

# Lorenzo Nevi

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

42  
papers

428  
citations

686830

13  
h-index

839053

18  
g-index

42  
all docs

42  
docs citations

42  
times ranked

798  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	New insights into cholangiocarcinoma: multiple stems and related cell lineages of origin. <i>Annals of Gastroenterology</i> , 2017, 31, 42-55.	0.4	60
2	Peribiliary Gland Niche Participates in Biliary Tree Regeneration in Mouse and in Human Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis. <i>Hepatology</i> , 2020, 71, 972-989.	3.6	40
3	BETs inhibition attenuates oxidative stress and preserves muscle integrity in Duchenne muscular dystrophy. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 6108.	5.8	36
4	Hyaluronan coating improves liver engraftment of transplanted human biliary tree stem/progenitor cells. <i>Stem Cell Research and Therapy</i> , 2017, 8, 68.	2.4	32
5	Simulated microgravity promotes the formation of tridimensional cultures and stimulates pluripotency and a glycolytic metabolism in human hepatic and biliary tree stem/progenitor cells. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 5559.	1.6	30
6	The FXR agonist obeticholic acid inhibits the cancerogenic potential of human cholangiocarcinoma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0210077.	1.1	29
7	DCLK1, a Putative Stem Cell Marker in Human Cholangiocarcinoma. <i>Hepatology</i> , 2021, 73, 144-159.	3.6	29
8	Sensitivity of Human Intrahepatic Cholangiocarcinoma Subtypes to Chemotherapeutics and Molecular Targeted Agents: A Study on Primary Cell Cultures. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0142124.	1.1	27
9	Activation of Fas/FasL pathway and the role of c-FLIP in primary culture of human cholangiocarcinoma cells. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 14419.	1.6	27
10	Functions and the Emerging Role of the Foetal Liver into Regenerative Medicine. <i>Cells</i> , 2019, 8, 914.	1.8	25
11	Peribiliary Glands as a Niche of Extrapancreatic Precursors Yielding Insulin-Producing Cells in Experimental and Human Diabetes. <i>Stem Cells</i> , 2016, 34, 1332-1342.	1.4	22
12	Cryopreservation protocol for human biliary tree stem/progenitors, hepatic and pancreatic precursors. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 6080.	1.6	22
13	Metformin exerts anti-cancerogenic effects and reverses epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition trait in primary human intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma cells. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 2557.	1.6	16
14	Adult Human Biliary Tree Stem Cells Differentiate to $\beta$ -Pancreatic Islet Cells by Treatment with a Recombinant Human Pdx1 Peptide. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0134677.	1.1	13
15	Hyaluronan-Based Grafting Strategies for Liver Stem Cell Therapy and Tracking Methods. <i>Stem Cells International</i> , 2019, 2019, 1-12.	1.2	9
16	Cholest-4,6-Dien-3-One Promote Epithelial-To-Mesenchymal Transition (EMT) in Biliary Tree Stem/Progenitor Cell Cultures In Vitro. <i>Cells</i> , 2019, 8, 1443.	1.8	6
17	Islet Regeneration and Pancreatic Duct Glands in Human and Experimental Diabetes. <i>Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2022, 10, 814165.	1.8	4
18	Microgravity maintains stemness and enhance glycolytic metabolism in human hepatic and biliary tree stem/progenitor cells. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2017, 49, e14.	0.4	1

