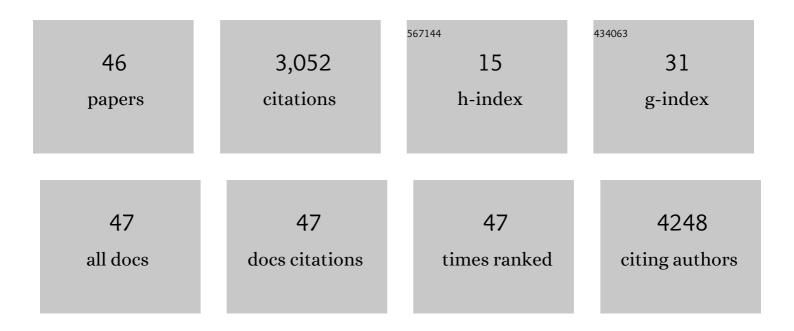
Nanna M Sijtsema

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Skip-SCSE Multi-scale Attention and Co-learning Method for Oropharyngeal Tumor Segmentation on Multi-modal PET-CT Images. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, 2022, , 109-120. | 1.0 | 5 |
| 2 | A comprehensive motion analysis – consequences for high precision image-guided radiotherapy of esophageal cancer patients. Acta Oncológica, 2021, 60, 277-284. | 0.8 | 4 |
| 3 | Head and neck IMPT probabilistic dose accumulation: Feasibility of a 2Âmm setup uncertainty setting. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 154, 45-52. | 0.3 | 18 |
| 4 | External validation of nodal failure prediction models including radiomics in head and neck cancer. Oral Oncology, 2021, 112, 105083. | 0.8 | 17 |
| 5 | Inter-fraction motion robustness and organ sparing potential of proton therapy for cervical cancer. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 154, 194-200. | 0.3 | 19 |
| 6 | Towards the clinical implementation of intensity-modulated proton therapy for thoracic indications with moderate motion: Robust optimised plan evaluation by means of patient and machine specific information. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 157, 210-218. | 0.3 | 23 |
| 7 | Validation of separate multi-atlases for auto segmentation of cardiac substructures in CT-scans acquired in deep inspiration breath hold and free breathing. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 163, 46-54. | 0.3 | 5 |
| 8 | Assessment of a diaphragm override strategy for robustly optimized proton therapy planning for esophageal cancer patients. Medical Physics, 2021, 48, 5674-5683. | 1.6 | 4 |
| 9 | OC-0647 Improved robustness in oesophageal cancer treatment by diaphragm based position verification. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 161, S515-S516. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 10 | PH-0103 Outcome prediction for the prognosis of head and neck cancer patients based on deep learning. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 161, S71-S72. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 11 | PO-1686 A novel semi auto-segmentation method for head and neck adaptive radiotherapy. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 161, S1412-S1414. | 0.3 | Ο |
| 12 | PH-0490 Deep learning predicts survival for early stage NSCLC patients treated with SBRT. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 161, S375-S376. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 13 | A novel semi auto-segmentation method for accurate dose and NTCP evaluation in adaptive head and neck radiotherapy. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2021, 164, 167-174. | 0.3 | 11 |
| 14 | Weekly robustness evaluation of intensity-modulated proton therapy for oesophageal cancer. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 151, 66-72. | 0.3 | 9 |
| 15 | Can we safely reduce the radiation dose to the heart while compromising the dose to the lungs in oesophageal cancer patients?. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 149, 222-227. | 0.3 | 14 |
| 16 | Investigation of interâ€fraction target motion variations in the context of pencil beam scanned proton therapy in nonâ€small cell lung cancer patients. Medical Physics, 2020, 47, 3835-3844. | 1.6 | 16 |
| 17 | The Image Biomarker Standardization Initiative: Standardized Quantitative Radiomics for High-Throughput Image-based Phenotyping. Radiology, 2020, 295, 328-338. | 3.6 | 1,869 |
| 18 | Pre-treatment radiomic features predict individual lymph node failure for head and neck cancer patients. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 146, 58-65. | 0.3 | 23 |

