

Vinicio Granados-Soto

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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136
papers

4,249
citations

108046

37
h-index

169272

56
g-index

137
all docs

137
docs citations

137
times ranked

4096
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Extrasynaptic $\hat{1}\pm 5$ GABAA receptors and their role in nociception and pathological pain. , 2022, , 129-137.		0
2	Sex-dependent antiallodynic effect of $\hat{1}\pm 2$ adrenergic receptor agonist tizanidine in rats with experimental neuropathic pain. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2022, 920, 174855.	1.7	4
3	Dexamethasone Increases the Anesthetic Success in Patients with Symptomatic Irreversible Pulpitis: A Meta-Analysis. Pharmaceuticals, 2022, 15, 878.	1.7	2
4	Antinociception and less gastric injury with the dexketoprofenâ€tapentadol combination in mice. Fundamental and Clinical Pharmacology, 2021, 35, 371-378.	1.0	4
5	Sexâ€dependent pronociceptive role of spinal $\hat{1}\pm 5$ GABA _A receptor and its epigenetic regulation in neuropathic rodents. Journal of Neurochemistry, 2021, 156, 897-916.	2.1	24
6	Pharmacological Analysis of the Anti-inflammatory and Antiallodynic Effects of Zinagrandinolide E from <i>Zinnia grandiflora</i> in Mice. Journal of Natural Products, 2021, 84, 713-723.	1.5	4
7	Fecal microbiome transplantation reverses obesity-induced neuropathic pain. Mexican Journal of Medical Research ICSA, 2021, 9, 1-2.	0.2	0
8	Interaction of NHE1 and TRPA1 Activity in DRG Neurons Isolated from Adult Rats and its Role in Inflammatory Nociception. Neuroscience, 2021, 465, 154-165.	1.1	5
9	The role of spinal cord extrasynaptic $\hat{1}\pm 5$ GABA _A receptors in chronic pain. Physiological Reports, 2021, 9, e14984.	0.7	8
10	Synergistic interaction between amitriptyline and paracetamol in persistent and neuropathic pain models: An isobolografic analysis. Neurochemistry International, 2021, 150, 105160.	1.9	5
11	Cdk5-Dependent Phosphorylation of Ca _v 3.2 T-Type Channels: Possible Role in Nerve Ligation-Induced Neuropathic Allodynia and the Compound Action Potential in Primary Afferent C Fibers. Journal of Neuroscience, 2020, 40, 283-296.	1.7	45
12	Metformin: A Prospective Alternative for the Treatment of Chronic Pain. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2020, 11, 558474.	1.6	26
13	Type I Interferons Act Directly on Nociceptors to Produce Pain Sensitization: Implications for Viral Infection-Induced Pain. Journal of Neuroscience, 2020, 40, 3517-3532.	1.7	62
14	Blockade of spinal $\hat{1}\pm 5$ -GABAA receptors differentially reduces reserpine-induced fibromyalgia-type pain in female rats. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2019, 858, 172443.	1.7	23
15	Fructose-Induced Insulin Resistance as a Model of Neuropathic Pain in Rats. Neuroscience, 2019, 404, 233-245.	1.1	16
16	$\hat{1}\pm 5$ GABAA receptors play a pronociceptive role and avoid the rate-dependent depression of the Hoffmann reflex in diabetic neuropathic pain and reduce primary afferent excitability. Pain, 2019, 160, 1448-1458.	2.0	16
17	Activation of the integrated stress response in nociceptors drives methylglyoxal-induced pain. Pain, 2019, 160, 160-171.	2.0	45
18	Possible involvement of peripheral TRP channels in the hydrogen sulfide-induced hyperalgesia in diabetic rats. BMC Neuroscience, 2019, 20, 1.	0.8	59

