

Junaid Abdul Razzak

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

118
papers

3,595
citations

159358

30
h-index

161609

54
g-index

128
all docs

128
docs citations

128
times ranked

4305
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Physical and mental health impacts of COVID-19 on healthcare workers: a scoping review. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020, 13, 40.	0.6	506
2	Emergency medical care in developing countries: is it worthwhile?. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2002, 80, 900-5.	1.5	245
3	Global childhood unintentional injury surveillance in four cities in developing countries: a pilot study. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2009, 87, 345-352.	1.5	174
4	Identifying barriers for out of hospital emergency care in low and low-middle income countries: a systematic review. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2018, 18, 291.	0.9	120
5	Estimating deaths and injuries due to road traffic accidents in Karachi, Pakistan, through the capture-recapture method. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1998, 27, 866-870.	0.9	115
6	Workplace Violence and Self-reported Psychological Health: Coping with Post-traumatic Stress, Mental Distress, and Burnout among Physicians Working in the Emergency Departments Compared to Other Specialties in Pakistan. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2016, 50, 167-177.e1.	0.3	96
7	Health Care Personnel and Workplace Violence in the Emergency Departments of a Volatile Metropolis: Results from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2013, 45, 761-772.	0.3	91
8	Non-communicable diseases and injuries in Pakistan: strategic priorities. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2013, 381, 2281-2290.	6.3	86
9	Placing Emergency Care on the Global Agenda. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2010, 56, 142-149.	0.3	79
10	Injuries among children in Karachi, Pakistan—what, where and how. <i>Public Health</i> , 2004, 118, 114-120.	1.4	78
11	Incidence, patterns and severity of reported unintentional injuries in Pakistan for persons five years and older: results of the National Health Survey of Pakistan 1990–94. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2007, 7, 152.	1.2	76
12	Assessing emergency medical care in low income countries: A pilot study from Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008, 8, 8.	0.7	74
13	World Health Assembly Resolution 60.22 and Its Importance as a Health Care Policy Tool for Improving Emergency Care Access and Availability Globally. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2012, 60, 35-44.e3.	0.3	74
14	Global, regional and national burden of emergency medical diseases using specific emergency disease indicators: analysis of the 2015 Global Burden of Disease Study. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e000733.	2.0	68
15	Telemedicine in the United States: An Introduction for Students and Residents. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020, 22, e20839.	2.1	66
16	Attitudes of Pakistani men to domestic violence: a study from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>The Journal of Men's Health & Gender: the Official Journal of the International Society for Men's Health & Gender</i> , 2005, 2, 49-58.	0.3	64
17	Implementation of the World Health Organization Trauma Care Checklist Program in 11 Centers Across Multiple Economic Strata: Effect on Care Process Measures. <i>World Journal of Surgery</i> , 2017, 41, 954-962.	0.8	57
18	A successful model of road traffic injury surveillance in a developing country: process and lessons learnt. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012, 12, 357.	1.2	51

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19	Incidence and pattern of unintentional injuries and resulting disability among children under 5 years of age: results of the National Health Survey of Pakistan. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2009, 23, 229-238.	0.8	49
20	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND CULTURAL DETERMINANTS OF AN EMERGENCY IN KARACHI, PAKISTAN. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2001, 5, 312-316.	1.0	48
21	Development and pilot implementation of a locally developed Trauma Registry: lessons learnt in a low-income country. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2013, 13, 4.	0.7	48
22	Confronting the Ethical Challenges to Informed Consent in Emergency Medicine Research. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004, 11, 1082-1089.	0.8	45
23	Establishing a successful pre-hospital emergency service in a developing country: experience from Rescue 1122 service in Pakistan. <i>Emergency Medicine Journal</i> , 2011, 28, 513-515.	0.4	45
24	Use of Telemedicine to Screen Patients in the Emergency Department: Matched Cohort Study Evaluating Efficiency and Patient Safety of Telemedicine. <i>JMIR Medical Informatics</i> , 2019, 7, e11233.	1.3	41
25	Post-traumatic stress disorder and its predictors in emergency medical service personnel: a cross-sectional study from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017, 17, 26.	0.7	40
26	Initial results of Pakistan's first road traffic injury surveillance project. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2011, 18, 213-217.	1.0	36
27	The use of non-standard motorcycle helmets in low- and middle-income countries: a multicentre study. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2013, 19, 158-163.	1.2	35
28	Emergency care surveillance and emergency care registries in low-income and middle-income countries: conceptual challenges and future directions for research. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001442.	2.0	33
29	Understanding the context of balanced scorecard implementation: a hospital-based case study in Pakistan. <i>Implementation Science</i> , 2011, 6, 31.	2.5	31
30	Alcohol and marijuana use while driving--an unexpected crash risk in Pakistani commercial drivers: a cross-sectional survey. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012, 12, 145.	1.2	31
31	Understanding unintentional childhood home injuries: pilot surveillance data from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2012, 5, 37.	0.6	30
32	Emergency and trauma care in Pakistan: a cross-sectional study of healthcare levels. <i>Emergency Medicine Journal</i> , 2015, 32, 207-213.	0.4	30
33	Epidemiology and outcomes of out-of-hospital cardiac arrest in a developing country-a multicenter cohort study. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2016, 16, 28.	0.7	30
34	Cost-effectiveness and return on investment of protecting health workers in low- and middle-income countries during the COVID-19 pandemic. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0240503.	1.1	30
35	A child an hour: burden of injury deaths among children under 5 in Pakistan. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2013, 98, 867-871.	1.0	27
36	Advancing research on emergency care systems in low-income and middle-income countries: ensuring high-quality care delivery systems. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001265.	2.0	26

