## Robert Gyurko

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Accelerated Atherosclerosis, Aortic Aneurysm Formation, and Ischemic Heart Disease in Apolipoprotein E/Endothelial Nitric Oxide Synthase Double-Knockout Mice. Circulation, 2001, 104, 448-454.	1.6	575
2	In Vivo Imaging of Proteolytic Activity in Atherosclerosis. Circulation, 2002, 105, 2766-2771.	1.6	346
3	Antisense inhibition of AT1 receptor mRNA and angiotensinogen mRNA in the brain of spontaneously hypertensive rats reduces hypertension of neurogenic origin. Regulatory Peptides, 1993, 49, 167-174.	1.9	208
4	Modulation of mouse cardiac function in vivo by eNOS and ANP. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2000, 278, H971-H981.	1.5	140
5	Hypertension Does Not Account for the Accelerated Atherosclerosis and Development of Aneurysms in Male Apolipoprotein E/Endothelial Nitric Oxide Synthase Double Knockout Mice. Circulation, 2001, 104, 2391-2394.	1.6	138
6	Resolvin E1 and Chemokine-like Receptor 1 Mediate Bone Preservation. Journal of Immunology, 2013, 190, 689-694.	0.4	115
7	Chronic Hyperglycemia Predisposes to Exaggerated Inflammatory Response and Leukocyte Dysfunction in Akita Mice. Journal of Immunology, 2006, 177, 7250-7256.	0.4	113
8	Antisense inhibition of hypertension: A new strategy for renin-angiotensin candidate genes. Kidney International, 1994, 46, 1554-1556.	2.6	76
9	iNOSâ€Derived Nitric Oxide Stimulates Osteoclast Activity and Alveolar Bone Loss in Ligatureâ€Induced Periodontitis in Rats. Journal of Periodontology, 2011, 82, 1608-1615.	1.7	71
10	Antisense Inhibition of Hypertension in the Spontaneously Hypertensive Rat. Hypertension, 1995, 25, 314-319.	1.3	71
11	Antisense oligonucleotide to AT1 receptor mRNA inhibits central angiotensin induced thirst and vasopressin. Regulatory Peptides, 1994, 54, 543-551.	1.9	62
12	A decrease in angiotensin receptor binding in rat brain nuclei by antisense oligonucleotides to the angiotensin AT1 receptor. Regulatory Peptides, 1995, 59, 171-182.	1.9	61
13	Resolvin E1 regulates osteoclast fusion <i>via</i> DC TAMP and NFATc1. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 3344-3353.	0.2	47
14	Mice Lacking Inducible Nitric Oxide Synthase Demonstrate Impaired Killing of Porphyromonas gingivalis. Infection and Immunity, 2003, 71, 4917-4924.	1.0	46
15	Deletion of Exon 6 of the Neuronal Nitric Oxide Synthase Gene in Mice Results in Hypogonadism and Infertility. Endocrinology, 2002, 143, 2767-2774.	1.4	40
16	Angiotensin II receptor subtypes play opposite roles in regulating phosphatidylinositol hydrolysis in rat skin slices. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 1992, 186, 285-292.	1.0	38
17	Local and cardiorenal effects of periodontitis in nitric oxide-deficient hypertensive rats. Archives of Oral Biology, 2011, 56, 41-47.	0.8	25
18	In vivo applications of antisense oligonucleotides for peptide research. Regulatory Peptides, 1995, 59, 131-141.	1.9	24

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19	UNTREATED TYPE 1 DIABETES INCREASES SEPSIS-INDUCED MORTALITY WITHOUT INDUCING A PRELETHAL CYTOKINE RESPONSE. Shock, 2010, 34, 369-376.	1.0	24
20	The Role of Polyunsaturated ï‰-3 Fatty Acid Eicosapentaenoic Acid-Derived Resolvin E1 (RvE1) in Bone Preservation. Critical Reviews in Immunology, 2014, 34, 347-357.	1.0	23
21	Angiotensin Receptor Stimulation of Transforming Growth Factor-β in Rat Skin and Wound Healing. , 1994, , 377-396.		11
22	Lack of p47phox in Akita Diabetic Mice Is Associated with Interstitial Pneumonia, Fibrosis, and Oral Inflammation. American Journal of Pathology, 2016, 186, 659-670.	1.9	6
23	Antisense Oligonucleotides for in Vivo Studies of Angiotensin Receptors. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 1996, 396, 79-92.	0.8	3