Jena Derakhshani Hamadani

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

67 papers

4,832 citations

32 h-index 102304 66 g-index

70 all docs

70 docs citations

70 times ranked 5901 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Shishu Pushti Trial–Extended Peer Counseling for Improving Feeding Practices and Reducing Undernutrition in Children Aged 0-48 Months in Urban Bangladesh: Protocol for a Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR Research Protocols, 2022, 11, e31475.	0.5	1
2	Does Long-Term Enrollment in Day-Care Maintain or Increase Early Developmental Gains—Findings from an Intervention Study in Rural Bangladesh. Children, 2022, 9, 929.	0.6	1
3	Factors associated with school achievement of children aged 8–10 years in rural Bangladesh: Findings from a post hoc analysis of a community-based study. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0254693.	1.1	4
4	Preanalytic and analytic factors affecting the measurement of haemoglobin concentration: impact on global estimates of anaemia prevalence. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e005756.	2.0	14
5	Immediate impact of stay-at-home orders to control COVID-19 transmission on socioeconomic conditions, food insecurity, mental health, and intimate partner violence in Bangladeshi women and their families: an interrupted time series. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e1380-e1389.	2.9	318
6	Prevalence of Maternal Postpartum Depression, Health-Seeking Behavior and Out of Pocket Payment for Physical Illness and Cost Coping Mechanism of the Poor Families in Bangladesh: A Rural Community-Based Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 4727.	1.2	8
7	Prenatal and childhood arsenic exposure through drinking water and food and cognitive abilities at 10Âyears of age: A prospective cohort study. Environment International, 2020, 139, 105723.	4.8	55
8	The Benefits and Risks of Iron interventionS in Children (BRISC) trial: Statistical analysis plan. F1000Research, 2020, 9, 427.	0.8	5
9	Counting outcomes, coverage and quality for early child development programmes. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 2019, 104, S13-S21.	1.0	23
10	Contextual design choices and partnerships for scaling early child development programmes. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 2019, 104, S3-S12.	1.0	23
11	Gender differences in the quality of psychosocial stimulation in rural Bangladesh homes. Child: Care, Health and Development, 2018, 44, 539-544.	0.8	1
12	Effect of maternal antenatal and newborn supplementation with vitamin A on cognitive development of school-aged children in rural Bangladesh: a follow-up of a placebo-controlled, randomized trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 106, 77-87.	2.2	24
13	Benefits and risks of Iron interventions in children (BRISC): protocol for a three-arm parallel-group randomised controlled field trial in Bangladesh. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e018325.	0.8	16
14	Manganese in Drinking Water and Cognitive Abilities and Behavior at 10 Years of Age: A Prospective Cohort Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2017, 125, 057003.	2.8	93
15	Developmental Assessments during Injury Research: Is Enrollment of Very Young Children in Crèches Associated with Better Scores?. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 1130.	1.2	7
16	Prioritizing research for integrated implementation of early childhood development and maternal, newborn, child and adolescent health and nutrition platforms. Journal of Global Health, 2017, 7, 011002.	1.2	23
17	Psycho-social factors associated with relapse to drug addiction in Bangladesh. Journal of Substance Use, 2016, 21, 627-630.	0.3	16
18	Different Context but Similar Cognitive Structures: Older Adults in Rural Bangladesh. Journal of Cross-Cultural Gerontology, 2016, 31, 143-156.	0.5	4

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19	Prevalence of depressive symptoms and suicidal thoughts among elderly persons in rural Bangladesh. International Psychogeriatrics, 2015, 27, 1999-2008.	0.6	28
20	Breast-feeding: Effects on Cognitive and Neural Development. , 2015, , 847-851.		0
21	Effect of a food supplementation and psychosocial stimulation trial for severely malnourished children on the level of maternal depressive symptoms in <scp>B</scp> angladesh. Child: Care, Health and Development, 2015, 41, 483-493.	0.8	20
22	Selenium status in pregnancy influences children's cognitive function at 1.5 years of age. Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 34, 923-930.	2.3	70
23	The Prevalence and Impact of Intimate Partner Violence on Maternal Distress in a Community of Low-Income Bangladeshi and Displaced Ethnic Bihari Mothers. Violence Against Women, 2014, 20, 59-73.	1.1	14
24	Integrating early child development programs into health and nutrition services in Bangladesh: benefits and challenges. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2014, 1308, 192-203.	1.8	25
25	Cognitive Deficit and Poverty in the First 5 Years of Childhood in Bangladesh. Pediatrics, 2014, 134, e1001-e1008.	1.0	108
26	Prevalence of dementia and factors associated with dementia in rural Bangladesh: data from a cross-sectional, population-based study. International Psychogeriatrics, 2014, 26, 1905-1915.	0.6	21
27	Febrile illness and pro-inflammatory cytokines are associated with lower neurodevelopmental scores in Bangladeshi infants living in poverty. BMC Pediatrics, 2014, 14, 50.	0.7	67
28	Measures and indicators for assessing impact of interventions integrating nutrition, health, and early childhood development. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2014, 1308, 68-88.	1.8	36
29	The relation between age of attainment of motor milestones and future cognitive and motor development in <scp>B</scp> angladeshi children. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2013, 9, 89-104.	1.4	31
30	Psychosocial Stimulation Benefits Development in Nonanemic Children but Not in Anemic, Iron-Deficient Children. Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 143, 885-893.	1.3	57
31	Environmental Exposure to Metals and Children's Growth to Age 5 Years: A Prospective Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 177, 1356-1367.	1.6	136
32	Elevated Manganese Concentrations in Drinking Water May Be Beneficial for Fetal Survival. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e74119.	1.1	21
33	Early-Life Cadmium Exposure and Child Development in 5-Year-Old Girls and Boys: A Cohort Study in Rural Bangladesh. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2012, 120, 1462-1468.	2.8	167
34	Pre- and Postnatal Arsenic Exposure and Body Size to 2 Years of Age: A Cohort Study in Rural Bangladesh. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2012, 120, 1208-1214.	2.8	64
35	Maternal Cadmium Exposure during Pregnancy and Size at Birth: A Prospective Cohort Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2012, 120, 284-289.	2.8	191
36	The mental development and behavior of low-birth-weight Bangladeshi infants from an urban low-income community. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 66, 237-243.	1.3	27

