

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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68
papers

7,101
citations

61984

43
h-index

110387

64
g-index

69
all docs

69
docs citations

69
times ranked

2639
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	HGDTI: predicting drug–target interaction by using information aggregation based on heterogeneous graph neural network. BMC Bioinformatics, 2022, 23, 126.	2.6	11
2	Identifying Pupylation Proteins and Sites by Incorporating Multiple Methods. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2022, 13, 849549.	3.5	1
3	iPTT(2L)-CNN: A Two-Layer Predictor for Identifying Promoters and Their Types in Plant Genomes by Convolutional Neural Network. Computational and Mathematical Methods in Medicine, 2021, 2021, 1-9.	1.3	3
4	EMCBOW-GPCR: A method for identifying G-protein coupled receptors based on word embedding and wordbooks. Computational and Structural Biotechnology Journal, 2021, 19, 4961-4969.	4.1	6
5	iCDI-W2vCom: Identifying the Ion Channel–Drug Interaction in Cellular Networking Based on word2vec and node2vec. Frontiers in Genetics, 2021, 12, 738274.	2.3	6
6	Boundary Focal Loss for Class Imbalanced Learning. , 2021, , .		0
7	Identifying GPCR-drug interaction based on wordbook learning from sequences. BMC Bioinformatics, 2020, 21, 150.	2.6	10
8	BOW-GBDT: A GBDT Classifier Combining With Artificial Neural Network for Identifying GPCR–Drug Interaction Based on Wordbook Learning From Sequences. Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology, 2020, 8, 623858.	3.7	16
9	pLoc_bal-mGpos: Predict subcellular localization of Gram-positive bacterial proteins by quasi-balancing training dataset and PseAAC. Genomics, 2019, 111, 886-892.	2.9	87
10	pLoc_bal-mAnimal: predict subcellular localization of animal proteins by balancing training dataset and PseAAC. Bioinformatics, 2019, 35, 398-406.	4.1	89
11	Identifying Acetylation Protein by Fusing Its PseAAC and Functional Domain Annotation. Frontiers in Bioengineering and Biotechnology, 2019, 7, 311.	4.1	10
12	pLoc_bal-mHum: Predict subcellular localization of human proteins by PseAAC and quasi-balancing training dataset. Genomics, 2019, 111, 1274-1282.	2.9	63
13	iPSW(2L)-PseKNC: A two-layer predictor for identifying promoters and their strength by hybrid features via pseudo K-tuple nucleotide composition. Genomics, 2019, 111, 1785-1793.	2.9	60
14	iPPI-PseAAC(CGR): Identify protein-protein interactions by incorporating chaos game representation into PseAAC. Journal of Theoretical Biology, 2019, 460, 195-203.	1.7	88
15	pLoc_bal-mVirus: Predict Subcellular Localization of Multi-Label Virus Proteins by Chou's General PseAAC and IHTS Treatment to Balance Training Dataset. Medicinal Chemistry, 2019, 15, 496-509.	1.5	50
16	pLoc_bal-mEuk: Predict Subcellular Localization of Eukaryotic Proteins by General PseAAC and Quasi-balancing Training Dataset. Medicinal Chemistry, 2019, 15, 472-485.	1.5	44
17	iAI-DSAE: A Computational Method for Adenosine to Inosine Editing Site Prediction. Letters in Organic Chemistry, 2019, 16, 347-355.	0.5	1
18	iKcr-PseEns: Identify lysine crotonylation sites in histone proteins with pseudo components and ensemble classifier. Genomics, 2018, 110, 239-246.	2.9	127

