

Victoria Fruh

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7683253/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

19
papers

279
citations

933447

10
h-index

940533

16
g-index

20
all docs

20
docs citations

20
times ranked

329
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exposure of Nail Salon Workers to Phthalates, Di(2-ethylhexyl) Terephthalate, and Organophosphate Esters: A Pilot Study. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2019, 53, 14630-14637.	10.0	48
2	Prenatal lead exposure and childhood executive function and behavioral difficulties in project viva. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2019, 75, 105-115.	3.0	41
3	Associations of Metals and Neurodevelopment: a Review of Recent Evidence on Susceptibility Factors. <i>Current Epidemiology Reports</i> , 2020, 7, 237-262.	2.4	28
4	Incidence of uterine leiomyoma in relation to urinary concentrations of phthalate and phthalate alternative biomarkers: A prospective ultrasound study. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021, 147, 106218.	10.0	21
5	Correlates of plasma concentrations of per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances among reproductive-aged Black women. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2022, 203, 111860.	7.5	18
6	Biological and environmental exposure monitoring of volatile organic compounds among nail technicians in the Greater Boston area. <i>Indoor Air</i> , 2019, 29, 539-550.	4.3	16
7	Design and methods of the Apple Women's Health Study: a digital longitudinal cohort study. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 226, 545.e1-545.e29.	1.3	16
8	Urinary phthalate metabolite concentrations and personal care product use during pregnancy – Results of a pilot study. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 835, 155439.	8.0	14
9	Correlates of urinary concentrations of phthalate and phthalate alternative metabolites among reproductive-aged Black women from Detroit, Michigan. <i>Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 31, 461-475.	3.9	13
10	Endocrine disrupting chemical-associated hair product use during pregnancy and gestational age at delivery: a pilot study. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2021, 20, 86.	4.0	10
11	Correlates of Persistent Endocrine-Disrupting Chemical Mixtures among Reproductive-Aged Black Women. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2021, 55, 14000-14014.	10.0	9
12	Multimodal Recruitment to Study Ovulation and Menstruation Health: Internet-Based Survey Pilot Study. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2021, 23, e24716.	4.3	8
13	Prenatal exposure to a mixture of elements and neurobehavioral outcomes in mid-childhood: Results from Project Viva. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2021, 201, 111540.	7.5	8
14	A Prospective Ultrasound Study of Plasma Polychlorinated Biphenyl Concentrations and Incidence of Uterine Leiomyomata. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 32, 259-267.	2.7	7
15	Urinary concentrations of phenols, parabens, and triclocarban in relation to uterine leiomyomata incidence and growth. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2021, 116, 1590-1600.	1.0	6
16	Fine particulate matter and polycystic ovarian morphology. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2022, 21, 26.	4.0	5
17	Correlates of non-persistent endocrine disrupting chemical mixtures among reproductive-aged Black women in Detroit, Michigan. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2022, 299, 134447.	8.2	5
18	Brominated flame retardants and organochlorine pesticides and incidence of uterine leiomyomata. <i>Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 5, e127.	3.0	4

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19	Attempts to Conceive and the COVID-19 Pandemic: Data from the Apple Women's Health Study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, , .	1.3	2