

Chun-Xia Yi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

88
papers

7,380
citations

53751

45
h-index

56687

83
g-index

90
all docs

90
docs citations

90
times ranked

9210
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The hypothalamus for whole-body physiology: from metabolism to aging. <i>Protein and Cell</i> , 2022, 13, 394-421.	4.8	41
2	Time-restricted feeding during the inactive phase abolishes the daily rhythm in mitochondrial respiration in rat skeletal muscle. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2022, 36, e22133.	0.2	11
3	Specific Silencing of Microglial Gene Expression in the Rat Brain by Nanoparticle-Based Small Interfering RNA Delivery. <i>ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces</i> , 2022, 14, 5066-5079.	4.0	8
4	Loss of Microglial Insulin Receptor Leads to Sex-Dependent Metabolic Disorders in Obese Mice. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 2933.	1.8	4
5	ASB4 modulates central melanocortinergergic neurons and calcitonin signaling to control satiety and glucose homeostasis. <i>Science Signaling</i> , 2022, 15, eabj8204.	1.6	11
6	Lipid Droplets Accumulate in the Hypothalamus of Mice and Humans with and without Metabolic Diseases. <i>Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2021, 111, 263-272.	1.2	8
7	The infundibular peptidergic neurons and glia cells in overeating, obesity, and diabetes. <i>Handbook of Clinical Neurology / Edited By P J Vinken and G W Bruyn</i> , 2021, 180, 315-325.	1.0	0
8	Mapping of Microglial Brain Region, Sex and Age Heterogeneity in Obesity. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 3141.	1.8	7
9	Microglia-specific knock-down of Bmal1 improves memory and protects mice from high fat diet-induced obesity. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 26, 6336-6349.	4.1	41
10	Hypothalamic neuropeptides and neurocircuitries in Prader Willi syndrome. <i>Journal of Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2021, 33, e12994.	1.2	24
11	The Effect of Rev-erb α Agonist SR9011 on the Immune Response and Cell Metabolism of Microglia. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 550145.	2.2	22
12	Deficiency of the Circadian Clock Gene Bmal1 Reduces Microglial Immunometabolism. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 586399.	2.2	41
13	The impact of antidiabetic treatment on human hypothalamic infundibular neurons and microglia. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2020, 5, .	2.3	15
14	Type 2 diabetes risk gene Dusp8 regulates hypothalamic Jnk signaling and insulin sensitivity. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2020, 130, 6093-6108.	3.9	17
15	Loss of arginine vasopressin- and vasoactive intestinal polypeptide-containing neurons and glial cells in the suprachiasmatic nucleus of individuals with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2019, 62, 2088-2093.	2.9	34
16	Diet-Induced Obesity Disturbs Microglial Immunometabolism in a Time-of-Day Manner. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2019, 10, 424.	1.5	35
17	The Iminosugar AMP-DNM Improves Satiety and Activates Brown Adipose Tissue Through GLP1. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2019, 68, 2223-2234.	0.3	5
18	Time-Restricted Feeding Improves Glucose Tolerance in Rats, but Only When in Line With the Circadian Timing System. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2019, 10, 554.	1.5	21

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19	Role of astrocytes, microglia, and tanycytes in brain control of systemic metabolism. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 22, 7-14.	7.1	200
20	Butyrate reduces appetite and activates brown adipose tissue via the gut-brain neural circuit. <i>Gut</i> , 2018, 67, 1269-1279.	6.1	401
21	Streptozotocin-induced β -cell damage, high fat diet, and metformin administration regulate Hes3 expression in the adult mouse brain. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 11335.	1.6	5
22	Low-Fat Diet With Caloric Restriction Reduces White Matter Microglia Activation During Aging. <i>Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 11, 65.	1.4	35
23	Circulating HDL levels control hypothalamic astrogliosis via apoA-I. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2018, 59, 1649-1659.	2.0	7
24	The Main Molecular Mechanisms Underlying Methamphetamine- Induced Neurotoxicity and Implications for Pharmacological Treatment. <i>Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 11, 186.	1.4	138
25	Deficiency of leptin receptor in myeloid cells disrupts hypothalamic metabolic circuits and causes body weight increase. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2018, 7, 155-160.	3.0	43
26	TNF α drives mitochondrial stress in POMC neurons in obesity. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017, 8, 15143.	5.8	92
27	Regulation of body weight and energy homeostasis by neuronal cell adhesion molecule 1. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 20, 1096-1103.	7.1	59
28	Dietary sugars, not lipids, drive hypothalamic inflammation. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2017, 6, 897-908.	3.0	104
29	Overview of long non-coding RNA and mRNA expression in response to methamphetamine treatment in vitro. <i>Toxicology in Vitro</i> , 2017, 44, 1-10.	1.1	34
30	Lipoprotein Lipase Maintains Microglial Innate Immunity in Obesity. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2017, 20, 3034-3042.	2.9	89
31	Molecular Integration of Incretin and Glucocorticoid Action Reverses Immunometabolic Dysfunction and Obesity. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2017, 26, 620-632.e6.	7.2	66
32	Disruption of Lipid Uptake in Astroglia Exacerbates Diet-Induced Obesity. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2017, 66, 2555-2563.	0.3	59
33	Role Of Neuronal Fractalkine In Reducing Diet-induced Hypothalamic Inflammation. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2017, 49, 702.	0.2	1
34	Ring Finger Protein 11 Inhibits Melanocortin 3 and 4 Receptor Signaling. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2016, 7, 109.	1.5	3
35	Microglia energy metabolism in metabolic disorder. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2016, 438, 27-35.	1.6	53
36	Astrocytic Insulin Signaling Couples Brain Glucose Uptake with Nutrient Availability. <i>Cell</i> , 2016, 166, 867-880.	13.5	382