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19	Peripheral and spinal TRPA1 channels contribute to formalin-induced long-lasting mechanical hypersensitivity. <i>Journal of Pain Research</i> , 2018, Volume 11, 51-60.	0.8	17
20	Assessment of the antinociceptive and ulcerogenic activity of the tapentadol+diclofenac combination in rodents. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2018, 79, 38-44.	1.4	4
21	Anion exchanger 3 in dorsal root ganglion contributes to nerve injury-induced chronic mechanical allodynia and thermal hyperalgesia. <i>Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 70, 374-382.	1.2	2
22	Antinociceptive effect of (âˆ’)-epicatechin in inflammatory and neuropathic pain in rats. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 29, 270-279.	0.8	16
23	Evaluation of the neonatal streptozotocin model of diabetes in rats: Evidence for a model of neuropathic pain. <i>Pharmacological Reports</i> , 2018, 70, 294-303.	1.5	26
24	Sex differences and estradiol involvement in hyperalgesia and allodynia in an experimental model of fibromyalgia. <i>Hormones and Behavior</i> , 2018, 97, 39-46.	1.0	28
25	L-655,708 + , 2018, , .		0
26	Some Prospective Alternatives for Treating Pain: The Endocannabinoid System and Its Putative Receptors GPR18 and GPR55. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 9, 1496.	1.6	67
27	ATF2, but not ATF3, participates in the maintenance of nerve injury-induced tactile allodynia and thermal hyperalgesia. <i>Molecular Pain</i> , 2018, 14, 174480691878742.	1.0	12
28	Formalin injection produces long-lasting hypersensitivity with characteristics of neuropathic pain. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2017, 797, 83-93.	1.7	45
29	Spinal 5-HT 4 and 5-HT 6 receptors contribute to the maintenance of neuropathic pain in rats. <i>Pharmacological Reports</i> , 2017, 69, 916-923.	1.5	20
30	The Antinociceptive Effect of a Tapentadol+Ketorolac Combination in a Mouse Model of Trigeminal Pain is Mediated by Opioid Receptors and ATP-sensitive K ⁺ Channels. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2017, 78, 63-70.	1.4	8
31	Toluene exposure enhances acute and chronic formalin-induced nociception in rats: Participation of 5-HT 3 receptors. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2017, 63, 97-105.	1.4	3
32	Ultra-low Doses of Naltrexone Enhance the Antiallodynic Effect of Pregabalin or Gabapentin in Neuropathic Rats. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2017, 78, 371-380.	1.4	10
33	Tonically Active $\alpha 5$ GABAA Receptors Reduce Motoneuron Excitability and Decrease the Monosynaptic Reflex. <i>Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 11, 283.	1.8	7
34	The $\alpha 5$ subunit containing GABAA receptors contribute to chronic pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2016, 157, 613-626.	2.0	46
35	Predominant role of spinal P2Y 1 receptors in the development of neuropathic pain in rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2016, 1636, 43-51.	1.1	19
36	Role of 5-HT5A and 5-HT1B/1D receptors in the antinociception produced by ergotamine and valerenic acid in the rat formalin test. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2016, 781, 109-116.	1.7	12

