

Muhammad Yasir Abdur Rehman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/782868/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11
papers

306
citations

1306789

7
h-index

1199166

12
g-index

12
all docs

12
docs citations

12
times ranked

348
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Fate and toxicity of pharmaceuticals in water environment: An insight on their occurrence in South Asia. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2020, 271, 111030.	3.8	105
2	Investigation of organochlorine pesticides from the Indus Basin, Pakistan: Sources, air-soil exchange fluxes and risk assessment. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2014, 497-498, 113-122.	3.9	80
3	First insight into the occurrence, spatial distribution, sources, and risks assessment of antibiotics in groundwater from major urban-rural settings of Pakistan. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 791, 148298.	3.9	39
4	Tracing biomarker of PAH-exposure and susceptibility factor (GSTM-polymorphism) among cancer patients in Pakistan. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2017, 178, 384-390.	4.2	17
5	Occurrence, source apportionment and potential risks of selected PPCPs in groundwater used as a source of drinking water from key urban-rural settings of Pakistan. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 807, 151010.	3.9	14
6	Tracking the fingerprints and combined TOC-black carbon mediated soil-air partitioning of polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCNs) in the Indus River Basin of Pakistan. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2016, 208, 850-858.	3.7	12
7	Transcriptome responses in blood reveal distinct biological pathways associated with arsenic exposure through drinking water in rural settings of Punjab, Pakistan. <i>Environment International</i> , 2020, 135, 105403.	4.8	10
8	Elevated exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) may trigger cancers in Pakistan: an environmental, occupational, and genetic perspective. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2020, 27, 42405-42423.	2.7	8
9	Integrating SNPs-based genetic risk factor with blood epigenomic response of differentially arsenic-exposed rural subjects reveals disease-associated signaling pathways. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2022, 292, 118279.	3.7	8
10	Heavy metal-associated oxidative stress and glutathione s-transferase polymorphisms among E-waste workers in Pakistan. <i>Environmental Geochemistry and Health</i> , 2021, 43, 4441-4458.	1.8	6
11	Arsenic and fluoride co-exposure through drinking water and their impacts on intelligence and oxidative stress among rural school-aged children of Lahore and Kasur districts, Pakistan. <i>Environmental Geochemistry and Health</i> , 2022, 44, 3929-3951.	1.8	6