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37	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training strategies in the times of COVID-19: a systematic literature review comparing different training methodologies. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Trauma, Resuscitation and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021, 29, 53.	1.1	26
38	Injury prevention and other international public health initiatives. <i>Emergency Medicine Clinics of North America</i> , 2005, 23, 85-98.	0.5	25
39	Burn injury characteristics: findings from Pakistan National Emergency Department Surveillance Study. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, S5.	0.7	25
40	Limitations of Secondary Data Sets for Road Traffic Injury Epidemiology:. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2005, 9, 355-360.	1.0	23
41	Ethics Seminars:The Ethical Debate on Practicing Procedures on the Newly Dead. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004, 11, 962-966.	0.8	20
42	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation: outcome and its predictors among hospitalized adult patients in Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2008, 1, 27-34.	0.6	20
43	Differences in police, ambulance, and emergency department reporting of traffic injuries on Karachi-Hala road, Pakistan. <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2011, 4, 75.	0.6	19
44	Unplanned return visit to emergency department. <i>European Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2011, 18, 276-278.	0.5	18
45	Aligning emergency care with global health priorities. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018, 11, 52.	0.6	18
46	Clinical emergency care research in low-income and middle-income countries: opportunities and challenges. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001289.	2.0	18
47	Cost of Treatment of Deliberate Self-Harm. <i>Crisis</i> , 2008, 29, 213-215.	0.9	17
48	Average out-of-pocket healthcare and work-loss costs of traffic injuries in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2011, 18, 199-204.	1.0	17
49	Country level economic disparities in child injury mortality. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2015, 100, S29-S33.	1.0	17
50	Emergency care research as a global health priority: key scientific opportunities and challenges. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001486.	2.0	17
51	Applying the Three Delays Model to understand emergency care seeking and delivery in rural Bangladesh: a qualitative study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e042690.	0.8	17
52	Home injury risks to young children in Karachi, Pakistan: a pilot study. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2013, 98, 881-886.	1.0	16
53	Mental illness and injuries: emerging health challenges of urbanisation in South Asia. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2017, 357, j1126.	2.4	16
54	Ambulance use in Pakistan: an analysis of surveillance data from emergency departments in Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, S9.	0.7	15