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37	Role of spinal 5-HT ₂ receptors subtypes in formalin-induced long-lasting hypersensitivity. <i>Pharmacological Reports</i> , 2016, 68, 434-442.	1.5	20
38	Role of Anoctamin-1 and Bestrophin-1 in Spinal Nerve Ligation-Induced Neuropathic Pain in Rats. <i>Molecular Pain</i> , 2015, 11, s12990-015-0042.	1.0	37
39	5-HT _{2B} Receptor Antagonists Reduce Nerve Injury-Induced Tactile Allodynia and Expression of 5-HT _{2B} Receptors. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2015, 76, 31-39.	1.4	15
40	Fosinopril Prevents the Development of Tactile Allodynia in a Streptozotocin-Induced Diabetic Rat Model. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2015, 76, 442-449.	1.4	13
41	Celecoxib reduces hyperalgesia and tactile allodynia in diabetic rats. <i>Pharmacological Reports</i> , 2015, 67, 545-552.	1.5	11
42	Role of spinal 5-HT _{5A} , and 5-HT _{1A/1B/1D} , receptors in neuropathic pain induced by spinal nerve ligation in rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2015, 1622, 377-385.	1.1	51
43	Antinociceptive properties of selective MT ₂ melatonin receptor partial agonists. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 764, 424-432.	1.7	32
44	Selective melatonin MT ₂ receptor ligands relieve neuropathic pain through modulation of brainstem descending antinociceptive pathways. <i>Pain</i> , 2015, 156, 305-317.	2.0	68
45	Participation of peripheral P _{2Y1} , P _{2Y6} and P _{2Y11} receptors in formalin-induced inflammatory pain in rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2015, 128, 23-32.	1.3	39
46	Opioids and Opiates: Pharmacology, Abuse, and Addiction. , 2015, , 1-33.		0
47	Anti-allodynic effect of 2-(aminomethyl)adamantane-1-carboxylic acid in a rat model of neuropathic pain: A mechanism dependent on Ca _v 2.2 channel inhibition. <i>Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2014, 22, 1797-1803.	1.4	13
48	Vitamin A increases nerve growth factor and retinoic acid receptor beta and improves diabetic neuropathy in rats. <i>Translational Research</i> , 2014, 164, 196-201.	2.2	15
49	Evidence for the participation of Ca ²⁺ -activated chloride channels in formalin-induced acute and chronic nociception. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2014, 1579, 35-44.	1.1	21
50	Antineuropathic effect of 7-hydroxy-3,4-dihydrocadalin in streptozotocin-induced diabetic rodents. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2014, 14, 129.	3.7	20
51	Role of Spinal P _{2Y6} and P _{2Y11} Receptors in Neuropathic Pain in Rats: Possible Involvement of Glial Cells. <i>Molecular Pain</i> , 2014, 10, 1744-8069-10-29.	1.0	57
52	Role of TRPV1 and ASIC3 in formalin-induced secondary allodynia and hyperalgesia. <i>Pharmacological Reports</i> , 2014, 66, 964-971.	1.5	12
53	Spinal 5-HT _{5A} receptors mediate 5-HT-induced antinociception in several pain models in rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2014, 120, 25-32.	1.3	36
54	Inhibition of peripheral anion exchanger 3 decreases formalin-induced pain. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 738, 91-100.	1.7	7

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55	Evidence for the participation of peripheral $\alpha 5$ subunit-containing GABAA receptors in GABAA agonists-induced nociception in rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 734, 91-97.	1.7	21
56	Analysis of the mechanisms underlying the antinociceptive effect of epicatechin in diabetic rats. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2013, 93, 637-645.	2.0	9
57	Peripheral and spinal 5-HT receptors participate in the pronociceptive and antinociceptive effects of fluoxetine in rats. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 252, 396-409.	1.1	41
58	Evidence for the participation of peripheral 5-HT2A, 5-HT2B, and 5-HT2C receptors in formalin-induced secondary mechanical allodynia and hyperalgesia. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 232, 169-181.	1.1	18
59	Role of 5-HT1B/1D receptors in the reduction of formalin-induced nociception and secondary allodynia/hyperalgesia produced by antimigraine drugs in rats. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2013, 92, 1046-1054.	2.0	12
60	B-vitamin Mixture Improves the Analgesic Effect of Diclofenac in Patients with Osteoarthritis: A Double Blind Study. <i>Drug Research</i> , 2013, 63, 289-292.	0.7	21
61	Role of NHE1 in Nociception. <i>Pain Research and Treatment</i> , 2013, 2013, 1-8.	1.7	12
62	The $\alpha 1$ -adrenoreceptor antagonist combination reduces neuropathic pain in rats. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2013, 17, 1365-1373.	1.4	26
63	Ketorolac Tromethamine Improves the Analgesic Effect of Hyoscine Butylbromide in Patients with Intense Cramping Pain from Gastrointestinal or Genitourinary Origin. <i>Arzneimittelforschung</i> , 2012, 62, 603-608.	0.5	3
64	Blockade of peripheral and spinal Na^+/H^+ exchanger increases formalin-induced long-lasting mechanical allodynia and hyperalgesia in rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2012, 1475, 19-30.	1.1	12
65	Pre-emptive analgesia with the combination of tramadol plus meloxicam for third molar surgery: a pilot study. <i>British Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery</i> , 2012, 50, 673-677.	0.4	21
66	Secondary mechanical allodynia and hyperalgesia depend on descending facilitation mediated by spinal 5-HT4, 5-HT6 and 5-HT7 receptors. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 222, 379-391.	1.1	37
67	N-(4-Methoxy-2-nitrophenyl)hexadecanamide, a palmitoylethanolamide analogue, reduces formalin-induced nociception. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2012, 91, 1288-1294.	2.0	9
68	Role of peripheral and spinal 5-HT3 receptors in development and maintenance of formalin-induced long-term secondary allodynia and hyperalgesia. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2012, 101, 246-257.	1.3	36
69	Role of peripheral and spinal 5-HT2B receptors in formalin-induced nociception. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2012, 102, 30-35.	1.3	30
70	Role of ATP-sensitive K^+ channels in the antinociception induced by non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs in streptozotocin-diabetic and non-diabetic rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2012, 102, 163-169.	1.3	23
71	Synergism between tramadol and meloxicam in the formalin test involves both opioidergic and serotonergic pathways. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2012, 73, 43-50.	1.4	7
72	Role of the spinal Na^+/H^+ exchanger in formalin-induced nociception. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2011, 501, 4-9.	1.0	12