NANNA M SIJTSEMA

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | PO-1764: Prognostic outcome prediction for head and neck cancer patients using convolutional neural networks. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 152, S982. | 0.3 | Ο |
| 20 | PO-1900: Is the 4D planning CT representative for breathing motion of esophageal tumors during treatment?. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 152, S1060. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 21 | PD-0542: External validation of individual nodal failure prediction models including radiomics in HNC. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 152, S301. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 22 | OC-0527 Evaluation of AlignRT for deep inspiration breath hold positioning and intrafraction monitoring. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2019, 133, S277-S278. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 23 | PO-0961 MR-Δimage biomarkers to identify partial HNC responders that advance to complete responders. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2019, 133, S521-S522. | 0.3 | Ο |
| 24 | Organ sparing potential and inter-fraction robustness of adaptive intensity modulated proton therapy for lung cancer. Acta Oncológica, 2019, 58, 1775-1782. | 0.8 | 11 |
| 25 | Development and evaluation of an auto-segmentation tool for the left anterior descending coronary artery of breast cancer patients based on anatomical landmarks. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2019, 136, 15-20. | 0.3 | 13 |
| 26 | 18F-FDG PET image biomarkers improve prediction of late radiation-induced xerostomia. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2018, 126, 89-95. | 0.3 | 55 |
| 27 | PV-0103: Can we safely reduce the radiation dose to the heart in esophageal cancer patients?. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2018, 127, S55-S56. | 0.3 | Ο |
| 28 | PV-0426: Prognostic value of CT based image biomarkers for treatment outcome in head and neck cancer patients. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2018, 127, S223-S224. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 29 | PO-0938: Evaluation of a 3D surface imaging system for patient positioning and intra-fraction monitoring. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2018, 127, S509. | 0.3 | Ο |
| 30 | Parotid gland fat related Magnetic Resonance image biomarkers improve prediction of late radiation-induced xerostomia. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2018, 128, 459-466. | 0.3 | 69 |
| 31 | Reply letter to "Texture analysis of parotid gland as a predictive factor of radiation induced xerostomia: A subset analysis― Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2017, 122, 322. | 0.3 | 2 |
| 32 | PO-0700: Significant heart dose reduction by deep inspiration breath hold for RT of esophageal cancer. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2017, 123, S366-S367. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 33 | Improving the prediction of overall survival for head and neck cancer patients using image biomarkers in combination with clinical parameters. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2017, 124, 256-262. | 0.3 | 45 |
| 34 | CT image biomarkers to improve patient-specific prediction of radiation-induced xerostomia and sticky saliva. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2017, 122, 185-191. | 0.3 | 95 |
| 35 | Selection of head and neck cancer patients for adaptive radiotherapy to decrease xerostomia. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2016, 120, 36-40. | 0.3 | 39 |
| 36 | OC-0067: An automated patient-specific and quantitative approachfor deformable image registration evaluation. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2016, 119, S29-S30. | 0.3 | 0 |

NANNA M SIJTSEMA

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Prognostic Image Biomarkers for Nasopharyngeal Cancer Patients Treated With (Chemo)Radiation. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2016, 96, E372. | 0.4 | 0 |
| 38 | PV-0477: Early CT image biomarkers change and xerostomia score are strong predictors for late xerostomia. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2016, 119, S227-S228. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 39 | Identifying patients who may benefit from adaptive radiotherapy: Does the literature on anatomic and dosimetric changes in head and neck organs at risk during radiotherapy provide information to help?. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2015, 115, 285-294. | 0.3 | 136 |
| 40 | OC-0259: Validation of a multi-atlas based auto-segmentation of the heart in breast cancer patients. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2015, 115, S132-S133. | 0.3 | 10 |
| 41 | CT-based delineation of organs at risk in the head and neck region: DAHANCA, EORTC, GORTEC, HKNPCSG, NCIC CTG, NCRI, NRG Oncology and TROG consensus guidelines. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2015, 117, 83-90. | 0.3 | 425 |
| 42 | Differences in delineation guidelines for head and neck cancer result in inconsistent reported dose and corresponding NTCP. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2014, 111, 148-152. | 0.3 | 25 |
| 43 | External beam radiotherapy combined with intraluminal brachytherapy in esophageal carcinoma. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2012, 102, 303-308. | 0.3 | 32 |
| 44 | Electronic portal images (EPIs) based position verification for the breast simultaneous integrated boost (SIB) technique. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2012, 102, 108-114. | 0.3 | 10 |
| 45 | Systematic review of the role of a belly board device in radiotherapy delivery in patients with pelvic malignancies. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2012, 102, 325-334. | 0.3 | 43 |
| 46 | Patient position verification with oblique radiation beams. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2007, 85, 126-131. | 0.3 | 3 |