

# Lykke Sylow

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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57  
papers

2,736  
citations

172207

29  
h-index

189595

50  
g-index

68  
all docs

68  
docs citations

68  
times ranked

3707  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exercise-stimulated glucose uptake â€” regulation and implications for glycaemic control. <i>Nature Reviews Endocrinology</i> , 2017, 13, 133-148.	4.3	312
2	Rac1 Signaling Is Required for Insulin-Stimulated Glucose Uptake and Is Dysregulated in Insulin-Resistant Murine and Human Skeletal Muscle. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2013, 62, 1865-1875.	0.3	159
3	Cytosolic ROS production by NADPH oxidase 2 regulates muscle glucose uptake during exercise. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 4623.	5.8	128
4	Rac1 Is a Novel Regulator of Contraction-Stimulated Glucose Uptake in Skeletal Muscle. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2013, 62, 1139-1151.	0.3	126
5	The many actions of insulin in skeletal muscle, the paramount tissue determining glycemia. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2021, 33, 758-780.	7.2	124
6	Exercise Increases Human Skeletal Muscle Insulin Sensitivity via Coordinated Increases in Microvascular Perfusion and Molecular Signaling. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2017, 66, 1501-1510.	0.3	120
7	Rac1 signalling towards GLUT4/glucose uptake in skeletal muscle. <i>Cellular Signalling</i> , 2011, 23, 1546-1554.	1.7	118
8	Deletion of Skeletal Muscle SOCS3 Prevents Insulin Resistance in Obesity. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2013, 62, 56-64.	0.3	117
9	Akt and Rac1 signaling are jointly required for insulin-stimulated glucose uptake in skeletal muscle and downregulated in insulin resistance. <i>Cellular Signalling</i> , 2014, 26, 323-331.	1.7	117
10	Rac1 governs exerciseâ€”stimulated glucose uptake in skeletal muscle through regulation of GLUT4 translocation in mice. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016, 594, 4997-5008.	1.3	87
11	Overexpression of Monocarboxylate Transporter-1 ( <i>Slc16a1</i> ) in Mouse Pancreatic Î²-Cells Leads to Relative Hyperinsulinism During Exercise. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2012, 61, 1719-1725.	0.3	86
12	Current understanding of increased insulin sensitivity after exercise â€” emerging candidates. <i>Acta Physiologica</i> , 2011, 202, 323-335.	1.8	85
13	Acute mTOR inhibition induces insulin resistance and alters substrate utilization in vivo. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2014, 3, 630-641.	3.0	68
14	LKB1 Regulates Lipid Oxidation During Exercise Independently of AMPK. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2013, 62, 1490-1499.	0.3	66
15	Contraction-stimulated glucose transport in muscle is controlled by AMPK and mechanical stress but not sarcoplasmic reticulum Ca <sup>2+</sup> release. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2014, 3, 742-753.	3.0	65
16	Rac1 â€” a novel regulator of contractionâ€”stimulated glucose uptake in skeletal muscle. <i>Experimental Physiology</i> , 2014, 99, 1574-1580.	0.9	58
17	Stretchâ€”stimulated glucose transport in skeletal muscle is regulated by Rac1. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2015, 593, 645-656.	1.3	58
18	Phosphoproteomics reveals conserved exerciseâ€”stimulated signaling and AMPK regulation of storeâ€”operated calcium entry. <i>EMBO Journal</i> , 2019, 38, e102578.	3.5	54

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19	Housing temperature influences exercise training adaptations in mice. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 1560.	5.8	52
20	Rac1 and AMPK Account for the Majority of Muscle Glucose Uptake Stimulated by Ex Vivo Contraction but Not In Vivo Exercise. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2017, 66, 1548-1559.	0.3	48
21	PT-1 selectively activates AMPK- $\beta$ 1 complexes in mouse skeletal muscle, but activates all three $\beta$ subunit complexes in cultured human cells by inhibiting the respiratory chain. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2015, 467, 461-472.	1.7	47
22	Mechanisms involved in follistatin-induced hypertrophy and increased insulin action in skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle</i> , 2019, 10, 1241-1257.	2.9	47
23	mTORC2 and AMPK differentially regulate muscle triglyceride content via Perilipin 3. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2016, 5, 646-655.	3.0	44
24	Quantitative proteomic characterization of cellular pathways associated with altered insulin sensitivity in skeletal muscle following high-fat diet feeding and exercise training. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 10723.	1.6	44
25	Rho GTPases Emerging Regulators of Glucose Homeostasis and Metabolic Health. <i>Cells</i> , 2019, 8, 434.	1.8	44
26	Mammalian target of rapamycin complex 2 regulates muscle glucose uptake during exercise in mice. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2017, 595, 4845-4855.	1.3	43
27	Rac1 muscle knockout exacerbates the detrimental effect of high-fat diet on insulin-stimulated muscle glucose uptake independently of Akt. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2018, 596, 2283-2299.	1.3	41
28	Current advances in our understanding of exercise as medicine in metabolic disease. <i>Current Opinion in Physiology</i> , 2019, 12, 12-19.	0.9	41
29	Differential effects of high-fat diet and exercise training on bone and energy metabolism. <i>Bone</i> , 2018, 116, 120-134.	1.4	37
30	Interactions between insulin and exercise. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2021, 478, 3827-3846.	1.7	31
31	AMPK and Insulin Action - Responses to Ageing and High Fat Diet. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e62338.	1.1	28
32	$\beta$ -Actin shows limited mobility and is required only for supraphysiological insulin-stimulated glucose transport in young adult soleus muscle. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018, 315, E110-E125.	1.8	25
33	Circulating Follistatin and Activin A and Their Regulation by Insulin in Obesity and Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2020, 105, 1343-1354.	1.8	23
34	Cancer causes metabolic perturbations associated with reduced insulin-stimulated glucose uptake in peripheral tissues and impaired muscle microvascular perfusion. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2020, 105, 154169.	1.5	22
35	Endothelial mechanotransduction proteins and vascular function are altered by dietary sucrose supplementation in healthy young male subjects. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2017, 595, 5557-5571.	1.3	21
36	Insulin-stimulated glucose uptake partly relies on p21-activated kinase (PAK)2, but not PAK1, in mouse skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2020, 598, 5351-5377.	1.3	15

