## Mark Myatt

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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430754 345118 1,502 35 18 36 citations h-index g-index papers 37 37 37 1416 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Changing sex differences in undernutrition of African children: findings from Demographic and Health Surveys. Journal of Biosocial Science, 2022, 54, 847-857.	0.5	6
2	Concurrent wasting and stunting among children 6–59 months: an analysis using district-level survey data in Mozambique. BMC Nutrition, 2022, 8, 15.	0.6	4
3	Understanding Sex Differences in Childhood Undernutrition: A Narrative Review. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 948.	1.7	28
4	How Can Nutrition Research Better Reflect the Relationship Between Wasting and Stunting in Children? Learnings from the Wasting and Stunting Project. Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 152, 2645-2651.	1.3	8
5	Factors associated with concurrent wasting and stunting among children 6–59 months in Karamoja, Uganda. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2021, 17, e13074.	1.4	25
6	Response to Malnutrition Treatment in Low Weight-for-Age Children: Secondary Analyses of Children 6–59 Months in the ComPAS Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 1054.	1.7	7
7	Effects on child growth of a reduction in the general food distribution ration and provision of small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements in refugee camps in eastern Chad. BMJ Nutrition, Prevention and Health, 2021, 4, 235-242.	1.9	3
8	Concurrently wasted and stunted 6-59 months children admitted to the outpatient therapeutic feeding programme in Karamoja, Uganda: Prevalence, characteristics, treatment outcomes and response. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0230480.	1.1	15
9	Concurrently wasted and stunted children 6â€59 months in Karamoja, Uganda: prevalence and case detection. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2020, 16, e13000.	1.4	16
10	Prevention of child wasting: Results of a Child Health & Nutrition Research Initiative (CHNRI) prioritisation exercise. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0228151.	1.1	12
11	Boys are more likely to be undernourished than girls: a systematic review and meta-analysis of sex differences in undernutrition. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e004030.	2.0	118
12	Disability-adjusted life years for severe acute malnutrition: implications of alternative model specifications. Public Health Nutrition, 2019, 22, 2729-2737.	1.1	3
13	Improving screening for malnourished children at high risk of death: a study of children aged 6–59 months in rural Senegal. Public Health Nutrition, 2019, 22, 862-871.	1.1	31
14	Concurrent wasting and stunting among underâ€five children in Niakhar, Senegal. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2019, 15, e12736.	1.4	62
15	Mid-upper-arm circumference based case-detection, admission, and discharging of under five children in a large-scale community-based management of acute malnutrition program in Nigeria. Archives of Public Health, 2018, 76, 19.	1.0	14
16	The cost of preventing undernutrition: cost, cost-efficiency and cost-effectiveness of three cash-based interventions on nutrition outcomes in Dadu, Pakistan. Health Policy and Planning, 2018, 33, 743-754.	1.0	18
17	Children who are both wasted and stunted are also underweight and have a high risk of death: a descriptive epidemiology of multiple anthropometric deficits using data from 51 countries. Archives of Public Health, 2018, 76, 28.	1.0	119
18	Individual and household risk factors of severe acute malnutrition among under-five children in Mao, Chad: a matched case-control study. Archives of Public Health, 2018, 76, 35.	1.0	17

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Using cross-sectional surveys to estimate the number of severely malnourished children needing to be enrolled in specific treatment programmes. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 1362-1366.	1.1	6
20	Improving estimates of the burden of severe acute malnutrition and predictions of caseload for programs treating severe acute malnutrition: experiences from Nigeria. Archives of Public Health, 2017, 75, 66.	1.0	17
21	Improving Estimates of Numbers of Children With Severe Acute Malnutrition Using Cohort and Survey Data. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 184, 861-869.	1.6	24
22	Safety and practicability of using mid-upper arm circumference as a discharge criterion in community based management of severe acute malnutrition in children aged 6 to 59 months programmes. Archives of Public Health, 2016, 74, 24.	1.0	30
23	Low mid-upper arm circumference identifies children with a high risk of death who should be the priority target for treatment. BMC Nutrition, 2016, 2, .	0.6	56
24	Relationship between mid upper arm circumference and weight changes in children aged 6–59 months. Archives of Public Health, 2015, 73, 54.	1.0	18
25	Mothers Understand And Can do it (MUAC): a comparison of mothers and community health workers determining mid-upper arm circumference in 103 children aged from 6Âmonths to 5Âyears. Archives of Public Health, 2015, 73, 26.	1.0	52
26	Maternal and child nutrition. Lancet, The, 2013, 382, 1549.	6.3	12
27	Cost-effectiveness of the community-based management of severe acute malnutrition by community health workers in southern Bangladesh. Health Policy and Planning, 2013, 28, 386-399.	1.0	87
28	The effect of body shape on weight-for-height and mid-upper arm circumference based case definitions of acute malnutrition in Ethiopian children. Annals of Human Biology, 2009, 36, 5-20.	0.4	54
29	A novel sequential sampling technique for the surveillance of transmitted HIV drug resistance by cross-sectional survey for use in low resource settings. Antiviral Therapy, 2008, 13 Suppl 2, 37-48.	0.6	35
30	A novel sequential sampling technique for the surveillance of transmitted HIV drug resistance by cross-sectional survey for use in low resource settings. Antiviral Therapy, 2008, 13, 37-48.	0.6	76
31	Recommendations for surveillance of transmitted HIV drug resistance in countries scaling up antiretroviral treatment. Antiviral Therapy, 2008, 13, 25-36.	0.6	222
32	A Review of Methods to Detect Cases of Severely Malnourished Children in the Community for Their Admission into Community-Based Therapeutic Care Programs. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2006, 27, S7-S23.	0.5	215
33	A field trial of a survey method for estimating the coverage of selective feeding programmes. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2005, 83, 20-6.	1.5	23
34	Using lot quality-assurance sampling and area sampling to identify priority areas for trachoma control: Viet Nam. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2005, 83, 756-63.	1.5	25
35	Field trial of applicability of lot quality assurance sampling survey method for rapid assessment of prevalence of active trachoma. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2003, 81, 877-85.	1.5	41