Marin H Kollef

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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380 papers 42,099 citations

102 h-index 198 g-index

385 all docs 385 docs citations

385 times ranked 20624 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Inadequate Antimicrobial Treatment of Infections. Chest, 1999, 115, 462-474.	0.4	1,740
2	The Influence of Inadequate Antimicrobial Treatment of Bloodstream Infections on Patient Outcomes in the ICU Setting. Chest, 2000, 118, 146-155.	0.4	1,641
3	Delaying the Empiric Treatment of Candida Bloodstream Infection until Positive Blood Culture Results Are Obtained: a Potential Risk Factor for Hospital Mortality. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2005, 49, 3640-3645.	1.4	1,191
4	Epidemiology and Outcomes of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in a Large US Database. Chest, 2002, 122, 2115-2121.	0.4	1,089
5	Effect of a nursing-implemented sedation protocol on the duration of mechanical ventilation. Critical Care Medicine, 1999, 27, 2609-2615.	0.4	1,040
6	Epidemiology and Outcomes of Health-care–Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2005, 128, 3854-3862.	0.4	931
7	Clinical Importance of Delays in the Initiation of Appropriate Antibiotic Treatment for Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2002, 122, 262-268.	0.4	912
8	International ERS/ESICM/ESCMID/ALAT guidelines for the management of hospital-acquired pneumonia and ventilator-associated pneumonia. European Respiratory Journal, 2017, 50, 1700582.	3.1	792
9	A randomized, controlled trial of protocol-directed versus physician-directed weaning from mechanical ventilation. Critical Care Medicine, 1997, 25, 567-574.	0.4	743
10	Economic implications of an evidence-based sepsis protocol: Can we improve outcomes and lower costs?*. Critical Care Medicine, 2007, 35, 1257-1262.	0.4	724
11	The Epidemiology, Pathogenesis and Treatment of Pseudomonas aeruginosa Infections. Drugs, 2007, 67, 351-368.	4.9	710
12	Developing a New, National Approach to Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events*. Critical Care Medicine, 2013, 41, 2467-2475.	0.4	634
13	Linezolid vs Vancomycin *. Chest, 2003, 124, 1789-1797.	0.4	590
14	Inadequate Antimicrobial Treatment: An Important Determinant of Outcome for Hospitalized Patients. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2000, 31, S131-S138.	2.9	553
15	Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 1993, 270, 1965.	3.8	536
16	Experience with a clinical guideline for the treatment of ventilator-associated pneumonia. Critical Care Medicine, 2001, 29, 1109-1115.	0.4	536
17	The Influence of Mini-BAL Cultures on Patient Outcomes. Chest, 1998, 113, 412-420.	0.4	525
18	Linezolid in Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Nosocomial Pneumonia: A Randomized, Controlled Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2012, 54, 621-629.	2.9	513

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19	Outcome and attributable cost of ventilator-associated pneumonia among intensive care unit patients in a suburban medical center*. Critical Care Medicine, 2003, 31, 1312-1317.	0.4	511
20	The Prevention of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. New England Journal of Medicine, 1999, 340, 627-634.	13.9	504
21	Pseudomonas aeruginosa Bloodstream Infection: Importance of Appropriate Initial Antimicrobial Treatment. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2005, 49, 1306-1311.	1.4	485
22	The Importance of Fluid Management in Acute Lung Injury Secondary to Septic Shock. Chest, 2009, 136, 102-109.	0.4	436
23	Before–after study of a standardized hospital order set for the management of septic shock*. Critical Care Medicine, 2006, 34, 2707-2713.	0.4	424
24	Prevalence and Outcomes of Infection Among Patients in Intensive Care Units in 2017. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 323, 1478.	3.8	419
25	Silver-Coated Endotracheal Tubes and Incidence of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2008, 300, 805.	3.8	414
26	A Randomized Clinical Trial Comparing an Extended-Use Hygroscopic Condenser Humidifier With Heated-Water Humidification in Mechanically Ventilated Patients. Chest, 1998, 113, 759-767.	0.4	384
27	Antibiotic Resistance in the Intensive Care Unit. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2001, 134, 298.	2.0	382
28	Septic Shock Attributed to Candida Infection: Importance of Empiric Therapy and Source Control. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2012, 54, 1739-1746.	2.9	377
29	The Effect of Late-Onset Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in Determining Patient Mortality. Chest, 1995, 108, 1655-1662.	0.4	376
30	Prevention of hospital-associated pneumonia and ventilator-associated pneumonia. Critical Care Medicine, 2004, 32, 1396-1405.	0.4	373
31	Health Care-Associated Pneumonia and Community-Acquired Pneumonia: a Single-Center Experience. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2007, 51, 3568-3573.	1.4	367
32	Clinical Characteristics and Treatment Patterns Among Patients With Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2006, 129, 1210-1218.	0.4	352
33	A Randomized Controlled Trial of an Antibiotic Discontinuation Policy for Clinically Suspected Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2004, 125, 1791-1799.	0.4	349
34	A Randomized Clinical Trial of Continuous Aspiration of Subglottic Secretions in Cardiac Surgery Patients. Chest, 1999, 116, 1339-1346.	0.4	314
35	The Occurrence of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in a Community Hospital. Chest, 2001, 120, 555-561.	0.4	310
36	Probiotic Prophylaxis of Ventilator-associated Pneumonia. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2010, 182, 1058-1064.	2.5	308

