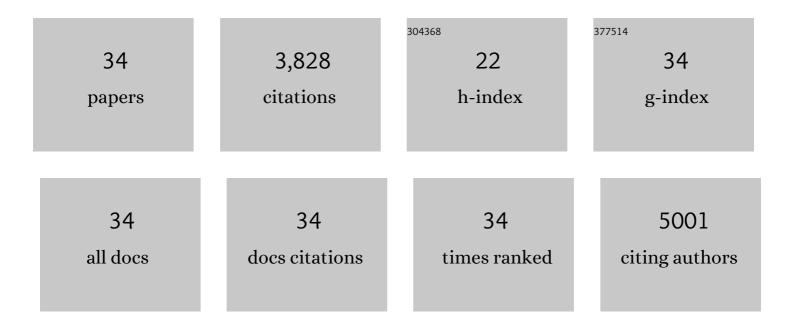
## Kirsten Tillisch

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/780284/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Consumption of Fermented Milk Product With Probiotic Modulates Brain Activity. Gastroenterology, 2013, 144, 1394-1401.e4.	0.6	925
2	Gut Microbes and the Brain: Paradigm Shift in Neuroscience. Journal of Neuroscience, 2014, 34, 15490-15496.	1.7	719
3	Quantitative Meta-analysis Identifies Brain Regions Activated During Rectal Distension in Irritable Bowel Syndrome. Gastroenterology, 2011, 140, 91-100.	0.6	367
4	Differences in gut microbial composition correlate with regional brain volumes in irritable bowel syndrome. Microbiome, 2017, 5, 49.	4.9	228
5	Towards a systems view of IBS. Nature Reviews Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2015, 12, 592-605.	8.2	207
6	Diffusion tensor imaging detects microstructural reorganization in the brain associated with chronic irritable bowel syndrome. Pain, 2013, 154, 1528-1541.	2.0	134
7	Characterization of the Alternating Bowel Habit Subtype in Patients with Irritable Bowel Syndrome. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2005, 100, 896-904.	0.2	113
8	The effects of gut microbiota on CNS function in humans. Gut Microbes, 2014, 5, 404-410.	4.3	112
9	Centrally Mediated Disorders of Gastrointestinal Pain. Gastroenterology, 2016, 150, 1408-1419.	0.6	102
10	Alterations in Resting State Oscillations and Connectivity in Sensory and Motor Networks in Women with Interstitial Cystitis/Painful Bladder Syndrome. Journal of Urology, 2014, 192, 947-955.	0.2	93
11	Evidence for an association of gut microbial Clostridia with brain functional connectivity and gastrointestinal sensorimotor function in patients with irritable bowel syndrome, based on tripartite network analysis. Microbiome, 2019, 7, 45.	4.9	83
12	Systemic sclerosis is associated with specific alterations in gastrointestinal microbiota in two independent cohorts. BMJ Open Gastroenterology, 2017, 4, e000134.	1.1	77
13	Patterns of brain structural connectivity differentiate normal weight from overweight subjects. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2015, 7, 506-517.	1.4	67
14	Advances in Imaging the Brain–Gut Axis: Functional Gastrointestinal Disorders. Gastroenterology, 2011, 140, 407-411.e1.	0.6	66
15	Calcifying Subpopulation of Bovine Aortic Smooth Muscle Cells Is Responsive to 17β-Estradiol. Circulation, 1997, 95, 1954-1960.	1.6	65
16	Unique Microstructural Changes in the Brain Associated with Urological Chronic Pelvic Pain Syndrome (UCPPS) Revealed by Diffusion Tensor MRI, Super-Resolution Track Density Imaging, and Statistical Parameter Mapping: A MAPP Network Neuroimaging Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0140250.	1.1	64
17	Regional Neuroplastic Brain Changes in Patients with Chronic Inflammatory and Non-Inflammatory Visceral Pain. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e84564.	1.1	56
18	Early adverse life events are associated with altered brain network architecture in a sex- dependent manner. Neurobiology of Stress, 2017, 7, 16-26.	1.9	43

KIRSTEN TILLISCH

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Influence of Sucrose Ingestion on Brainstem and Hypothalamic Intrinsic Oscillations in Lean and Obese Women. Gastroenterology, 2014, 146, 1212-1221.	0.6	39
20	Mindfulnessâ€based stress reduction improves irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) symptoms via specific aspects of mindfulness. Neurogastroenterology and Motility, 2020, 32, e13828.	1.6	35
21	Pain Perception in Irritable Bowel Syndrome. CNS Spectrums, 2005, 10, 877-882.	0.7	29
22	Predictors of Health-related Quality of Life in Irritable Bowel Syndrome Patients Compared With Healthy Individuals. Journal of Clinical Gastroenterology, 2019, 53, e142-e149.	1.1	27
23	Complementary and alternative medicine for gastrointestinal disorders. Clinical Medicine, 2007, 7, 224-227.	0.8	22
24	Sex commonalities and differences in the relationship between resilient personality and the intrinsic connectivity of the salience and default mode networks. Biological Psychology, 2015, 112, 107-115.	1.1	20
25	Placebo analgesia: Self-report measures and preliminary evidence of cortical dopamine release associated with placebo response. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2016, 10, 107-114.	1.4	20
26	Effect of Exclusion Diets on Symptom Severity and the Gut Microbiota in Patients With Irritable Bowel Syndrome. Clinical Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2022, 20, e465-e483.	2.4	20
27	Neuroimaging the Microbiome-Gut–Brain Axis. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 2014, 817, 405-416.	0.8	19
28	Studying the Brain–Gut Axis with Pharmacological Imaging. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2008, 1144, 256-264.	1.8	17
29	Analysis of brain networks and fecal metabolites reveals brain–gut alterations in premenopausal females with irritable bowel syndrome. Translational Psychiatry, 2020, 10, 367.	2.4	17
30	Postmenopausal women with irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) have more severe symptoms than premenopausal women with IBS. Neurogastroenterology and Motility, 2020, 32, e13913.	1.6	17
31	Disease-Related Microstructural Differences in the Brain in Women With Provoked Vestibulodynia. Journal of Pain, 2018, 19, 528.e1-528.e15.	0.7	15
32	On Functional Connectivity and Symptom Relief After Gut-directed Hypnotherapy in Irritable Bowel Syndrome: A Preliminary Study. Journal of Neurogastroenterology and Motility, 2019, 25, 478-479.	0.8	5
33	Personality and pain: Back to the four humours?. Pain, 2009, 144, 223-224.	2.0	3
34	Dysregulation in Sphingolipid Signaling Pathways is Associated With Symptoms and Functional Connectivity of Pain Processing Brain Regions in Provoked Vestibulodynia. Journal of Pain, 2021, 22, 1586-1605.	0.7	2