## **Aminur Rahman**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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759055 610775 33 627 12 24 h-index citations g-index papers 38 38 38 851 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Indications and determinants of caesarean section delivery: Evidence from a population-based study in Matlab, Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0188074.	1.1	88
2	Work, gender roles, and health: neglected mental health issues among female workers in the ready-made garment industry in Bangladesh. International Journal of Women's Health, 2017, Volume 9, 571-579.	1.1	77
3	Trends and Inequities in Use of Maternal Health Care Services in Bangladesh, 1991-2011. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0120309.	1.1	64
4	Trends, determinants and inequities of 4+ ANC utilisation in Bangladesh. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2017, 36, 2.	0.7	60
5	Trends and inequities in use of maternal health care services in Indonesia, 1986−2012. International Journal of Women's Health, 2018, Volume 10, 11-24.	1.1	42
6	Effectiveness of an integrated approach to reduce perinatal mortality: recent experiences from Matlab, Bangladesh. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 914.	1.2	41
7	Home-based life saving skills in Matlab, Bangladesh: a process evaluation of a community-based maternal child health programme. Midwifery, 2011, 27, 15-22.	1.0	34
8	â€~Working to stay healthy',Âhealth-seeking behaviour in Bangladesh's urban slums: a qualitative study. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 600.	1.2	27
9	Monitoring caesarean births using the Robson ten group classification system: A cross-sectional survey of private for-profit facilities in urban Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0220693.	1.1	19
10	Use of indices to measure socio-economic status (SES) in South-Asian urban health studies: a scoping review. Systematic Reviews, 2018, 7, 196.	2.5	17
11	A qualitative study to explore the attitudes of women and obstetricians towards caesarean delivery in rural Bangladesh. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2018, 18, 368.	0.9	16
12	Primary healthcare policy and governance in low-income and middle-income countries: an evidence gap map. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001453.	2.0	16
13	Determinants of percent expenditure of household income due to childhood diarrhoea in rural Bangladesh. Epidemiology and Infection, 2015, 143, 2700-2706.	1.0	12
14	Barriers to Timely and Safe Blood Transfusion for PPH Patients: Evidence from a Qualitative Study in Dhaka, Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0167399.	1.1	12
15	Perceptions and practices related to birthweight in rural Bangladesh: Implications for neonatal health programs in low- and middle-income settings. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0221691.	1.1	11
16	Mental health condition of physicians working frontline with COVID-19 patients in Bangladesh. BMC Psychiatry, 2021, 21, 615.	1.1	11
17	Changing patient population in <scp>D</scp> haka <scp>H</scp> ospital and <scp>M</scp> atlab <scp>H</scp> ospital of icddr,b. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2014, 19, 240-243.	1.0	10
18	Nonpharmacological interventions for the prevention of hypertension in low- and middle-income countries: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2019, 33, 786-794.	1.0	10

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Diagnostic Accuracy of Detecting Diabetic Retinopathy by Using Digital Fundus Photographs in the Peripheral Health Facilities of Bangladesh: Validation Study. JMIR Public Health and Surveillance, 2021, 7, e23538.	1.2	10
20	Feasibility and effectiveness of electronic vs. paper partograph on improving birth outcomes: A prospective crossover study design. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0222314.	1.1	9
21	Challenges and facilitators of implementation of an information communication and technology (ICT)-based human resources management tool in the government health sector in Bangladesh: protocol for an exploratory qualitative research study. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e043939.	0.8	6
22	Equity and determinants of routine child immunisation programme among tribal and non-tribal populations in rural Tangail subdistrict, Bangladesh: a cohort study. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e022634.	0.8	5
23	Trends and Determinants of EBF among Adolescent Children Born to Adolescent Mothers in Rural Bangladesh. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 9315.	1.2	5
24	Impact of the COVID-19 lockdown on intimate partner violence: Issues of non-reporting in Bangladesh. Women's Health, 2022, 18, 174550572210878.	0.7	5
25	Non-pharmacological interventions for the prevention of hypertension in low-income and middle-income countries: protocol for a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e020724.	0.8	4
26	Modifiable socio-cultural beliefs and practices influencing early and adequate utilisation of antenatal care in rural Bangladesh: A qualitative study. Midwifery, 2021, 93, 102881.	1.0	4
27	Toxoplasma gondii Infection Is Associated with Low Birth Weight: Findings from an Observational Study among Rural Bangladeshi Women. Pathogens, 2022, 11, 336.	1.2	4
28	Can mHealth improve access to safe blood for transfusion during obstetric emergency?. International Journal of Women's Health, 2017, Volume 9, 235-243.	1.1	3
29	Inflammatory back pain and associated disease conditions among patients with chronic low back pain in Bangladesh. International Journal of Rheumatic Diseases, 2018, 21, 937-942.	0.9	1
30	Comparing trends of perinatal mortality in two rural areas of Matlab, Bangladesh. Journal of Health Research, 2020, 35, 39-50.	0.4	1
31	Association of Television Watching Practices of Mothers on Overweight and Obesity of Their Under-5 Offspring in Urban Bangladesh. Food and Nutrition Sciences (Print), 2014, 05, 1811-1817.	0.2	1
32	Diarrhoea and smoking: an analysis of decades of observational data from Bangladesh. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 646.	1,2	0
33	Can programmatic inputs improve adolescent mothers' access to maternal care in rural Bangladesh? Nine years of evidence from a cohort study. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2022, 41, 12.	0.7	O