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73	Relationship Between Paracetamol Plasma Levels and its Analgesic Effect in the Rat. <i>Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 44, 741-744.	1.2	24
74	Role of peripheral 5-HT ₄ , 5-HT ₆ , and 5-HT ₇ receptors in development and maintenance of secondary mechanical allodynia and hyperalgesia. <i>Pain</i> , 2011, 152, 687-697.	2.0	46
75	Formalin-induced long-term secondary allodynia and hyperalgesia are maintained by descending facilitation. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2011, 98, 417-424.	1.3	38
76	Blockade of 5-HT ₇ receptors reduces tactile allodynia in the rat. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2011, 99, 591-597.	1.3	36
77	Proglumide enhances the antinociceptive effect of cyclooxygenase inhibitors in diabetic rats in the formalin test. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 664, 8-13.	1.7	4
78	Synergistic interaction of diclofenac, benfotiamine, and resveratrol in experimental acute pain. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2011, 72, 397-404.	1.4	1
79	Sildenafil and glyceryl trinitrate reduce tactile allodynia in streptozotocin-injected rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 631, 17-23.	1.7	6
80	Antinociceptive effect of 7-hydroxy-3,4-dihydrocadalin isolated from <i>Heterotheca inuloides</i> : Role of peripheral 5-HT ₁ serotonergic receptors. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 649, 154-160.	1.7	14
81	The role of peripheral 5-HT _{1A} , 5-HT _{1B} , 5-HT _{1D} , 5-HT _{1E} and 5-HT _{1F} serotonergic receptors in the reduction of nociception in rats. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 165, 561-568.	1.1	50
82	Acid increases inflammatory pain in rats: Effect of local peripheral ASICs inhibitors. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 603, 56-61.	1.7	39
83	Role of opioid receptors in the reduction of formalin-induced secondary allodynia and hyperalgesia in rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 619, 25-32.	1.7	42
84	Synergistic antiallodynic interaction of the metamizolol-gabapentin combination. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2009, 70, 386-394.	1.4	3
85	Identification of the Na ⁺ /H ⁺ exchanger 1 in dorsal root ganglion and spinal cord: Its possible role in inflammatory nociception. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 160, 156-164.	1.1	16
86	Role of peripheral and spinal 5-HT ₆ receptors according to the rat formalin test. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 162, 444-452.	1.1	44
87	Melatonin: A hormone that modulates pain. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2009, 84, 489-498.	2.0	129
88	Pyritinol reduces nociception and oxidative stress in diabetic rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 590, 170-176.	1.7	17
89	Possible participation of the nitric oxide-cyclic GMP-protein kinase G-K ⁺ channels pathway in the peripheral antinociception of melatonin. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 596, 70-76.	1.7	50
90	Spinal nerve ligation reduces nitric oxide synthase activity and expression: Effect of resveratrol. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2008, 90, 742-747.	1.3	23

