

Alain-Pierre Gadeau

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

62
papers

2,153
citations

186265
28
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233421
45
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66
all docs

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docs citations

66
times ranked

3337
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Evaluating the effects of sodium glucose co-transporter -2 inhibitors from a renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system perspective in patients infected with COVID-19: contextualizing findings from the dapagliflozin in respiratory failure in patients with COVID-19 study. <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2022, , 1.	2.3	3
2	Full-length Dhh and N-terminal Shh act as competitive antagonists to regulate angiogenesis and vascular permeability. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2021, 117, 2489-2501.	3.8	5
3	Mast Cells Are the Trigger of Small Vessel Disease and Diastolic Dysfunction in Diabetic Obese Mice. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2021, 41, e193-e207.	2.4	11
4	Crosstalk between Sodium-Glucose Cotransporter Inhibitors and Sodium-Hydrogen Exchanger 1 and 3 in Cardiometabolic Diseases. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 12677.	4.1	6
5	Tamoxifen Accelerates Endothelial Healing by Targeting ER α in Smooth Muscle Cells. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2020, 127, 1473-1487.	4.5	16
6	Desert Hedgehog-Driven Endothelium Integrity Is Enhanced by Gas1 (Growth Arrest-Specific 1) but Negatively Regulated by Cdon (Cell Adhesion Molecule-Related/Downregulated by Oncogenes). <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2020, 40, e336-e349.	2.4	13
7	Wavelet Analysis of Microcirculatory Flowmotion Reveals Cardiovascular Regulatory Mechanisms-Data from a Beta-Blocker. <i>Applied Sciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2020, 10, 4000.	2.5	0
8	Blood-brain barrier genetic disruption leads to protective barrier formation at the Glia Limitans. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2020, 18, e3000946.	5.6	24
9	Blood-brain barrier genetic disruption leads to protective barrier formation at the Glia Limitans. , 2020, 18, e3000946.		0
10	Blood-brain barrier genetic disruption leads to protective barrier formation at the Glia Limitans. , 2020, 18, e3000946.		0
11	Blood-brain barrier genetic disruption leads to protective barrier formation at the Glia Limitans. , 2020, 18, e3000946.		0
12	Blood-brain barrier genetic disruption leads to protective barrier formation at the Glia Limitans. , 2020, 18, e3000946.		0
13	Blood-brain barrier genetic disruption leads to protective barrier formation at the Glia Limitans. , 2020, 18, e3000946.		0
14	Blood-brain barrier genetic disruption leads to protective barrier formation at the Glia Limitans. , 2020, 18, e3000946.		0
15	Characterizing Vascular Dysfunction in Genetically Modified Mice through the Hyperoxia Model. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2019, 20, 2178.	4.1	2
16	Osteopontin: A Promising Therapeutic Target in Cardiac Fibrosis. <i>Cells</i> , 2019, 8, 1558.	4.1	39
17	Endogenous Sonic Hedgehog limits inflammation and angiogenesis in the ischaemic skeletal muscle of mice. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2018, 114, 759-770.	3.8	22
18	Restoring Endothelial Function by Targeting Desert Hedgehog Downstream of Klf2 Improves Critical Limb Ischemia in Adults. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2018, 123, 1053-1065.	4.5	41

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19	Observations on the perfusion recovery of regenerative angiogenesis in an ischemic limb model under hyperoxia. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2018, 6, e13736.	1.7	13
20	Na ⁺ /H ⁺ exchanger isoform 1-induced osteopontin expression facilitates cardiac hypertrophy through p90 ribosomal S6 kinase. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2018, 50, 332-342.	2.3	9
21	Testosterone Prevents Cutaneous Ischemia and Necrosis in Males Through Complementary Estrogenic and Androgenic Actions. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2017, 37, 909-919.	2.4	14
22	Intra-articular Injection of Mesenchymal Stem Cells and Platelet-Rich Plasma to Treat Patellofemoral Osteoarthritis: Preliminary Results of a Long-Term Pilot Study. <i>Journal of Vascular and Interventional Radiology</i> , 2017, 28, 1708-1713.	0.5	41
23	A new reliable, transposable and cost-effective assay for absolute quantification of total plasmatic bevacizumab by LC-MS/MS in human plasma comparing two internal standard calibration approaches. <i>Journal of Chromatography B: Analytical Technologies in the Biomedical and Life Sciences</i> , 2017, 1070, 43-53.	2.3	19
24	Impaired Hedgehog signalling-induced endothelial dysfunction is sufficient to induce neuropathy: implication in diabetes. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2016, 109, 217-227.	3.8	51
25	Na ⁺ /H ⁺ exchanger isoform 1 induced osteopontin expression in cardiomyocytes involves NFAT3/Gata4. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2015, 404, 211-220.	3.1	7
26	Na ⁺ /H ⁺ Exchanger Isoform 1-Induced Osteopontin Expression Facilitates Cardiomyocyte Hypertrophy. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0123318.	2.5	10
27	Targeting PI3K ^{Î³} activity decreases vascular trauma-induced intimal hyperplasia through modulation of the Th1 response. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2014, 211, 1779-1792.	8.5	28
28	Osteopontin stimulates apoptosis in adult cardiac myocytes via the involvement of CD44 receptors, mitochondrial death pathway, and endoplasmic reticulum stress. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2014, 306, H1182-H1191.	3.2	38
29	Sonic hedgehog mediates a novel pathway of PDGF-BB ^{Î±} -dependent vessel maturation. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 123, 2429-2437.	1.4	61
30	Hedgehog-Dependent Regulation of Angiogenesis and Myogenesis Is Impaired in Aged Mice. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2013, 33, 2858-2866.	2.4	33
31	Gli3 Regulation of Myogenesis Is Necessary for Ischemia-Induced Angiogenesis. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2013, 113, 1148-1158.	4.5	30
32	Desert Hedgehog Promotes Ischemia-Induced Angiogenesis by Ensuring Peripheral Nerve Survival. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2013, 112, 762-770.	4.5	45
33	Ca ²⁺ -Activated K ⁺ Channel ^{Î±3.1} Blocker TRAM-34 Attenuates Airway Remodeling and Eosinophilia in a Murine Asthma Model. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2013, 48, 212-219.	2.9	30
34	Biopterin Metabolism and eNOS Expression during Hypoxic Pulmonary Hypertension in Mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e82594.	2.5	19
35	Estrogen-Related Receptor ^{Î³} . <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2012, 110, 1042-1044.	4.5	1
36	Activation function 2 (AF2) of estrogen receptor ^{Î±} is required for the atheroprotective action of estradiol but not to accelerate endothelial healing. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 13311-13316.	7.1	110