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55	Perceived need for emergency medicine training in Pakistan: A survey of medical education leadership. EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia, 2009, 21, 143-146.	0.5	14
56	Trauma registry--needs and challenges in developing countries. JPMA the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association, 2009, 59, 807-8.	0.1	14
57	Epidemiology of major incidents: an EMS study from Pakistan. International Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2011, 4, 48.	0.6	13
58	Pattern of fall injuries in Pakistan: the Pakistan National Emergency Department Surveillance (Pak-NEDS) study. BMC Emergency Medicine, 2015, 15, S3.	0.7	13
59	Injury prevention and control: National Action Plan for NCD Prevention, Control and Health Promotion in Pakistan. JPMA the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association, 2004, 54, S57-68.	0.1	13
60	Knowledge Translation in International Emergency Medical Care. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2007, 14, 1047-1051.	0.8	12
61	Transport time to trauma facilities in Karachi: an exploratory study. International Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2008, 1, 201-204.	0.6	12
62	Differences in Reporting of Violence and Deliberate Self Harm Related Injuries to Health and Police Authorities, Rawalpindi, Pakistan. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e9373.	1.1	12
63	Childhood Unintentional Injuries: Need for a Community-Based Home Injury Risk Assessments in Pakistan. International Journal of Pediatrics (United Kingdom), 2012, 2012, 1-7.	0.2	12
64	Commercial vehicles and road safety in Pakistan: exploring high-risk attributes among drivers and vehicles. International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion, 2013, 20, 331-338.	1.0	12
65	Characteristics of chest pain and its acute management in a low-middle income country: analysis of emergency department surveillance data from Pakistan. BMC Emergency Medicine, 2015, 15, S13.	0.7	12
66	Can Trained Field Community Workers Identify Stroke Using a Stroke Symptom Questionnaire as well as Neurologists?. Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, 2015, 24, 91-99.	0.7	12
67	One hundred injured patients a day: multicenter emergency room surveillance of trauma in Pakistan. Public Health, 2017, 148, 88-95.	1.4	12
68	Firearm injuries presenting to a tertiary care hospital of Karachi, Pakistan. Journal of Injury and Violence Research, 2009, 1, 27-31.	0.7	12
69	Availability and quality of prehospital care on pakistani interurban roads. Annals of Advances in Automotive Medicine, 2013, 57, 257-64.	0.6	12
70	Emergency department deaths despite active management: Experience from a tertiary care centre in a low-income country. EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia, 2007, 19, 213-217.	0.5	11
71	Insights on the effects of patient perceptions and awareness on ambulance usage in Karachi, Pakistan. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2014, 31, 990-993.	0.4	11
72	Intentional and unintentional poisoning in Pakistan: a pilot study using the Emergency Departments surveillance project. BMC Emergency Medicine, 2015, 15, S2.	0.7	11

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73	Emergency care of traumatic brain injuries in Pakistan: a multicenter study. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, S12.	0.7	11
74	Helmets and traffic injury outcomes: Findings from a setting lacking legislation on proper wearing and quality assessment. <i>Cogent Medicine</i> , 2018, 5, 1434031.	0.7	11
75	Factors Associated With Child Maltreatment Among Children Aged 11 to 17 Years in Community Settings of Karachi, Pakistan, Using Belsky Ecological Framework. <i>Journal of Interpersonal Violence</i> , 2021, 36, 297-313.	1.3	11
76	Effective Community-Based Interventions for the Prevention and Management of Heat-Related Illnesses: A Scoping Review. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 8362.	1.2	11
77	Epidemiological patterns of suicide terrorism in the civilian Pakistani population. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2011, 18, 205-211.	1.0	10
78	Burden and factors associated with highway work-zone crashes, on a section of the Karachi-Hala Road, Pakistan. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2011, 17, 79-83.	1.2	10
79	Clothing-related motorcycle injuries in Pakistan: findings from a surveillance study. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2015, 22, 308-313.	1.0	10
80	Abdominal pain with rigidity secondary to the anti-emetic drug metoclopramide. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006, 30, 411-413.	0.3	9
81	Disseminating Childhood Home Injury Risk Reduction Information in Pakistan: Results from a Community-Based Pilot Study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2013, 10, 1113-1124.	1.2	9
82	The Pakistan National Emergency Department Surveillance Study (Pak-NEDS): Introducing a pilot surveillance. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, S1.	0.7	9
83	Dead on arrival in a low-income country: results from a multicenter study in Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, S8.	0.7	9
84	Advancing research on the economic value of emergency care. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001768.	2.0	9
85	Splenic Injury After Blunt Abdominal Trauma: An Unusual Presentation. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2011, 41, 489-491.	0.3	7
86	Uncovering the burden of intentional injuries among children and adolescents in the emergency department. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, S6.	0.7	7
87	Initial estimates of COVID-19 infections in hospital workers in the United States during the first wave of pandemic. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0242589.	1.1	7
88	Influence of an enforcement campaign on seat-belt and helmet wearing, karachi-hala highway, pakistan. <i>Annals of Advances in Automotive Medicine</i> , 2011, 55, 65-70.	0.6	7
89	Application of geographical information system (GIS) for mapping road traffic injuries using existing source of data in Karachi, Pakistan—a pilot study. <i>JPMAS the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association</i> , 2011, 61, 640-3.	0.1	7
90	Understanding factors impacting global priority of emergency care: a qualitative policy analysis. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2021, 6, e006681.	2.0	7