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91	Additive interaction between peripheral and central mechanisms involved in the antinociceptive effect of diclofenac in the formalin test in rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2008, 91, 32-37.	1.3	32
92	Resveratrol: A Natural Compound with Pharmacological Potential in Neurodegenerative Diseases. <i>CNS Neuroscience and Therapeutics</i> , 2008, 14, 234-247.	1.9	137
93	Synergistic antiallodynic interaction between gabapentin or carbamazepine and either benfotiamine or cyanocobalamin in neuropathic rats. <i>Methods and Findings in Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 30, 431.	0.8	8
94	Isobolographic Analyses of the Gabapentin-Metamizol Combination after Local Peripheral, Intrathecal and Oral Administration in the Rat. <i>Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 79, 214-222.	0.9	13
95	Oral and spinal melatonin reduces tactile allodynia in rats via activation of MT2 and opioid receptors. <i>Pain</i> , 2007, 132, 273-280.	2.0	74
96	Peripheral participation of cholecystokinin in the morphine-induced peripheral antinociceptive effect in non-diabetic and diabetic rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2007, 52, 788-795.	2.0	22
97	Subcutaneous, intrathecal and periaqueductal grey administration of asimadoline and ICI-204448 reduces tactile allodynia in the rat. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 573, 75-83.	1.7	32
98	Melatonin reduces formalin-induced nociception and tactile allodynia in diabetic rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 577, 203-210.	1.7	62
99	Comparison of antinociceptive efficacy and gastroprotection between celecoxib and diclofenac plus misoprostol in rats. <i>Proceedings of the Western Pharmacology Society</i> , 2007, 50, 69-71.	0.1	2
100	Involvement of cholecystokinin in peripheral nociceptive sensitization during diabetes in rats as revealed by the formalin response. <i>Pain</i> , 2006, 122, 118-125.	2.0	21
101	Benfotiamine relieves inflammatory and neuropathic pain in rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 530, 48-53.	1.7	61
102	The nitric oxide-cyclic GMP-protein kinase G-K+ channel pathway participates in the antiallodynic effect of spinal gabapentin. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 531, 87-95.	1.7	48
103	Possible activation of the NO-cyclic GMP-protein kinase G-K+ channels pathway by gabapentin on the formalin test. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2006, 83, 420-427.	1.3	51
104	Pharmacological evidence for the participation of NO-cyclic GMP-PKG-K+ channel pathway in the antiallodynic action of resveratrol. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2006, 84, 535-542.	1.3	39
105	Thiamine and Cyanocobalamin Relieve Neuropathic Pain in Rats: Synergy with Dexamethasone. <i>Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 77, 53-62.	0.9	37
106	Analysis of the mechanism underlying the peripheral antinociceptive action of sildenafil in the formalin test. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 512, 121-127.	1.7	29
107	Peripheral and spinal mechanisms of antinociceptive action of lumiracoxib. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 513, 81-91.	1.7	35
108	Peripheral participation of the phosphodiesterase 3 on formalin-evoked nociception. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 519, 75-79.	1.7	3

