List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Speleothem record of the last 180Âka in Villars cave (SW France): Investigation of a large δ18O shift between MIS6 and MIS5. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2011, 30, 130-146.	3.0	99
2	Hypogenic origin, geologic controls and functional organization of a giant cave system in Precambrian carbonates, Brazil. Geomorphology, 2016, 253, 385-405.	2.6	68
3	Hydrogen and oxygen isotopes of water from inclusions in minerals: design of a new crushing system and onâ€line continuousâ€flow isotope ratio mass spectrometric analysis. Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry, 2009, 23, 2605-2613.	1.5	58
4	Glacial–interglacial temperature change in the tropical West Pacific: AÂcomparison of stalagmite-based paleo-thermometers. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2015, 127, 90-116.	3.0	50
5	Speleogenetic history of the Hungarian hydrothermal karst. Environmental Geology, 1995, 25, 24-35.	1.2	49
6	Devils Hole paleotemperatures and implications for oxygen isotope equilibrium fractionation. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 2014, 400, 251-260.	4.4	45
7	Reconciliation of the Devils Hole climate record with orbital forcing. Science, 2016, 351, 165-168.	12.6	44
8	First investigations of an ice core from Eisriesenwelt cave (Austria). Cryosphere, 2011, 5, 81-93.	3.9	39
9	Continental carbonate facies of a Neoproterozoic panglaciation, northâ€east Svalbard. Sedimentology, 2016, 63, 443-497.	3.1	37
10	Textural, Elemental, and Isotopic Characteristics of Pleistocene Phreatic Cave Deposits (Jabal Madar,) Tj ETQq0 0	0 rgBT /O 1.6	verlgck 10 Tf
11	Clumped isotope thermometry of cryogenic cave carbonates. Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta, 2014, 126, 541-554.	3.9	31
12	NUCLEAR WASTE: Yucca Mountain. Science, 2002, 296, 659-660.	12.6	28
13	Traces of epigenetic hydrothermal activity at Yucca Mountain, Nevada: preliminary data on the fluid inclusion and stable isotope evidence. Chemical Geology, 2001, 173, 125-149.	3.3	25
14	Evidence of thermophilisation and elevation-dependent warming during the Last Interglacial in the	3.3	25

14	Italian Alps. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 2680.	0.0	25
15	Stable isotopic composition of atmospheric precipitation on the Crimean Peninsula and its controlling factors. Journal of Hydrology, 2018, 565, 61-73.	5.4	25
16	Geochemical and Isotopic Properties of Fluids from Gold-Bearing and Barren Quartz Veins of the Sovetskoye Gold Deposit (Siberia, Russia). Economic Geology, 2010, 105, 375-394.	3.8	24
17	Data on the 14C date obtained from the charcoal figure "Black fox―in Shulgan-Tash (Kapova) cave, Southern Ural, Russia. Data in Brief, 2018, 21, 1101-1105.	1.0	24
18	Hypogenic speleogenesis in quartzite: The case of Corona 'e Sa Craba Cave (SW Sardinia, Italy). Geomorphology, 2014, 211, 77-88.	2.6	21

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19	Identifying low-temperature hydrothermal karst and palaeowaters using stable isotopes: a case study from an alpine cave, Entrische Kirche, Austria. International Journal of Earth Sciences, 2009, 98, 665-676.	1.8	19
20	Enhanced Mediterranean water cycle explains increased humidity during MISÂ3 in North Africa. Climate of the Past, 2019, 15, 1757-1769.	3.4	19
21	Moisture availability in the southwest United States over the last three glacial-interglacial cycles. Science Advances, 2018, 4, eaau1375.	10.3	18
22	Overview of calcite/opal deposits at or near the proposed high-level nuclear waste site, Yucca Mountain, Nevada, USA: Pedogenic, hypogene, or both?. Environmental Geology, 1995, 26, 69-88.	1.2	17
23	Late Palaeolithic cave art and permafrost in the Southern Ural. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 12080.	3.3	16
24	Isotope wallrock alteration associated with hypogene karst of the Crimean Piedmont, Ukraine. Chemical Geology, 2014, 377, 31-44.	3.3	14
25	Cryogenic Mineral Formation in Caves. , 2018, , 123-162.		14
26	Condensation-corrosion speleogenesis above a carbonate-saturated aquifer: Devils Hole Ridge, Nevada. Geomorphology, 2015, 229, 17-29.	2.6	11
27	"Overview of calcite/opal deposits at or near the proposed high-level nuclear waste site, Yucca Mountain, Nevada, USA: pedogenic, hypogene, or both" by C.A. Hill, Y.V. Dublyansky, R.S. Harmon, C.M. Schluter. Environmental Geology, 1998, 34, 70-78.	1.2	10
28	Comment on: "Origin, timing, and temperature of secondary calcite-silica mineral formation at Yucca Mountain, Nevada―by N. S. F. Wilson, J. S. Cline, and Y. V. Amelin. Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta, 2005, 69, 4387-4390.	3.9	9
29	Evidence for a hypogene paleohydrogeological event at the prospective nuclear waste disposal site Yucca Mountain, Nevada, USA, revealed by the isotope composition of fluid-inclusion water. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 2010, 289, 583-594.	4.4	9
30	Search for the causeâ€effect relationship between Miocene silicic volcanism and hydrothermal activity in the unsaturated zone of Yucca Mountain, Nevada: Numerical modeling approach. Journal of Geophysical Research, 2007, 112, .	3.3	8
31	Paleohydrology of southwest Nevada (USA) based on groundwater 234U/238U over the past 475 k.y Bulletin of the Geological Society of America, 2020, 132, 793-802.	3.3	8
32	Hypogene speleogenesis in dolomite host rock by CO2-rich fluids, Kozak Cave (southern Austria). Geomorphology, 2016, 255, 39-48.	2.6	7
33	Highâ€resolution isotopic monitoring of cave air CO ₂ . Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry, 2017, 31, 895-900.	1.5	7
34	Groundwater of the Crimean peninsula: a first systematic study using stable isotopes. Isotopes in Environmental and Health Studies, 2019, 55, 419-437.	1.0	7
35	Stable isotope imprint of hypogene speleogenesis: Lessons from Austrian caves. Chemical Geology, 2021, 572, 120209.	3.3	7
36	Response to Stuckless and others (1998) on "Overview of calcite/opal deposits at or near the proposed high-level nuclear waste site, Yucca Mountain, Nevada, USA: Pedogenic, hypogene, or both?". Environmental Geology, 1999, 38, 77-81.	1.2	6

