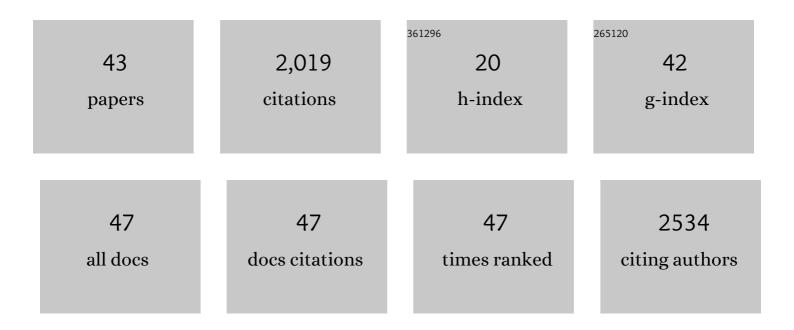
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List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/771183/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Inferring the factors for origin and diversifications of endemic Himalayan flora using phylogenetic models. Modeling Earth Systems and Environment, 2022, 8, 2591-2598.	1.9	4
2	Increasing collaboration between China and India in the environmental sciences to foster global sustainability. Ambio, 2022, 51, 1474-1484.	2.8	7
3	Moving Toward Global Strategies for Managing Invasive Alien Species. , 2022, , 331-360.		4
4	Contrasting Composition, Diversity and Predictive Metabolic Potential of the Rhizobacterial Microbiomes Associated with Native and Invasive Prosopis Congeners. Current Microbiology, 2021, 78, 2051-2060.	1.0	8
5	China and India: Toward a sustainable world. Science, 2020, 369, 515-515.	6.0	15
6	Paludisphaera soli sp. nov., a new member of the family Isosphaeraceae isolated from high altitude soil in the Western Himalaya. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2020, 113, 1663-1674.	0.7	16
7	The Himalaya should be a nature reserve. Nature, 2020, 583, 9-9.	13.7	12
8	<scp>IAPT</scp> chromosome data 33. Taxon, 2020, 69, 1394-1405.	0.4	4
9	Identifying conservation priorities for plant species in the Himalaya in current and future climates: A case study from Sikkim Himalaya, India. Biological Conservation, 2019, 233, 176-184.	1.9	25
10	Local hunting practices and wildlife conservation in Arunachal Pradesh, India. Animal Conservation, 2019, 22, 525-526.	1.5	1
11	Evolutionary correlation between floral monosymmetry and corolla pigmentation patterns in Rhododendron. Plant Systematics and Evolution, 2018, 304, 219-230.	0.3	8
12	Phylogenetic diversity, structure and diversification patterns of endemic plants along the elevational gradient in the Eastern Himalaya. Plant Ecology and Diversity, 2018, 11, 501-513.	1.0	22
13	Geophysical upheavals and evolutionary diversification of plant species in the Himalaya. PeerJ, 2018, 6, e5919.	0.9	39
14	Elevational plant species richness patterns and their drivers across non-endemics, endemics and growth forms in the Eastern Himalaya. Journal of Plant Research, 2017, 130, 829-844.	1.2	45
15	Environmental impact assessment of river valley projects in upper Teesta basin of Eastern Himalaya with special reference to fish conservation: a review. Impact Assessment and Project Appraisal, 2017, 35, 340-350.	1.0	15
16	Modelling the impacts of future climate change on plant communities in the Himalaya: a case study from Eastern Himalaya, India. Modeling Earth Systems and Environment, 2016, 2, 1.	1.9	72
17	Assessing Potential Conservation and Restoration Areas of FreshwaterÂFish Fauna in the Indian River Basins. Environmental Management, 2016, 57, 1098-1111.	1.2	12
18	Monitoring land use change and its drivers in Delhi, India using multi-temporal satellite data. Modeling Earth Systems and Environment, 2016, 2, 1.	1.9	52

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19	Endangered Golden mahseer Tor putitora Hamilton: a review of natural history. Reviews in Fish Biology and Fisheries, 2016, 26, 25-38.	2.4	44
20	The Big Question: Climate's Biggest Losers. World Policy Journal, 2015, 32, 3-7.	0.2	1
21	The contrasting effects of genome size, chromosome number and ploidy level on plant invasiveness: a global analysis. New Phytologist, 2014, 203, 697-703.	3.5	127
