

Simon Claridge Llb, Mbbs

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7865868/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

47
papers

722
citations

471509
17
h-index

580821
25
g-index

49
all docs

49
docs citations

49
times ranked

1049
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Optimized Left Ventricular Endocardial Stimulation Is Superior to Optimized Epicardial Stimulation in Ischemic Patients With Poor Response to Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. <i>JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2016, 2, 799-809.	3.2	48
2	Comprehensive use of cardiac computed tomography to guide left ventricular lead placement in cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2017, 14, 1364-1372.	0.7	48
3	Beneficial Effect on Cardiac Resynchronization From Left Ventricular Endocardial Pacing Is Mediated by Early Access to High Conduction Velocity Tissue. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2015, 8, 1164-1172.	4.8	47
4	Mechanistic insights into the benefits of multisite pacing in cardiac resynchronization therapy: The importance of electrical substrate and rate of left ventricular activation. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2015, 12, 2449-2457.	0.7	43
5	Focal But Not Diffuse Myocardial Fibrosis Burden Quantification Using Cardiac Magnetic Resonance Imaging Predicts Left Ventricular Reverse Modeling Following Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2016, 27, 203-209.	1.7	39
6	Real-Time X-MRI-Guided Left Ventricular Lead Implantation for Targeted Delivery of Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. <i>JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2017, 3, 803-814.	3.2	37
7	A U-shaped type II contraction pattern in patients with strict left bundle branch block predicts super-response to cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2014, 11, 1790-1797.	0.7	35
8	Comparison of delayed transvenous reimplantation and immediate surgical epicardial approach in pacing-dependent patients undergoing extraction of infected permanent pacemakers. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2015, 12, 1209-1215.	0.7	29
9	Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of Quadripolar Versus Bipolar Left Ventricular Leads for Cardiac Resynchronization Defibrillator Therapy in a Large, Multicenter UK Registry. <i>JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2017, 3, 107-116.	3.2	28
10	Relationship between vectorcardiographic QRS area, myocardial scar quantification, and response to cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Journal of Electrocardiology</i> , 2018, 51, 457-463.	0.9	28
11	Biophysical Modeling to Determine the Optimization of Left Ventricular Pacing Site and AV/VV Delays in the Acute and Chronic Phase of Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2017, 28, 208-215.	1.7	25
12	Mean entropy predicts implantable cardioverter-defibrillator therapy using cardiac magnetic resonance texture analysis of scar heterogeneity. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2019, 16, 1242-1250.	0.7	24
13	Beat-to-Beat Variability of Ventricular Action Potential Duration Oscillates at Low Frequency During Sympathetic Provocation in Humans. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2018, 9, 147.	2.8	22
14	Guidance for Optimal Site Selection of a Leadless Left Ventricular Endocardial Electrode Improves Acute Hemodynamic Response and Chronic Remodeling. <i>JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2018, 4, 860-868.	3.2	19
15	Limitations of chronic delivery of multi-vein left ventricular stimulation for cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiac Electrophysiology</i> , 2015, 42, 135-142.	1.3	18
16	Is heart failure with mid range ejection fraction (HFmrEF) a distinct clinical entity or an overlap group?. <i>IJC Heart and Vasculature</i> , 2018, 21, 1-6.	1.1	18
17	Plasmapheresis as rescue therapy for systemic lupus erythematosus-associated diffuse alveolar haemorrhage. <i>BMJ Case Reports</i> , 2011, 2011, bcr0220113893-bcr0220113893.	0.5	17
18	Substrate-dependent risk stratification for implantable cardioverter defibrillator therapies using cardiac magnetic resonance imaging: The importance of T1 mapping in nonischemic patients. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2017, 28, 785-795.	1.7	17