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109	Effect of diabetes on the mechanisms of intrathecal antinociception of sildenafil in rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 527, 60-70.	1.7	31
110	Pharmacological evidence for the activation of Ca ²⁺ -activated K ⁺ channels by meloxicam in the formalin test. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2005, 81, 725-731.	1.3	26
111	Synergistic antinociceptive interaction between acetaminophen or metamizol and B vitamins in the formalin test. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2005, 66, 286-294.	1.4	7
112	Synergic Antinociceptive Interaction between Tramadol and Gabapentin after Local, Spinal and Systemic Administration. <i>Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 74, 200-208.	0.9	32
113	Peripheral and central antinociceptive action of Na ⁺ -K ⁺ -2Cl ⁻ cotransporter blockers on formalin-induced nociception in rats. <i>Pain</i> , 2005, 114, 231-238.	2.0	78
114	Pronociceptive role of peripheral and spinal 5-HT ₇ receptors in the formalin test. <i>Pain</i> , 2005, 117, 182-192.	2.0	87
115	Effect of K ⁺ channel modulators on the antiallodynic effect of gabapentin. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 484, 201-208.	1.7	38
116	Riboflavin reduces hyperalgesia and inflammation but not tactile allodynia in the rat. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 492, 35-40.	1.7	25
117	Oral administration of B vitamins increases the antiallodynic effect of gabapentin in the rat. <i>Proceedings of the Western Pharmacology Society</i> , 2004, 47, 76-9.	0.1	10
118	Antinociceptive synergy between dexamethasone and the B vitamin complex in a neuropathic pain model in the rat. <i>Proceedings of the Western Pharmacology Society</i> , 2004, 47, 88-91.	0.1	5
119	Effect of diclofenac on the antiallodynic activity of vitamin B12 in a neuropathic pain model in the rat. <i>Proceedings of the Western Pharmacology Society</i> , 2004, 47, 92-4.	0.1	9
120	Synergistic effects between codeine and diclofenac after local, spinal and systemic administration. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2003, 76, 463-471.	1.3	43
121	Possible involvement of potassium channels in peripheral antinociception induced by metamizol: lack of participation of ATP-sensitive K ⁺ channels. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2003, 74, 465-470.	1.3	31
122	The NO-cGMP-K ⁺ channel pathway participates in the antinociceptive effect of diclofenac, but not of indomethacin. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2003, 76, 187-195.	1.3	218
123	Pleiotropic effects of resveratrol. <i>Drug News and Perspectives</i> , 2003, 16, 299.	1.9	63
124	Peripheral Antinociceptive Action of Morphine and the Synergistic Interaction with Lamotrigine. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2002, 96, 921-925.	1.3	27
125	Comparison of the antinociceptive effect of celecoxib, diclofenac and resveratrol in the formalin test. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2002, 70, 1669-1676.	2.0	75
126	The peripheral antinociceptive effect of resveratrol is associated with activation of potassium channels. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2002, 43, 917-923.	2.0	87

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127	Pharmacological evidence for the activation of K ⁺ channels by diclofenac. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2002, 438, 85-91.	1.7	99
128	Mechanisms of analgesic action of B vitamins in formalin-induced inflammatory pain. <i>Proceedings of the Western Pharmacology Society</i> , 2002, 45, 144-6.	0.1	8
129	Participation of the nitric oxide-cyclic GMP-ATP-sensitive K ⁺ channel pathway in the antinociceptive action of ketorolac. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 426, 39-44.	1.7	94
130	Evidence for the participation of the nitric oxide-cyclic GMP pathway in the antinociceptive action of meloxicam in the formalin test. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2000, 395, 9-13.	1.7	39
131	Sildenafil produces antinociception and increases morphine antinociception in the formalin test. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2000, 400, 81-87.	1.7	62
132	Effect of coadministration of caffeine and either adenosine agonists or cyclic nucleotides on ketorolac analgesia. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 377, 175-182.	1.7	19
133	Evidence for a peripheral mechanism of action for the potentiation of the antinociceptive effect of morphine by dipyrone. <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 1999, 42, 79-85.	0.3	44
134	Evidence for the participation of the nitric oxide-cyclic GMP pathway in the antinociceptive effect of nimesulide. <i>Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods</i> , 1999, 42, 87-92.	0.3	33
135	Evidence for the involvement of the nitric oxide-cGMP pathway in the antinociception of morphine in the formalin test. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1997, 340, 177-180.	1.7	86
136	Evidence for the involvement of nitric oxide in the antinociceptive effect of ketorolac. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1995, 277, 281-284.	1.7	77