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	pLoc_bal-mGneg: Predict subcellular localization of Gram-negative bacterial proteins by quasi-balancing training dataset and general PseAAC. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2018, 458, 92-102.	1.7	71
20	PAI-SAE: Predicting Adenosine To Inosine Editing Sites Based On Hybrid Features By Using Spare Auto-Encoder. <i>IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science</i> , 2018, 170, 052018.	0.3	3
21	iATC-mISF: a multi-label classifier for predicting the classes of anatomical therapeutic chemicals. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2017, 33, 341-346.	4.1	139
22	iPhosâ€PseEvo: Identifying Human Phosphorylated Proteins by Incorporating Evolutionary Information into General PseAAC via Grey System Theory. <i>Molecular Informatics</i> , 2017, 36, 1600010.	2.5	94
23	iSS-PC: Identifying Splicing Sites via Physical-Chemical Properties Using Deep Sparse Auto-Encoder. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 8222.	3.3	21
24	An improved multilevel thresholding approach based modified bacterial foraging optimization. <i>Applied Intelligence</i> , 2017, 46, 214-226.	5.3	45
25	iRNA _m 5C-PseDNC: identifying RNA 5-methylcytosine sites by incorporating physical-chemical properties into pseudo dinucleotide composition. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 41178-41188.	1.8	191
26	iDHSs-PseTNC: Identifying DNase I Hypersensitive Sites with Pseuo Trinucleotide Component by Deep Sparse Auto-encoder. <i>Letters in Organic Chemistry</i> , 2017, 14, .	0.5	12
27	iROS-gPseKNC: Predicting replication origin sites in DNA by incorporating dinucleotide position-specific propensity into general pseudo nucleotide composition. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 34180-34189.	1.8	118
28	iPPBS-Opt: A Sequence-Based Ensemble Classifier for Identifying Protein-Protein Binding Sites by Optimizing Imbalanced Training Datasets. <i>Molecules</i> , 2016, 21, 95.	3.8	142
29	iHyd-PseCp: Identify hydroxyproline and hydroxylysine in proteins by incorporating sequence-coupled effects into general PseAAC. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 44310-44321.	1.8	150
30	iCar-PseCp: identify carbonylation sites in proteins by Monte Carlo sampling and incorporating sequence coupled effects into general PseAAC. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 34558-34570.	1.8	176
31	pSumo-CD: predicting sumoylation sites in proteins with covariance discriminant algorithm by incorporating sequence-coupled effects into general PseAAC. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2016, 32, 3133-3141.	4.1	177
32	Classifying Multifunctional Enzymes by Incorporating Three Different Models into Chouâ€™s General Pseudo Amino Acid Composition. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 2016, 249, 551-557.	2.1	32
33	iAFP-Ense: An Ensemble Classifier for Identifying Antifreeze Protein by Incorporating Grey Model and PSSM into PseAAC. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 2016, 249, 845-854.	2.1	25
34	pSuc-Lys: Predict lysine succinylation sites in proteins with PseAAC and ensemble random forest approach. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2016, 394, 223-230.	1.7	297
35	pRNA _m -PC: Predicting N6-methyladenosine sites in RNA sequences via physicalâ€™chemical properties. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 497, 60-67.	2.4	247
36	iSuc-PseOpt: Identifying lysine succinylation sites in proteins by incorporating sequence-coupling effects into pseudo components and optimizing imbalanced training dataset. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 497, 48-56.	2.4	254