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37	Identification of the deep-seated component in paleo fluidscirculated through a potential nuclear waste disposal site: Yucca Mountain, Nevada, USA. Journal of Geochemical Exploration, 2003, 78-79, 39-43.	3.2	6
38	Comment on: "Physical and stable-isotope evidence for formation of secondary calcite and silica in the unsaturated zone, Yucca Mountain, Nevada―by J.F. Whelan, J.B. Paces and Z.E. Peterman. Applied Geochemistry, 2004, 19, 1865-1877.	3.0	6
39	Sulfuric acid speleogenesis in the North Caucasus: Sharo-Argun valley Caves (Chechen Republic,) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7	84314 rgB 2.6	T /Overlock
40	Hypogene speleogenesis and paragenesis in the Dolomites. Geomorphology, 2021, 382, 107667.	2.6	6
41	Commentary: Assessment of past infiltration fluxes through Yucca Mountain on the basis of the secondary mineral record—is it a viable methodology?. Journal of Contaminant Hydrology, 2005, 77, 209-217.	3.3	4
42	Hydrothermal Caves. , 2012, , 391-397.		4
43	Cavity-based secondary mineralization in volcanic tuffs of Yucca Mountain, Nevada: a new type of the polymineral vadose speleothem, or a hydrothermal deposit?. International Journal of Speleology, 2005, 34, 25-44.	1.0	4
44	Analysis of the Treatment, by the U.S. Department of Energy, of the FEP Hydrothermal Activity in the Yucca Mountain Performance Assessment. Risk Analysis, 2007, 27, 1455-1468.	2.7	3
45	Hypogene Karst in Austria. Cave and Karst Systems of the World, 2017, , 113-126.	0.1	3
46	Spatial and Temporal Planetary Boundary Layer Moistureâ€Source Variability of Crimean Peninsula Precipitation. Earth and Space Science, 2021, 8, e2021EA001727.	2.6	3
47	Hypogene Speleogenesis in the Crimean Piedmont, the Crimea Peninsula. Cave and Karst Systems of the World, 2017, , 407-430.	0.1	2
48	Hypogene Karst in the Tyuya-Muyun and the Kara-Tash Massifs (Kyrgyzstan). Cave and Karst Systems of the World, 2017, , 495-507.	0.1	2
49	Isotope compositions of C and O of magmatic calcites from the Udachnaya–East pipe kimberlite, Yakutia. Doklady Earth Sciences, 2017, 475, 828-831.	0.7	2
50	²³⁰ Th dating of flowstone from Ignatievskaya Cave, Russia: Age constraints of rock art and paleoclimate inferences. Geoarchaeology - an International Journal, 2021, 36, 532-545.	1.5	2
51	Novel method for determining ²³⁴ U– ²³⁸ U ages of Devils Hole 2 cave calcite (Nevada). Geochronology, 2021, 3, 49-58.	2.5	2
52	Age of the Upper Paleolithic sites in Kapova and Ignatievskaya caves (Southern Ural): revision and interpretations of the radiocarbon dates. Vestnik Archeologii, Antropologii I Etnografii, 2020, , 5-16.	0.3	2
53	Isotopic Composition of Atmospheric Precipitation in the Cis-Ural Region. Journal of Earth Science (Wuhan, China), 2022, 33, 831-838.	3.2	2
54	Transformation of fractal atmospheric aerosol moving through natural cave. Journal of Aerosol Science, 1996, 27, S127-S128.	3.8	1

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55	Design of two crushing devices for release of the fluid inclusion volatiles. Open Geosciences, 2012, 4, 219-224.	1.7	1
56	Response to Comments on "Reconciliation of the Devils Hole climate record with orbital forcing― Science, 2016, 354, 296-296.	12.6	1
57	Condensation Corrosion Speleogenesis in the Amargosa Desert and the Tecopa Basin. Cave and Karst Systems of the World, 2017, , 565-573.	0.1	1
58	Measurement of oxygen and hydrogen isotopic ratios of speleothem fluid inclusion water using Picarro. Chinese Science Bulletin, 2020, 65, 3626-3634.	0.7	1
59	Combined use of conventional and clumped carbonate stable isotopes to identify hydrothermal isotopic alteration in cave walls. Scientific Reports, 2022, 12, .	3.3	1
60	Evaluation of the US DOE's conceptual model of hydrothermal activity at Yucca Mountain, Nevada. Geoscientific Model Development, 2014, 7, 1583-1607.	3.6	0
61	Needle-fiber calcite in Kapova Cave (the Southern Urals, Russia): Influence on Upper Paleolithic wall paintings and genesis problems. , 2014, , 265-274.		0
62	Characteristics of secondary deposits in the Starateley cave (Sverdlovsk Region). Zapiski Rossiiskogo Mineralogicheskogo Obshchestva, 2019, 148, 76-83.	0.1	0