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91	Knowledge Translation in International Emergency Medical Care. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007, 14, 1047-1051.	0.8	7
92	Concordance Between Road Mortality Indicators in High-Income and Low- and Middle-Income Countries. <i>Traffic Injury Prevention</i> , 2010, 11, 173-177.	0.6	6
93	Research agendas in global emergency medicine. <i>Emergency Medicine Clinics of North America</i> , 2005, 23, 231-257.	0.5	5
94	Diagnosis of enteric fever in the emergency department: a retrospective study from Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2010, 3, 33-37.	0.6	5
95	Associations of traffic safety attitudes and ticket fixing behaviours with the crash history of Pakistani drivers. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2012, 19, 351-356.	1.0	5
96	Establishing a National Emergency Department Surveillance: an innovative study from Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, 11.	0.7	5
97	Bomb blast injuries: an exploration of patient characteristics and outcome using Pakistan National Emergency Departments Surveillance (Pak-NEDS) data. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015, 15, S7.	0.7	5
98	Fall-related injuries in a low-income setting: Results from a pilot injury surveillance system in Rawalpindi, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Global Health</i> , 2015, 5, 283.	1.1	5
99	Impact of community education on heat-related health outcomes and heat literacy among low-income communities in Karachi, Pakistan: a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2022, 7, e006845.	2.0	5
100	Association of post-traumatic stress disorder and work performance: A survey from an emergency medical service, Karachi, Pakistan. <i>World Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017, 8, 214.	0.5	4
101	Global trends in adolescents'™ road traffic injury mortality, 1990'™2019. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2021, 106, 753-757.	1.0	4
102	Differences in risk-adjusted outcome of road traffic injuries in urban tertiary care centers of Pakistan. <i>JPMA the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association</i> , 2015, 65, 984-9.	0.1	4
103	Railway associated injuries in Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion</i> , 2010, 17, 41-44.	1.0	3
104	Estimation of the burden of out-of-hospital traumatic cardiac arrest in Karachi, Pakistan, using a cross-sectional capture-recapture analysis. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020, 13, 26.	0.6	3
105	Burden of out-of-hospital cardiac arrest in Karachi, Pakistan: Estimation through the capture-recapture method. <i>JPMA the Journal of the Pakistan Medical Association</i> , 2018, 68, 990-993.	0.1	3
106	Association of adolescents'™ independent mobility with road traffic injuries in Karachi, Pakistan: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e057206.	0.8	3
107	Out of hospital cardiac arrest: experience of a bystander CPR training program in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>BMC Emergency Medicine</i> , 2022, 22, .	0.7	3
108	Injuries due to fall make summer time power outages a potential public health issue. <i>Journal of Emergencies, Trauma and Shock</i> , 2011, 4, 147.	0.3	2

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109	Hazard perception at high- and low-risk road sites: a pilot study of interurban roads in Pakistan and Cameroon. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2012, 18, 158-164.	1.2	2
110	Variations in sub-national road traffic fatality trends in a low-income country. <i>International Journal of Critical Illness and Injury Science</i> , 2013, 3, 25.	0.2	2
111	Characteristics of traumatic out-of-hospital cardiac arrest patients presenting to major centers in Karachi, Pakistan—a longitudinal cohort study. <i>International Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018, 11, 50.	0.6	2
112	Perception of the healthcare professionals towards the current trauma and emergency care system in Kabul, Afghanistan: a mixed method study. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2020, 20, 991.	0.9	2
113	Heat Emergencies: Perceptions and Practices of Community Members and Emergency Department Healthcare Providers in Karachi, Pakistan: A Qualitative Study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 4736.	1.2	2
114	Computed Tomography and Ultrasonography To Detect Appendicitis. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2005, 142, 798.	2.0	2
115	Association of age and severe injury in young motorcycle riders: A cross-sectional study from Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Injury</i> , 2022, 53, 3019-3024.	0.7	2
116	Initial diagnostic categories of patients presenting to four major emergency departments in Karachi. <i>Journal of the College of Physicians and Surgeons—Pakistan: JCPSP</i> , 2006, 16, 680-1.	0.2	2
117	Documenting response to COVID-individual and systems successes and challenges: a longitudinal qualitative study. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2022, 22, 656.	0.9	1
118	Hospital preparedness for disaster and mass casualty management in Pakistan: A cross-sectional evaluation study. <i>American Journal of Disaster Medicine</i> , 2019, 14, 181-192.	0.1	0