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37	Rac1 in Muscle Is Dispensable for Improved Insulin Action After Exercise in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016, 157, 3009-3015.	1.4	13
38	Is contractionâ€stimulated glucose transport feedforward regulated by Ca <sup>2+</sup> ?. <i>Experimental Physiology</i> , 2014, 99, 1562-1568.	0.9	11
39	Effect of hypoxic exercise on glucose tolerance in healthy and prediabetic adults. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021, 320, E43-E54.	1.8	11
40	Exerciseâ€”A Panacea of Metabolic Dysregulation in Cancer: Physiological and Molecular Insights. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 3469.	1.8	9
41	The p21â€activated kinase 2 (PAK2), but not PAK1, regulates contractionâ€stimulated skeletal muscle glucose transport. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2020, 8, e14460.	0.7	9
42	Genetic variation of macronutrient tolerance in <i>Drosophila melanogaster</i> . <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 1637.	5.8	9
43	Regulation of glycogen synthase in muscle and its role in Type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Management</i> , 2013, 3, 81-90.	0.5	8
44	Acute systemic insulin intolerance does not alter the response of the Akt/GSK-3 pathway to environmental hypoxia in human skeletal muscle. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2015, 115, 1219-1231.	1.2	7
45	Cancer causes dysfunctional insulin signaling and glucose transport in a muscleâ€typeâ€specific manner. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2022, 36, e22211.	0.2	7
46	Incidence of New-Onset Type 2 Diabetes After Cancer: A Danish Cohort Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2022, 45, e105-e106.	4.3	7
47	The Cancer Drug Dasatinib Increases PGC-1Î± in Adipose Tissue but Has Adverse Effects on Glucose Tolerance in Obese Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016, 157, 4184-4191.	1.4	5
48	Decreased spontaneous activity in AMPK Î±2 muscle specific kinase dead mice is not caused by changes in brain dopamine metabolism. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2016, 164, 300-305.	1.0	5
49	Integrinâ€associated ILK and PINCH1 protein content are reduced in skeletal muscle of maintenance haemodialysis patients. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2020, 598, 5701-5716.	1.3	5
50	Exercise increases phosphorylation of the putative mTORC2 activity readout NDRG1 in human skeletal muscle. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2022, 322, E63-E73.	1.8	4
51	Effects of Roux-en-Y gastric bypass on circulating follistatin, activin A, and peripheral ActRIIB signaling in humans with obesity and type 2 diabetes. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2021, 45, 316-325.	1.6	3
52	Three challenges of being a scientist in an age of misinformation. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2021, 599, 1937-1938.	1.3	3
53	Tyrosine 397 phosphorylation is critical for FAK-promoted Rac1 activation and invasive properties in oral squamous cell carcinoma cells. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2016, 96, 1026-1026.	1.7	1
54	Reply from Lykke Sylow, Lisbeth L. V. MÃ¸ller, Maximilian Kleinert, Erik A. Richter and Thomas E. Jensen. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2015, 593, 2239-2240.	1.3	0

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55	Editorial: Skeletal Muscle Immunometabolism. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2021, 12, 683088.	1.3	0
56	Muscle-specific deletion of mTORC2 (Rictor) blocks insulin stimulated Akt Ser 473 phosphorylation and impairs submaximal but not maximal insulin induced glucose uptake. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2013, 27, 1109.10.	0.2	0
57	Rac1 is a novel regulator of stretch-induced glucose uptake in muscle. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2013, 27, 1152.7.	0.2	0