Junaid Abdul Razzak

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

112
papers2,421
citations25
h-index45
g-index128
ext. papers2,994
ext. citations3.3
avg, IF5.53
L-index

#	Paper Paper	IF	Citations
112	Association of adolescents Windependent mobility with road traffic injuries in Karachi, Pakistan: a cross-sectional study <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022 , 12, e057206	3	O
111	Documenting response to COVID-individual and systems successes and challenges: a longitudinal qualitative study <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2022 , 22, 656	2.9	
110	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training strategies in the times of COVID-19: a systematic literature review comparing different training methodologies. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Trauma, Resuscitation and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 29, 53	3.6	6
109	Factors Associated With Child Maltreatment Among Children Aged 11 to 17 Years in Community Settings of Karachi, Pakistan, Using Belsky Ecological Framework. <i>Journal of Interpersonal Violence</i> , 2021 , 36, 297-313	2.2	8
108	Global trends in adolescentsVroad traffic injury mortality, 1990-2019. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2021 ,	2.2	1
107	Effective Community-Based Interventions for the Prevention and Management of Heat-Related Illnesses: A Scoping Review. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021 , 18,	4.6	1
106	Estimation of the burden of out-of-hospital traumatic cardiac arrest in Karachi, Pakistan, using a cross-sectional capture-recapture analysis. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 13, 26	3.9	1
105	Initial estimates of COVID-19 infections in hospital workers in the United States during the first wave of pandemic. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0242589	3.7	6
104	Telemedicine in the United States: An Introduction for Students and Residents. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020 , 22, e20839	7.6	16
103	Applying the Three Delays Model to understand emergency care seeking and delivery in rural Bangladesh: a qualitative study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e042690	3	0
102	Cost-effectiveness and return on investment of protecting health workers in low- and middle-income countries during the COVID-19 pandemic. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0240503	3.7	14
101	Physical and mental health impacts of COVID-19 on healthcare workers: a scoping review. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020 , 13, 40	3.9	266
100	Perception of the healthcare professionals towards the current trauma and emergency care system in Kabul, Afghanistan: a mixed method study. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2020 , 20, 991	2.9	
99	Global, regional and national burden of emergency medical diseases using specific emergency disease indicators: analysis of the 2015 Global Burden of Disease Study. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019 , 4, e00	00733	31
98	Use of Telemedicine to Screen Patients in the Emergency Department: Matched Cohort Study Evaluating Efficiency and Patient Safety of Telemedicine. <i>JMIR Medical Informatics</i> , 2019 , 7, e11233	3.6	25
97	Advancing research on the economic value of emergency care. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001768	6.6	2
96	Advancing research on emergency care systems in low-income and middle-income countries: ensuring high-quality care delivery systems. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019 , 4, e001265	6.6	18

(2015-2019)

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77	Clothing-related motorcycle injuries in Pakistan: findings from a surveillance study. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2015 , 22, 308-13	1.8	9
76	Intentional and unintentional poisoning in Pakistan: a pilot study using the Emergency Departments surveillance project. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S2	2.4	5
75	Burn injury characteristics: findings from Pakistan National Emergency Department Surveillance Study. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S5	2.4	18
74	Uncovering the burden of intentional injuries among children and adolescents in the emergency department. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S6	2.4	6
73	The Pakistan National Emergency Department Surveillance Study (Pak-NEDS): Introducing a pilot surveillance. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S1	2.4	4
72	Establishing a National Emergency Department Surveillance: an innovative study from Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, I1	2.4	3
71	Emergency care of traumatic brain injuries in Pakistan: a multicenter study. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S12	2.4	7
70	Characteristics of chest pain and its acute management in a low-middle income country: analysis of emergency department surveillance data from Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S13	2.4	6
69	Pattern of fall injuries in Pakistan: the Pakistan National Emergency Department Surveillance (Pak-NEDS) study. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S3	2.4	11
68	Bomb blast injuries: an exploration of patient characteristics and outcome using Pakistan National Emergency Departments Surveillance (Pak-NEDS) data. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S7	2.4	4
67	Dead on arrival in a low-income country: results from a multicenter study in Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S8	2.4	7
66	Ambulance use in Pakistan: an analysis of surveillance data from emergency departments in Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 15 Suppl 2, S9	2.4	8
65	Country level economic disparities in child injury mortality. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2015 , 100 Suppl 1, S29-33	2.2	13
64	Can trained field community workers identify stroke using a stroke symptom questionnaire as well as neurologists? Adaptation and validation of a community worker administered stroke symptom questionnaire in a peri-urban Pakistani community. <i>Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases</i> ,	2.8	2
63	Differences in risk-adjusted outcome of road traffic injuries in urban tertiary care centers of Pakistan. <i>JPMA the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association</i> , 2015 , 65, 984-9	0.4	4
62	Insights on the effects of patient perceptions and awareness on ambulance usage in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Emergency Medicine Journal</i> , 2014 , 31, 990-3	1.5	11
61	Development and pilot implementation of a locally developed Trauma Registry: lessons learnt in a low-income country. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2013 , 13, 4	2.4	39
60	Health care personnel and workplace violence in the emergency departments of a volatile metropolis: results from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2013 , 45, 761-72	1.5	60