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37	Identification of protein-protein binding sites by incorporating the physicochemical properties and stationary wavelet transforms into pseudo amino acid composition. <i>Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics</i> , 2016, 34, 1946-1961.	3.5	120
38	Predicting the Functional Types of Singleplex and Multiplex Eukaryotic Membrane Proteins via Different Models of Chou's Pseudo Amino Acid Compositions. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 2016, 249, 23-29.	2.1	24
39	Prediction of Protein-Protein Interactions with Physicochemical Descriptors and Wavelet Transform via Random Forests. <i>Journal of the Association for Laboratory Automation</i> , 2016, 21, 368-377.	2.8	13
40	iPhos-PseEn: Identifying phosphorylation sites in proteins by fusing different pseudo components into an ensemble classifier. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 51270-51283.	1.8	142
41	Benchmark data for identifying DNA methylation sites via pseudo trinucleotide composition. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2015, 4, 87-89.	1.0	8
42	iCataly-PseAAC: Identification of Enzymes Catalytic Sites Using Sequence Evolution Information with Grey Model GM (2,1). <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 2015, 248, 1033-1041.	2.1	10
43	iMem-Seq: A Multi-label Learning Classifier for Predicting Membrane Proteins Types. <i>Journal of Membrane Biology</i> , 2015, 248, 745-752.	2.1	19
44	iUbiqu-Lys: prediction of lysine ubiquitination sites in proteins by extracting sequence evolution information via a gray system model. <i>Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics</i> , 2015, 33, 1731-1742.	3.5	149
45	iDrug-Target: predicting the interactions between drug compounds and target proteins in cellular networking via benchmark dataset optimization approach. <i>Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics</i> , 2015, 33, 2221-2233.	3.5	185
46	iRSpot-TNCPseAAC: Identify Recombination Spots with Trinucleotide Composition and Pseudo Amino Acid Components. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2014, 15, 1746-1766.	4.1	227
47	iNR-Drug: Predicting the Interaction of Drugs with Nuclear Receptors in Cellular Networking. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2014, 15, 4915-4937.	4.1	71
48	iLoc-Animal: a multi-label learning classifier for predicting subcellular localization of animal proteins. <i>Molecular BioSystems</i> , 2013, 9, 634.	2.9	245
49	iAMP-2L: A two-level multi-label classifier for identifying antimicrobial peptides and their functional types. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 436, 168-177.	2.4	442
50	iCDI-PseFpt: Identify the channel-drug interaction in cellular networking with PseAAC and molecular fingerprints. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2013, 337, 71-79.	1.7	113
51	iEzy-Drug: A Web Server for Identifying the Interaction between Enzymes and Drugs in Cellular Networking. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2013, 2013, 1-13.	1.9	73
52	iGPCR-Drug: A Web Server for Predicting Interaction between GPCRs and Drugs in Cellular Networking. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e72234.	2.5	106
53	Predict Drug-Protein Interaction in Cellular Networking. <i>Current Topics in Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2013, 13, 1707-1712.	2.1	29
54	Similarity-based spectral clustering ensemble selection. , 2012, , .		21

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55	iLoc-Hum: using the accumulation-label scale to predict subcellular locations of human proteins with both single and multiple sites. <i>Molecular BioSystems</i> , 2012, 8, 629-641.	2.9	335
56	iLoc-Gpos: A Multi-Layer Classifier for Predicting the Subcellular Localization of Singleplex and Multiplex Gram-Positive Bacterial Proteins. <i>Protein and Peptide Letters</i> , 2012, 19, 4-14.	0.9	138
57	iNR-PhysChem: A Sequence-Based Predictor for Identifying Nuclear Receptors and Their Subfamilies via Physical-Chemical Property Matrix. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e30869.	2.5	81
58	iLoc-Plant: a multi-label classifier for predicting the subcellular localization of plant proteins with both single and multiple sites. <i>Molecular BioSystems</i> , 2011, 7, 3287.	2.9	198
59	A Multi-Label Classifier for Predicting the Subcellular Localization of Gram-Negative Bacterial Proteins with Both Single and Multiple Sites. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e20592.	2.5	235
60	iDNA-Prot: Identification of DNA Binding Proteins Using Random Forest with Grey Model. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e24756.	2.5	255
61	Quat-2L: a web-server for predicting protein quaternary structural attributes. <i>Molecular Diversity</i> , 2011, 15, 149-155.	3.9	49
62	Bagging-based spectral clustering ensemble selection. <i>Pattern Recognition Letters</i> , 2011, 32, 1456-1467.	4.2	86
63	iLoc-Virus: A multi-label learning classifier for identifying the subcellular localization of virus proteins with both single and multiple sites. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2011, 284, 42-51.	1.7	252
64	iLoc-Euk: A Multi-Label Classifier for Predicting the Subcellular Localization of Singleplex and Multiplex Eukaryotic Proteins. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e18258.	2.5	298
65	NR-2L: A Two-Level Predictor for Identifying Nuclear Receptor Subfamilies Based on Sequence-Derived Features. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e23505.	2.5	88
66	Using AdaboostSVM to Predict the GPCR Functional Classes. <i>International Conference on Bioinformatics and Biomedical Engineering: [proceedings] International Conference on Bioinformatics and Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2010, , .	0.0	0
67	Predicting protein structural classes with pseudo amino acid composition: An approach using geometric moments of cellular automaton image. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2008, 254, 691-696.	1.7	126
68	DTI-BERT: Identifying Drug-Target Interactions in Cellular Networking Based on BERT and Deep Learning Method. <i>Frontiers in Genetics</i> , 0, 13, .	2.3	7