22	Dancing on the Roof of the World: Ecological Transformation of the Himalayan Landscape. BioScience, 2014, 64, 980-992.	2.2	97
23	Threats from India's Himalaya Dams. Science, 2013, 339, 36-37.	6.0	179
24	Climate-Induced Elevational Range Shifts and Increase in Plant Species Richness in a Himalayan Biodiversity Epicentre. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e57103.	1.1	268
25	Monitoring Pheasants (Phasianidae) in the Western Himalayas to Measure the Impact of Hydro-Electric Projects. Ring, 2013, 33, 37-46.	0.4	10
26	The Himalayas must be protected. Nature, 2013, 501, 283-283.	13.7	28
27	Potential Effects of Ongoing and Proposed Hydropower Development on Terrestrial Biological Diversity in the Indian Himalaya. Conservation Biology, 2012, 26, 1061-1071.	2.4	117
28	Elevational Gradients in Fish Diversity in the Himalaya: Water Discharge Is the Key Driver of Distribution Patterns. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e46237.	1.1	69
29	Influence of Human Disturbance on the Abundance of Himalayan Pheasant (Aves, Galliformes) in the Temperate Forest of Western Himalaya, India. Vestnik Zoologii, 2011, 45, e-40-e-47.	0.7	8
30	Ploidy influences rarity and invasiveness in plants. Journal of Ecology, 2011, 99, 1108-1115.	1.9	211
31	A morphometric analysis and taxonomic study of Panax bipinnatifidus Seem. (Araliaceae) species complex from Sikkim Himalaya, India. Plant Systematics and Evolution, 2011, 297, 87-98.	0.3	21
32	Synaptic mutation-driven male sterility in Panax sikkimensis Ban. (Araliaceae) from Eastern Himalaya, India. Plant Systematics and Evolution, 2010, 287, 29-36.	0.3	16
33	CAPTIVE BREEDING AS A TOOL FOR CONSERVATION OF ENDANGERED SPECIES: THE LION-TAILED MACAQUE (MACACA SILENUS) — A COMPARATIVE CASE STUDY OF CAPTIVE BREEDING PROGRAMS WORLDWIDE. , 2010 189-206.	, ,	0
34	Other Factors at Work in the Melting Himalaya: Followâ€Up to Xu et al Conservation Biology, 2009, 23, 1346-1347.	2.4	9
35	A New Species of <i>Panax</i> L. (Araliaceae) from Sikkim Himalaya, India. Systematic Botany, 2009, 34, 434-438.	0.2	32
36	Biology, distribution and ecology of Didymosphenia geminata (Lyngbye) Schmidt an abundant diatom from the Indian Himalayan rivers. Aquatic Ecology, 2008, 42, 347-353.	0.7	23

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37	Climatic imprints in Quaternary valley fill deposits of the middle Teesta valley, Sikkim Himalaya. Quaternary International, 2007, 159, 32-46.	0.7	46
38	Unreported yet massive deforestation driving loss of endemic biodiversity in Indian Himalaya. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2007, 16, 153-163.	1.2	194
39	Polyploidy in invasive plant species of Singapore. Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society, 2006, 151, 395-403.	0.8	77
40	Biotic communities of Kishanganga river: A pre-impoundment case study of a Himalayan river. Aquatic Ecosystem Health and Management, 2005, 8, 259-265.	0.3	3
41	The effects of loss of sex in clonal populations of an endangered perennial Coptis teeta (Ranunculaceae). Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society, 2003, 143, 47-54.	0.8	17
42	Synaptic mutation associated with gametic sterility and population divergence in Coptis teeta (Ranunculaceae). Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society, 2000, 133, 525-533.	0.8	6
43	Biology and conservation of Coptis teeta Wall. – an endemic and endangered medicinal herb of Eastern Himalaya. Environmental Conservation, 1998, 25, 262-272.	0.7	18