59	Non-communicable diseases and injuries in Pakistan: strategic priorities. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2013 , 381, 2281-90) 40	57
58	Home injury risks to young children in Karachi, Pakistan: a pilot study. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2013 , 98, 881-6	2.2	8
57	Variations in sub-national road traffic fatality trends in a low-income country. <i>International Journal of Critical Illness and Injury Science</i> , 2013 , 3, 25-30	0.7	2
56	The use of non-standard motorcycle helmets in low- and middle-income countries: a multicentre study. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2013 , 19, 158-63	3.2	23
55	A child an hour: burden of injury deaths among children under 5 in Pakistan. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2013 , 98, 867-71	2.2	19
54	Commercial vehicles and road safety in Pakistan: exploring high-risk attributes among drivers and vehicles. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2013 , 20, 331-8	1.8	10
53	Disseminating childhood home injury risk reduction information in Pakistan: results from a community-based pilot study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2013 , 10, 1113-24	4.6	4
52	Availability and quality of prehospital care on pakistani interurban roads. <i>Annals of Advances in Automotive Medicine</i> , 2013 , 57, 257-64		11
51	Alcohol and marijuana use while drivingan unexpected crash risk in Pakistani commercial drivers: a cross-sectional survey. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012 , 12, 145	4.1	19
50	Understanding unintentional childhood home injuries: pilot surveillance data from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2012 , 5, 37	2.3	18
49	A successful model of Road Traffic Injury surveillance in a developing country: process and lessons learnt. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012 , 12, 357	4.1	39
48	World Health Assembly Resolution 60.22 and its importance as a health care policy tool for improving emergency care access and availability globally. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2012 , 60, 35-4	2.1 4.e3	59
47	Childhood unintentional injuries: need for a community-based home injury risk assessments in pakistan. <i>International Journal of Pediatrics (United Kingdom)</i> , 2012 , 2012, 203204	2.1	8
46	Hazard perception at high- and low-risk road sites: a pilot study of interurban roads in Pakistan and Cameroon. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2012 , 18, 158-64	3.2	2
45	Associations of traffic safety attitudes and ticket fixing behaviours with the crash history of Pakistani drivers. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2012 , 19, 351-6	1.8	5
44	Splenic injury after blunt abdominal trauma: an unusual presentation. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2011 , 41, 489-91	1.5	5
43	Unplanned return visit to emergency department: a descriptive study from a tertiary care hospital in a low-income country. <i>European Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2011 , 18, 276-8	2.3	13
42	Understanding the context of balanced scorecard implementation: a hospital-based case study in Pakistan. <i>Implementation Science</i> , 2011 , 6, 31	8.4	23