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37	Hypothalamic leptin action is mediated by histone deacetylase 5. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 10782.	5.8	68
38	Deletion of Monoglyceride Lipase in Astrocytes Attenuates Lipopolysaccharide-induced Neuroinflammation. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2016, 291, 913-923.	1.6	55
39	Brain Innate Immunity Regulates Hypothalamic Arcuate Neuronal Activity and Feeding Behavior. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2015, 156, 1303-1315.	1.4	69
40	Hypothalamic innate immune reaction in obesity. <i>Nature Reviews Endocrinology</i> , 2015, 11, 339-351.	4.3	133
41	Inverse Agonistic Action of 3-Iodothyronamine at the Human Trace Amine-Associated Receptor 5. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0117774.	1.1	62
42	Analysis of Human TAAR8 and Murine Taar8b Mediated Signaling Pathways and Expression Profile. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2014, 15, 20638-20655.	1.8	23
43	Hypothalamic PGC-1 β Protects Against High-Fat Diet Exposure by Regulating ER α . <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2014, 9, 633-645.	2.9	159
44	Spare mitochondrial respiratory capacity permits human adipocytes to maintain ATP homeostasis under hypoglycemic conditions. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2014, 28, 761-770.	0.2	67
45	Duodenal nutrient exclusion improves metabolic syndrome and stimulates villus hyperplasia. <i>Gut</i> , 2014, 63, 1238-1246.	6.1	46
46	Hormonal Control of Metabolism by the Hypothalamus-Autonomic Nervous System-Liver Axis. <i>Frontiers of Hormone Research</i> , 2014, 42, 1-28.	1.0	14
47	Hormones and diet, but not body weight, control hypothalamic microglial activity. <i>Glia</i> , 2014, 62, 17-25.	2.5	203
48	The hypothalamic neural-glial network and the metabolic syndrome. <i>Best Practice and Research in Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2014, 28, 661-671.	2.2	15
49	Leptin signaling in astrocytes regulates hypothalamic neuronal circuits and feeding. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 17, 908-910.	7.1	268
50	Aspects of 3-iodothyronamine (3TIAM) induced signaling by human and mouse trace amine-associated receptor 5 (TAAR5). <i>Experimental and Clinical Endocrinology and Diabetes</i> , 2014, 122, .	0.6	0
51	Leptin action in the brain: How (and when) it makes fat burn. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2013, 2, 63-64.	3.0	7
52	Hypothalamic Astrocytes in Obesity. <i>Endocrinology and Metabolism Clinics of North America</i> , 2013, 42, 57-66.	1.2	66
53	The orphan receptor Gpr83 regulates systemic energy metabolism via ghrelin-dependent and ghrelin-independent mechanisms. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2013, 4, 1968.	5.8	64
54	GLP-1R Agonism Enhances Adjustable Gastric Banding in Diet-Induced Obese Rats. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2013, 62, 3261-3267.	0.3	19