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19	P103 SUCCESSFUL CRYOPRESERVATION OF HUMAN BILIARY TREE STEM/PROGENITOR CELLS (hbTSCS) ISOLATED FROM ADULT LIVER BASED ON GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICE. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2014, 60, S100-S101.	1.8	0
20	Transplantation of stem/progenitor cells isolated from human fetal biliary tree into two patients with advanced liver cirrhosis. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2014, 46, e139-e140.	0.4	0
21	P.01.9 SUCCESSFUL CRYOPRESERVATION OF HUMAN BILIARY TREE STEM/PROGENITOR CELLS (HBTSCS) ISOLATED FROM ADULT LIVER BASED ON GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICE (GMP). <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2014, 46, S55.	0.4	0
22	Biliary Tree and Peribiliary Glands as a Niche of Extra-Pancreatic Precursors Yielding Insulin-Producing Cells in Experimental and Human Diabetes. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2016, 64, S346.	1.8	0
23	PC.01.4 PERIBILIARY GLANDS AS A NICHE OF EXTRA-PANCREATIC INSULIN-PRODUCING AND GLUCOSE-SENSITIVE CELLS. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2016, 48, e69.	0.4	0
24	Metformin reduces cell migration and down-regulates epithelial to mesenchymal transition by AMPK / Foxo3a pathway in human intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2017, 66, S636.	1.8	0
25	A new strategy to improve the liver engraftment efficiency of transplanted human biliary tree stem/progenitor cells (hbTSCs): Cell coating with hyaluronic acid. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2017, 49, e11.	0.4	0
26	Metformin reduces cell migration and down-regulates epithelial to mesenchymal transition (EMT) by AMPK/Foxo3a pathway in human intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma (CCA). <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2017, 49, e13.	0.4	0
27	A new strategy to improve the liver engraftment efficiency of transplanted human biliary tree stem/progenitor cells: cell coating with hyaluronic acid. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2017, 66, S42.	1.8	0
28	OC.13.3: Metformin Inhibits Proliferation, Enhances Apoptosis and Down-Regulates Epithelial to Mesenchymal Transition (EMT) in Human Cholangiocarcinoma (CCA): A Study on Human Primary Cell Cultures. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2017, 49, e113.	0.4	0
29	P.10.2: Hyaluronic Acid Improves the Engraftment Efficiency of Human Biliary Tree Stem/Progenitor Cells (HBTSCS). <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2017, 49, e195-e196.	0.4	0
30	P.10.4: The Differentiation and Metabolism of Human Hepatic and Biliary Tree Stem/Progenitor Cells can be Significantly Modulated by Microgravity. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2017, 49, e196-e197.	0.4	0
31	Simulated microgravity significantly impacts the differentiation and metabolism of human hepatic and biliary tree stem/progenitor cells. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2017, 66, S203.	1.8	0
32	Establishment of expanding 3D-organoids cultures from human fetal biliary tree stem cells (hbTSCs) as a potential tool for regenerative medicine and disease modeling. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2018, 50, 25.	0.4	0
33	Specific human cholangiocarcinoma (CCA) subpopulations of cancer stem cells (CSCs) express DoubleCortin-Like Kinase 1 (DCLK1) and DCLK1 inhibition induces anti-cancer effects. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2018, 50, 5-6.	0.4	0
34	The exposure of primary cultures of human biliary tree stem/progenitor cells (hbTSCs) to different micro-environmental factors induces proliferation, epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) and senescence, which are typical pathological features of human cholangiopathies. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2018, 50, 30.	0.4	0
35	Different micro-environmental factors induce proliferation, epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) and senescence of primary cultures of human biliary tree stem/progenitor cells (hbTSCs), recapitulating the pathological features typical of human cholangiopathies. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2018, 68, S124-S125.	1.8	0
36	The cancerogenic potential of primary human Cholangiocarcinoma cells is inhibited by Obeticholic Acid, a Farnesoid X Receptor (FXR) agonist. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2018, 50, 22-23.	0.4	0

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37	Development of self-renewing 3D organoid culture from human fetal biliary tree stem cells (hBTSCs) as a potential system for regenerative medicine and disease modelling. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2018, 68, S55-S56.	1.8	0
38	Obeticholic acid, a FXR agonist, inhibits the cancerogenic potential of primary human cholangiocarcinoma (CCA) cells cultures. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2018, 68, S677-S679.	1.8	0
39	PC.01.6 HUMAN DUODENAL SUBMUCOSAL GLANDS CONTAIN STEM CELLS WITH POTENTIAL FOR LIVER AND PANCREATIC FATES. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2019, 51, e73-e74.	0.4	0
40	Human duodenal submucosal glands contain stem cells with potential for liver and pancreatic regenerative medicine. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2019, 51, e3.	0.4	0
41	OC.01.1 BILIARY TREE STEM CELLS PLAY A KEY ROLE IN THE REGENERATION OF BILIARY EPITHELIUM AFTER INJURY. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2019, 51, e77.	0.4	0
42	Therapeutic effects of dexamethasone-loaded hyaluronan nanogels in the experimental cholestasis. <i>Drug Delivery and Translational Research</i> , 2022, , 1.	3.0	0