41	Differences in police, ambulance, and emergency department reporting of traffic injuries on Karachi-Hala road, Pakistan. <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2011 , 4, 75	2.3	17
40	Epidemiology of major incidents: an EMS study from Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2011 , 4, 48	3.9	9
39	Average out-of-pocket healthcare and work-loss costs of traffic injuries in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2011 , 18, 199-204	1.8	12
38	Epidemiological patterns of suicide terrorism in the civilian Pakistani population. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2011 , 18, 205-11	1.8	8
37	Initial results of Pakistan's first road traffic injury surveillance project. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2011 , 18, 213-7	1.8	29
36	Establishing a successful pre-hospital emergency service in a developing country: experience from Rescue 1122 service in Pakistan. <i>Emergency Medicine Journal</i> , 2011 , 28, 513-5	1.5	34
35	Burden and factors associated with highway work-zone crashes, on a section of the Karachi-Hala Road, Pakistan. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2011 , 17, 79-83	3.2	6
34	Injuries due to fall make summer time power outages a potential public health issue. <i>Journal of Emergencies, Trauma and Shock</i> , 2011 , 4, 147-8	1.2	2
33	Influence of an enforcement campaign on seat-belt and helmet wearing, karachi-hala highway, pakistan. <i>Annals of Advances in Automotive Medicine</i> , 2011 , 55, 65-70		3
32	Application of geographical information system (GIS) for mapping road traffic injuries using existing source of data in Karachi, Pakistana pilot study. <i>JPMA the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association</i> , 2011 , 61, 640-3	0.4	7
31	Differences in reporting of violence and deliberate self harm related injuries to health and police authorities, Rawalpindi, Pakistan. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010 , 5, e9373	3.7	9
30	Railway associated injuries in Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2010 , 17, 41-4	1.8	2
29	Concordance between road mortality indicators in high-income and low- and middle-income countries. <i>Traffic Injury Prevention</i> , 2010 , 11, 173-7	1.8	6
28	Diagnosis of enteric fever in the emergency department: a retrospective study from Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2010 , 3, 33-7	3.9	3
27	Placing emergency care on the global agenda. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2010, 56, 142-9	2.1	66
26	Global childhood unintentional injury surveillance in four cities in developing countries: a pilot study. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2009 , 87, 345-52	8.2	132
25	Incidence and pattern of unintentional injuries and resulting disability among children under 5 years of age: results of the National Health Survey of Pakistan. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2009 , 23, 229-38	2.7	39
24	Perceived need for emergency medicine training in Pakistan: a survey of medical education leadership. <i>EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia</i> , 2009 , 21, 143-6	1.5	9

(2004-2009)

23	Firearm injuries presenting to a tertiary care hospital of Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Injury and Violence Research</i> , 2009 , 1, 27-31	1.7	8
22	Cost of treatment of deliberate self-harm. A study from Pakistan. <i>Crisis</i> , 2008 , 29, 213-5	2.8	12
21	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation: outcome and its predictors among hospitalized adult patients in Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 1, 27-34	3.9	15
20	Transport time to trauma facilities in Karachi: an exploratory study. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 1, 201-4	3.9	11
19	Assessing emergency medical care in low income countries: a pilot study from Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008 , 8, 8	2.4	56
18	Knowledge Translation in International Emergency Medical Care. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 14, 1047-1051	3.4	11
17	Emergency department deaths despite active management: experience from a tertiary care centre in a low-income country. <i>EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia</i> , 2007 , 19, 213-7	1.5	10
16	Incidence, patterns and severity of reported unintentional injuries in Pakistan for persons five years and older: results of the National Health Survey of Pakistan 1990-94. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2007 , 7, 152	4.1	54
15	Knowledge translation in international emergency medical care. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 14, 1047-51	3.4	6
14	Abdominal pain with rigidity secondary to the anti-emetic drug metoclopramide. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 30, 411-3	1.5	7
13	Initial diagnostic categories of patients presenting to four major emergency departments in Karachi. <i>Journal of the College of Physicians and SurgeonsPakistan: JCPSP</i> , 2006 , 16, 680-1	0.7	2
12	Limitations of secondary data sets for road traffic injury epidemiology: a study from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2005 , 9, 355-60	2.8	18
11	Injury prevention and other international public health initiatives. <i>Emergency Medicine Clinics of North America</i> , 2005 , 23, 85-98	1.9	19
10	Research agendas in global emergency medicine. <i>Emergency Medicine Clinics of North America</i> , 2005 , 23, 231-57	1.9	4
9	Attitudes of Pakistani men to domestic violence: a study from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>The Journal of Menis Health & Gender: the Official Journal of the International Society for Menis Health & Gender</i> , 2005 , 2, 49-58		49
8	Computed Tomography and Ultrasonography To Detect Appendicitis. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2005 , 142, 798	8	2
7	Confronting the ethical challenges to informed consent in emergency medicine research. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 11, 1082-9	3.4	35
6	Ethics seminars: the ethical debate on practicing procedures on the newly dead. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 11, 962-6	3.4	15

5	Injuries among children in Karachi, Pakistanwhat, where and how. <i>Public Health</i> , 2004 , 118, 114-20	4	66
4	Injury prevention and control: National Action Plan for NCD Prevention, Control and Health Promotion in Pakistan. <i>JPMA the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association</i> , 2004 , 54, S57-68	0.4	13
3	Emergency medical care in developing countries: is it worthwhile?. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2002 , 80, 900-5	8.2	218
2	Emergency medical services and cultural determinants of an emergency in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2001 , 5, 312-6	2.8	43
1	Estimating deaths and injuries due to road traffic accidents in Karachi, Pakistan, through the capture-recapture method. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1998 , 27, 866-70	7.8	96