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Updates in Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy for Chronic Heart Failure: Review of Multisite Pacing. <i>Current Heart Failure Reports</i> , 2017, 14, 376-383.	3.3	15
20	Current concepts relating coronary flow, myocardial perfusion and metabolism in left bundle branch block and cardiac resynchronisation therapy. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 181, 65-72.	1.7	14
21	Usefulness of Cardiac Magnetic Resonance Imaging to Measure Left Ventricular Wall Thickness for Determining Risk Scores for Sudden Cardiac Death in Patients With Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 119, 1450-1455.	1.6	14
22	The role of multi modality imaging in selecting patients and guiding lead placement for the delivery of cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Expert Review of Cardiovascular Therapy</i> , 2017, 15, 93-107.	1.5	13
23	Optimal site selection and image fusion guidance technology to facilitate cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Expert Review of Medical Devices</i> , 2018, 15, 555-570.	2.8	13
24	Improvement of Right Ventricular Hemodynamics with Left Ventricular Endocardial Pacing during Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2016, 39, 531-541.	1.2	11
25	Left ventricular activation-recovery interval variability predicts spontaneous ventricular tachyarrhythmia in patients with heart failure. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2019, 16, 702-709.	0.7	11
26	Effects of Epicardial and Endocardial Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy on Coronary Flow: Insights From Wave Intensity Analysis. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2015, 4, .	3.7	9
27	Multisite Pacing for Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy: Promise and Pitfalls. <i>Current Cardiology Reports</i> , 2016, 18, 64.	2.9	8
28	Myocardial strain computed at multiple spatial scales from tagged magnetic resonance imaging: Estimating cardiac biomarkers for CRT patients. <i>Medical Image Analysis</i> , 2018, 43, 169-185.	11.6	7
29	Comparison of Echocardiographic and Electrocardiographic Mapping for Cardiac Resynchronisation Therapy Optimisation. <i>Cardiology Research and Practice</i> , 2019, 2019, 1-9.	1.1	7
30	Coupling of ventricular action potential duration and local strain patterns during reverse remodeling in responders and nonresponders to cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2016, 13, 1898-1904.	0.7	6
31	Electrical latency predicts the optimal left ventricular endocardial pacing site: results from a multicentre international registry. <i>Europace</i> , 2018, 20, 1989-1996.	1.7	6
32	Changes in contractility determine coronary haemodynamics in dyssynchronous left ventricular heart failure, not vice versa. <i>IJC Heart and Vasculature</i> , 2018, 19, 8-13.	1.1	6
33	Noninvasive electrocardiographic assessment of ventricular activation and remodeling response to cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>Heart Rhythm O2</i> , 2021, 2, 12-18.	1.7	6
34	Narrow QRS systolic heart failure: is there a target for cardiac resynchronization?. <i>Expert Review of Cardiovascular Therapy</i> , 2015, 13, 783-797.	1.5	5
35	Predictors and outcomes of patients requiring repeat transvenous lead extraction of pacemaker and defibrillator leads. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2018, 41, 155-160.	1.2	5
36	Cost-effectiveness of a risk-stratified approach to cardiac resynchronisation therapy defibrillators (high versus low) at the time of generator change. <i>Heart</i> , 2018, 104, 416-422.	2.9	5

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Evidence of reverse electrical remodelling by non-invasive electrocardiographic imaging to assess acute and chronic changes in bulk ventricular activation following cardiac resynchronisation therapy. <i>Journal of Electrocardiology</i> , 2020, 58, 96-102.	0.9	4
38	OUP accepted manuscript. <i>Europace</i> , 2021, , .	1.7	4
39	High mean entropy calculated from cardiac MRI texture analysis is associated with antitachycardia pacing failure. <i>PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2020, 43, 737-745.	1.2	3
40	The interaction of QRS duration with cardiac magnetic resonance derived scar and mechanical dyssynchrony in systolic heart failure: Implications for cardiac resynchronization therapy. <i>IJC Heart and Vasculature</i> , 2018, 18, 81-85.	1.1	2
41	Multimodality Imaging of Extensive Caseating Intramyocardial Calcification Secondary to Lymphoma. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2015, 8, .	2.6	1
42	To the Editorâ€™ The cost of cardiac resynchronization therapy generator replacement?. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2018, 15, e35-e36.	0.7	1
43	A cost effectiveness study establishing the impact and accuracy of implementing the NICE guidelines lowering plasma NTproBNP threshold in patients with clinically suspected heart failure at our institution. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018, 257, 131-136.	1.7	1
44	Evaluation of [13N]ammonia positron emission tomography as a potential method for quantifying glutamine synthetase activity in the human brain. <i>EJNMMI Research</i> , 2020, 10, 146.	2.5	1
45	Variation in activation time during bipolar vs extended bipolar left ventricular pacing. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology</i> , 2018, 29, 1675-1681.	1.7	0
46	Left Lateral Fluoroscopy and Xiphisternum Removal to Avoid Bowel Perforation and Enable Epicardial Ventricular Tachycardia Ablation. <i>JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology</i> , 2018, 4, 844-845.	3.2	0
47	The physiological effects of cardiac resynchronization therapy on aortic and pulmonary flow and dynamic and static components of systemic impedance. <i>Heart Rhythm O2</i> , 2021, 2, 365-373.	1.7	0