	Moral foundations in chronotypes: morningness predicts conservative morality. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2021, 38, 1143-1150.	0.9	3
60	Perfectionism, athlete burnout, and engagement: A five-month longitudinal test of the 2 nd model of perfectionism. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2022, 195, 111698.	1.6	3
61	The moderating role of dispositional mindfulness in the associations of morningness-eveningness with depressive and anxiety symptoms. <i>Journal of Sleep Research</i> , 2023, 32, .	1.7	3
62	Social support mediates the effect of morningness on changes in subjective well-being over 6 months. <i>Journal of Sleep Research</i> , 0, , .	1.7	3
63	Do time perspectives predict school performance beyond intelligence and personality?. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2021, 172, 110594.	1.6	2
64	Do time perspectives moderate the effects of gratitude, savoring and prioritizing positivity on well-being? A test of the temporal match-mismatch model. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2022, 189, 111501.	1.6	2
65	Seeking Causality in the Links between Time Perspectives and Gratitude, Savoring the Moment and Prioritizing Positivity: Initial Empirical Test of Three Conceptual Models. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 4776.	1.2	1
66	The moderating role of personality traits in the associations between seasonal fluctuations in chronotype and depressive symptoms. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2022, , 1-9.	0.9	1
67	Inteligentny sport: o zwiĄzkach inteligencji z aktywnoŚciĄ... fizycznĄ... i poziomem wykonania sportowego. , 2021, , 233-257.		0