

Eva-Maria Strasser

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7681240/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

26
papers

1,164
citations

567247

15
h-index

501174

28
g-index

29
all docs

29
docs citations

29
times ranked

1841
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Nutritional supplementation alters associations between one-carbon metabolites and cardiometabolic risk profiles in older adults: a secondary analysis of the Vienna Active Ageing Study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2022, 61, 169-182.	3.9	3
2	Effects of an increased habitual dietary protein intake followed by resistance training on fitness, muscle quality and body composition of seniors: A randomised controlled trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2022, 41, 1034-1045.	5.0	7
3	Effects of Vitamin D3 Supplementation and Resistance Training on 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Status and Functional Performance of Older Adults: A Randomized Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 86.	4.1	11
4	The Effect of Elevated Protein Intake on DNA Damage in Older People: Comparative Secondary Analysis of Two Randomized Controlled Trials. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 3479.	4.1	4
5	Chromosomal stability in buccal cells was linked to age but not affected by exercise and nutrients - Vienna Active Ageing Study (VAAS), a randomized controlled trial. <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2020, 28, 101362.	9.0	11
6	Strength training increases skeletal muscle quality but not muscle mass in old institutionalized adults: a randomized, multi-arm parallel and controlled intervention study. <i>European Journal of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2019, 54, 921-933.	2.2	22
7	Fat Soluble Vitamins in Institutionalized Elderly and the Effect of Exercise, Nutrition and Cognitive Training on Their Statusâ€”The Vienna Active Aging Study (VAAS): A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019, 11, 1333.	4.1	11
8	Effects of acute resistance exercise on proteolytic and myogenic markers in skeletal muscles of former weightlifters and age-matched sedentary controls. <i>Journal of Sports Medicine and Physical Fitness</i> , 2019, 59, 1915-1924.	0.7	4
9	Age and the effect of exercise, nutrition and cognitive training on oxidative stress â€” The Vienna Active Aging Study (VAAS), a randomized controlled trial. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2018, 121, 69-77.	2.9	18
10	Elastic band resistance training influences transforming growth factor- β receptor I mRNA expression in peripheral mononuclear cells of institutionalised older adults: the Vienna Active Ageing Study (VAAS). <i>Immunity and Ageing</i> , 2016, 13, 22.	4.2	9
11	Muscle mass, strength and functional outcomes in critically ill patients after cardiothoracic surgery: does neuromuscular electrical stimulation help? The Catastim 2 randomized controlled trial. <i>Critical Care</i> , 2016, 20, 30.	5.8	81
12	Effects of elastic band resistance training and nutritional supplementation on muscle quality and circulating muscle growth and degradation factors of institutionalized elderly women: the Vienna Active Ageing Study (VAAS). <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2016, 116, 885-897.	2.5	74
13	The effect of six months of elastic band resistance training, nutritional supplementation or cognitive training on chromosomal damage in institutionalized elderly. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2015, 65, 16-22.	2.8	36
14	Serum concentrations of insulin-like growth factor-1, members of the TGF-beta superfamily and follistatin do not reflect different stages of dynapenia and sarcopenia in elderly women. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2015, 64, 35-45.	2.8	54
15	Effects of elastic band resistance training and nutritional supplementation on physical performance of institutionalised elderly â€” A randomized controlled trial. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2015, 72, 99-108.	2.8	71
16	The impact of six months strength training, nutritional supplementation or cognitive training on DNA damage in institutionalised elderly. <i>Mutagenesis</i> , 2015, 30, 147-153.	2.6	27
17	Influence of age and physical fitness on miRNA-21, TGF- β 2 and its receptors in leukocytes of healthy women. <i>Exercise Immunology Review</i> , 2015, 21, 154-63.	0.4	19
18	The influence of age and aerobic fitness on chromosomal damage in Austrian institutionalised elderly. <i>Mutagenesis</i> , 2014, 29, 441-445.	2.6	19

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Association between ultrasound measurements of muscle thickness, pennation angle, echogenicity and skeletal muscle strength in the elderly. <i>Age</i> , 2013, 35, 2377-2388.	3.0	308
20	Going in deeper and deeper: signal transduction pathways in myofascial trigger points – A narrative review. <i>International Musculoskeletal Medicine</i> , 2011, 33, 64-74.	0.1	1
21	Neuromuscular Electrical Stimulation Reduces Skeletal Muscle Protein Degradation and Stimulates Insulin-Like Growth Factors in an Age- and Current-Dependent Manner. <i>Annals of Surgery</i> , 2009, 249, 738-743.	4.2	53
22	Supply of R- α -lipoic acid and glutamine to casein-fed mice influences the number of B lymphocytes and tissue glutathione levels during endotoxemia. <i>Wiener Klinische Wochenschrift</i> , 2006, 118, 100-107.	1.9	6
23	The relationship between the anti-inflammatory effects of curcumin and cellular glutathione content in myelomonocytic cells. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 70, 552-559.	4.4	76
24	Glycine – an inert amino acid comes alive. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2003, 19, 817-818.	2.4	15
25	Effect of single and combined supply of glutamine, glycine, N-acetylcysteine, and R,S- α -lipoic acid on glutathione content of myelomonocytic cells. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2003, 22, 515-522.	5.0	30
26	Regulative potential of glutamine – relation to glutathione metabolism. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2002, 18, 217-221.	2.4	180