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37	Effects of a community-based approach of food and psychosocial stimulation on growth and development of severely malnourished children in Bangladesh: a randomised trial. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 66, 701-709.	1.3	83
38	Effects of psychosocial stimulation on improving home environment and child-rearing practices: results from a community-based trial among severely malnourished children in Bangladesh. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 622.	1.2	25
39	Association of Postpartum Maternal Morbidities with Children's Mental, Psychomotor and Language Development in Rural Bangladesh. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2012, 30, 193-204.	0.7	16
40	Occurrence and levels of organochlorine compounds in human breast milk in Bangladesh. Chemosphere, 2012, 88, 784-790.	4.2	46
41	Critical windows of exposure for arsenic-associated impairment of cognitive function in pre-school girls and boys: a population-based cohort study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 40, 1593-1604.	0.9	237
42	Inequality in early childhood: risk and protective factors for early child development. Lancet, The, 2011, 378, 1325-1338.	6.3	1,237
43	Effects of Communityâ€based Followâ€up Care in Managing Severely Underweight Children. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2011, 53, 310-319.	0.9	15
44	Persistent Exposure to Arsenic via Drinking Water in Rural Bangladesh Despite Major Mitigation Efforts. American Journal of Public Health, 2011, 101, S333-S338.	1.5	35
45	Validity and Reliability of Mothers' Reports of Language Development in 1-Year-Old Children in a Large-Scale Survey in Bangladesh. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2010, 31, S198-S206.	0.5	48
46	Intestinal Mucosal Permeability of Severely Underweight and Nonmalnourished Bangladeshi Children and Effects of Nutritional Rehabilitation. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2010, 51, 638-644.	0.9	38
47	Nutritional Status and Cognitive Function in Communityâ€Living Rural Bangladeshi Older Adults: Data from the Poverty and Health in Ageing Project. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2010, 58, 919-924.	1.3	27
48	Household food security is associated with early childhood language development: results from a longitudinal study in rural Bangladesh. Child: Care, Health and Development, 2010, 36, 309-316.	0.8	23
49	Use of Family Care Indicators and Their Relationship with Child Development in Bangladesh. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2010, 28, 23-33.	0.7	155
50	Pre- and postnatal arsenic exposure and child development at 18 months of age: a cohort study in rural Bangladesh. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 39, 1206-1216.	0.9	88
51	Assessment of early-life lead exposure in rural Bangladesh. Environmental Research, 2010, 110, 718-724.	3.7	41
52	Burden of cadmium in early childhood: Longitudinal assessment of urinary cadmium in rural Bangladesh. Toxicology Letters, 2010, 198, 20-25.	0.4	62
53	Effect of Arsenic Exposure during Pregnancy on Infant Development at 7 Months in Rural Matlab, Bangladesh. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2009, 117, 288-293.	2.8	77
54	Undernourished Children Have Different Temperaments Than Better-Nourished Children in Rural Bangladesh ,. Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 139, 1765-1771.	1.3	25

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55	Impaired arsenic metabolism in children during weaning. Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2009, 239, 208-214.	1.3	41
56	Effects of psychosocial stimulation on growth and development of severely malnourished children in a nutrition unit in Bangladesh. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 63, 725-731.	1.3	97
57	Longâ€term neurological and functional outcome in Nipah virus infection. Annals of Neurology, 2007, 62, 235-242.	2.8	126
58	Depressive symptoms among rural Bangladeshi mothers: implications for infant development. Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines, 2007, 48, 764-772.	3.1	125
59	Psychosocial Stimulation Improves the Development of Undernourished Children in Rural Bangladesh. Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 136, 2645-2652.	1.3	144
60	Efficacy and safety of a modified oral rehydration solution (ReSoMaL) in the treatment of severely malnourished children with watery diarrhea. Journal of Pediatrics, 2003, 143, 614-619.	0.9	40
61	Zinc supplementation during pregnancy and effects on mental development and behaviour of infants: a follow-up study. Lancet, The, 2002, 360, 290-294.	6. 3	126
62	Local Production of Anti–Vibrio choleraeMucosal Antibody in Reproductive Tract Tissues after Cholera. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2001, 184, 643-647.	1.9	2
63	Immune Response of Bangladeshi Children With Acute Diarrhea Who Subsequently Have Persistent Diarrhea. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2000, 31, 528-535.	0.9	8
64	Antibodies to Shiga toxin in the serum of children with Shigella-associated haemolytic uraemic syndrome. Journal of Medical Microbiology, 1999, 48, 11-16.	0.7	5
65	Anticipating rotavirus vaccines: hospital-based surveillance for rotavirus diarrhea and estimates of disease burden in Bangladesh. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 1997, 16, 947-951.	1.1	75
66	Reduced Osmolarity Oral Rehydration Salt in Cholera. Scandinavian Journal of Infectious Diseases, 1996, 28, 87-90.	1.5	23
67	Persistent Diarrhoea: A Preliminary Report on Clinical Features and Dietary Therapy in Bangladeshi Children. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 1989, 35, 55-59.	0.7	23