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37	Osteopontin Expression in Cardiomyocytes Induces Dilated Cardiomyopathy. <i>Circulation: Heart Failure</i> , 2010, 3, 431-439.	3.9	46
38	Bone sialoprotein, but not osteopontin, deficiency impairs the mineralization of regenerating bone during cortical defect healing. <i>Bone</i> , 2010, 46, 447-452.	2.9	53
39	Chemoattractive Activity of Sonic Hedgehog in the Adult Subventricular Zone Modulates the Number of Neural Precursors Reaching the Olfactory Bulb. <i>Stem Cells</i> , 2008, 26, 2311-2320.	3.2	106
40	The Estrogen Effects on Endothelial Repair and Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Activation Are Abolished in Endothelial Nitric-Oxide (NO) Synthase Knockout Mice, but Not by NO Synthase Inhibition by N-Nitro-L-arginine Methyl Ester. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2008, 172, 830-838.	3.8	24
41	Estradiol accelerates endothelial healing through the retrograde commitment of uninjured endothelium. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2008, 294, H2822-H2830.	3.2	35
42	Estrogen-Stimulated Endothelial Repair Requires Osteopontin. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2008, 28, 2131-2136.	2.4	19
43	Â-adrenergic relaxation in pulmonary arteries: preservation of the endothelial nitric oxide-dependent Â2 component in pulmonary hypertension. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2007, 77, 202-210.	3.8	48
44	Autocrine expression of osteopontin contributes to PDGF-mediated arterial smooth muscle cell migration. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2007, 75, 738-747.	3.8	40
45	CREB Mediates UTP-Directed Arterial Smooth Muscle Cell Migration and Expression of the Chemotactic Protein Osteopontin via Its Interaction with Activator Protein-1 Sites. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2007, 100, 1292-1299.	4.5	30
46	Osteopontin expression in normal and fibrotic liver. Altered liver healing in osteopontin-deficient mice. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2006, 44, 383-390.	3.7	79
47	Understanding the oestrogen action in experimental and clinical atherosclerosis. <i>Fundamental and Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 20, 539-548.	1.9	25
48	UTP Induces Osteopontin Expression through a Coordinate Action of NFÎB, Activator Protein-1, and Upstream Stimulatory Factor in Arterial Smooth Muscle Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 280, 2708-2713.	3.4	39
49	AP-1 Is Involved in UTP-Induced Osteopontin Expression in Arterial Smooth Muscle Cells. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2003, 93, 674-681.	4.5	36
50	Nucleotide Receptors Involved in UTP-Induced Rat Arterial Smooth Muscle Cell Migration. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2002, 90, 678-681.	4.5	59
51	Extracellular Nucleotides Induce Arterial Smooth Muscle Cell Migration Via Osteopontin. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2001, 89, 772-778.	4.5	110
52	Time Course of Osteopontin, Osteocalcin, and Osteonectin Accumulation and Calcification After Acute Vessel Wall Injury. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2001, 49, 79-86.	2.5	74
53	Extracellular Adenosine Induces Apoptosis of Human Arterial Smooth Muscle Cells via A _{2b} -Purinoceptor. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2000, 86, 76-85.	4.5	90
54	P2Y1, P2Y2, P2Y4, and P2Y6 receptors are coupled to Rho and Rho kinase activation in vascular myocytes. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2000, 278, H1751-H1761.	3.2	99

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55	Overexpression of the P2Y ₂ Purinoceptor in Intimal Lesions of the Rat Aorta. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 1997, 17, 3602-3610.	2.4	64
56	Nucleotide receptor P2 _u partially mediates ATP-induced cell cycle progression of aortic smooth muscle cells. , 1996, 166, 57-65.		62
57	Osteopontin overexpression is associated with arterial smooth muscle cell proliferation in vitro.. <i>Arteriosclerosis and Thrombosis: A Journal of Vascular Biology</i> , 1993, 13, 120-125.	3.9	131
58	Effects of angiotensins on cellular hypertrophy and c-fos expression in cultured arterial smooth muscle cells. <i>FEBS Journal</i> , 1992, 206, 367-372.	0.2	18
59	Cell cycle dependent gene expression in quiescent stimulated and asynchronously cycling arterial smooth muscle cells in culture. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 1992, 150, 493-500.	4.1	29
60	Influence of 8-(N,N-Diethylamino)octyl-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoate (TMB-8) on cell cycle progression and proliferation of cultured arterial smooth muscle cells. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 1991, 41, 1045-1054.	4.4	18
61	Induction of cell cycle-dependent genes during cell cycle progression of arterial smooth muscle cells in culture. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 1991, 146, 356-361.	4.1	42
62	Probable insensitivity of mollicutes to rifampin and characterization of spiroplasmal DNA-dependent RNA polymerase. <i>Journal of Bacteriology</i> , 1986, 166, 824-828.	2.2	32