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55	High-fat diet exposure induces IgG accumulation in hypothalamic microglia. <i>DMM Disease Models and Mechanisms</i> , 2012, 5, 686-90.	1.2	71
56	Obesity is associated with hypothalamic injury in rodents and humans. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2012, 122, 153-162.	3.9	1,448
57	AgRP and NPY Expression in the Human Hypothalamic Infundibular Nucleus Correlate with Body Mass Index, Whereas Changes in \pm MSH Are Related to Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2012, 97, E925-E933.	1.8	41
58	Glucocorticoid Signaling in the Arcuate Nucleus Modulates Hepatic Insulin Sensitivity. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2012, 61, 339-345.	0.3	59
59	Brain-gut-adipose-tissue communication pathways at a glance. <i>DMM Disease Models and Mechanisms</i> , 2012, 5, 583-587.	1.2	63
60	High calorie diet triggers hypothalamic angiopathy. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2012, 1, 95-100.	3.0	55
61	Orexins, feeding, and energy balance. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2012, 198, 47-64.	0.9	60
62	Targeted estrogen delivery reverses the metabolic syndrome. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2012, 18, 1847-1856.	15.2	241
63	The GOAT-Ghrelin System Is Not Essential for Hypoglycemia Prevention during Prolonged Calorie Restriction. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e32100.	1.1	48
64	Restoration of leptin responsiveness in diet-induced obese mice using an optimized leptin analog in combination with exendin-4 or FGF21. <i>Journal of Peptide Science</i> , 2012, 18, 383-393.	0.8	133
65	The HPA axis modulates the CNS melanocortin control of liver triacylglyceride metabolism. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2012, 105, 791-799.	1.0	16
66	Exercise protects against high-fat diet-induced hypothalamic inflammation. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2012, 106, 485-490.	1.0	97
67	Obesity is associated with hypothalamic injury in rodents and humans. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2012, 122, 778-778.	3.9	9
68	Cajal revisited: does the VMH make us fat?. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 14, 806-808.	7.1	14
69	A Role for Astrocytes in the Central Control of Metabolism. <i>Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2011, 93, 143-149.	1.2	52
70	Autonomic MC Sets the Metabolic Tone. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2011, 13, 121-123.	7.2	4
71	Ghrelin in eating disorders. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2011, 340, 29-34.	1.6	36
72	Circadian disruption and SCN control of energy metabolism. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2011, 585, 1412-1426.	1.3	101

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73	Ghrelin Enhances Olfactory Sensitivity and Exploratory Sniffing in Rodents and Humans. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 31, 5841-5846.	1.7	141
74	PS2 - 11. The hypothalamic suprachiasmatic nucleus controls circadian energy metabolism and insulin sensitivity. <i>Nederlands Tijdschrift Voor Diabetologie</i> , 2011, 9, 97-98.	0.0	0
75	Mutually Opposite Signal Modulation by Hypothalamic Heterodimerization of Ghrelin and Melanocortin-3 Receptors. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2011, 286, 39623-39631.	1.6	90
76	Interaction between hypothalamic dorsomedial nucleus and the suprachiasmatic nucleus determines intensity of food anticipatory behavior. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 5813-5818.	3.3	154
77	Mammalian clock output mechanisms. <i>Essays in Biochemistry</i> , 2011, 49, 137-151.	2.1	52
78	Rapid Onset of Hypothalamic Inflammation, Reactive Gliosis and Microglial Accumulation during High-Fat Diet-Induced Obesity. , 2011, , OR33-1-OR33-1.		1
79	Hypothalamic control of energy metabolism via the autonomic nervous system. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2010, 1212, 114-129.	1.8	115
80	Pituitary Adenylate Cyclase-Activating Polypeptide Stimulates Glucose Production via the Hepatic Sympathetic Innervation in Rats. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2010, 59, 1591-1600.	0.3	33
81	Suprachiasmatic Nucleus and Autonomic Nervous System Influences on Awakening From Sleep. <i>International Review of Neurobiology</i> , 2010, 93, 91-107.	0.9	20
82	<i>Pmch</i> expression during early development is critical for normal energy homeostasis. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2010, 298, E477-E488.	1.8	33
83	The role of the autonomic nervous liver innervation in the control of energy metabolism. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2010, 1802, 416-431.	1.8	154
84	The hypothalamic clock and its control of glucose homeostasis. <i>Trends in Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2010, 21, 402-410.	3.1	90
85	A Major Role for Perifornical Orexin Neurons in the Control of Glucose Metabolism in Rats. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2009, 58, 1998-2005.	0.3	136
86	A circulating ghrelin mimetic attenuates light-induced phase delay of mice and light-induced Fos expression in the suprachiasmatic nucleus of rats. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 27, 1965-1972.	1.2	52
87	Organization of circadian functions: interaction with the body. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2006, 153, 341-360.	0.9	152
88	Ventromedial Arcuate Nucleus Communicates Peripheral Metabolic Information to the Suprachiasmatic Nucleus. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2006, 147, 283-294.	1.4	154