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#	Article	IF	Citations
37	A retrospective analysis of possible renal toxicity associated with vancomycin in patients with health care-associated methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus pneumonia. Clinical Therapeutics, 2007, 29, 1107-1115.	1.1	303
38	Economic Impact of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in a Large Matched Cohort. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2012, 33, 250-256.	1.0	303
39	Clinical cure and survival in Gram-positive ventilator-associated pneumonia: retrospective analysis of two double-blind studies comparing linezolid with vancomycin. Intensive Care Medicine, 2004, 30, 388-394.	3.9	301
40	Ceftazidime-avibactam versus meropenem in nosocomial pneumonia, including ventilator-associated pneumonia (REPROVE): a randomised, double-blind, phase 3 non-inferiority trial. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2018, 18, 285-295.	4.6	300
41	Pneumonia Caused by Methicillinâ€Resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> . Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 46, S378-S385.	2.9	291
42	Effect of an education program aimed at reducing the occurrence of ventilator-associated pneumonia*. Critical Care Medicine, 2002, 30, 2407-2412.	0.4	288
43	Early versus late enteral feeding of mechanically ventilated patients: results of a clinical trial. Journal of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition, 2002, 26, 174-181.	1.3	280
44	Healthcare-associated bloodstream infection: A distinct entity? Insights from a large U.S. database*. Critical Care Medicine, 2006, 34, 2588-2595.	0.4	270
45	Risk Factors for Ventilatorâ€Associated Pneumonia: From Epidemiology to Patient Management. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2004, 38, 1141-1149.	2.9	258
46	A Comparative Analysis of Patients With Early-Onset vs Late-Onset Nosocomial Pneumonia in the ICU Setting. Chest, 2000, 117, 1434-1442.	0.4	256
47	Cefiderocol versus high-dose, extended-infusion meropenem for the treatment of Gram-negative nosocomial pneumonia (APEKS-NP): a randomised, double-blind, phase 3, non-inferiority trial. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2021, 21, 213-225.	4.6	255
48	Multi-drug resistance, inappropriate initial antibiotic therapy and mortality in Gram-negative severe sepsis and septic shock: a retrospective cohort study. Critical Care, 2014, 18, 596.	2.5	247
49	Mechanical Ventilator Weaning Protocols Driven by Nonphysician Health-Care Professionals. Chest, 2001, 120, 454S-463S.	0.4	240
50	Telavancin versus Vancomycin for Hospital-Acquired Pneumonia due to Gram-positive Pathogens. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2011, 52, 31-40.	2.9	239
51	Predictors of 30-Day Mortality and Hospital Costs in Patients With Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia Attributed to Potentially Antibiotic-Resistant Gram-Negative Bacteria. Chest, 2008, 134, 281-287.	0.4	238
52	Predictors of Mortality for Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Health-Care–Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2006, 130, 947-955.	0.4	237
53	The Effect of an Education Program on the Incidence of Central Venous Catheter-Associated Bloodstream Infection in a Medical ICU. Chest, 2004, 126, 1612-1618.	0.4	235
54	Continuation of a randomized, double-blind, multicenter study of linezolid versus vancomycin in the treatment of patients with nosocomial pneumonia. Clinical Therapeutics, 2003, 25, 980-992.	1.1	227

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55	Why Do Physicians Not Follow Evidence-Based Guidelines for Preventing Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia?. Chest, 2002, 122, 656-661.	0.4	221
56	Empiric Combination Antibiotic Therapy Is Associated with Improved Outcome against Sepsis Due to Gram-Negative Bacteria: a Retrospective Analysis. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2010, 54, 1742-1748.	1.4	221
57	Ceftolozane–tazobactam versus meropenem for treatment of nosocomial pneumonia (ASPECT-NP): a randomised, controlled, double-blind, phase 3, non-inferiority trial. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2019, 19, 1299-1311.	4.6	218
58	Invasive approaches to the diagnosis of ventilator-associated pneumonia: A meta-analysis. Critical Care Medicine, 2005, 33, 46-53.	0.4	214
59	Broadâ€Spectrum Antimicrobials and the Treatment of Serious Bacterial Infections: Getting It Right Up Front. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 47, S3-S13.	2.9	213
60	An international multicenter retrospective study of Pseudomonas aeruginosa nosocomial pneumonia: impact of multidrug resistance. Critical Care, 2015, 19, 219.	2.5	209
61	An Educational Intervention to Reduce Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in an Integrated Health System. Chest, 2004, 125, 2224-2231.	0.4	207
62	Red blood cell transfusion and ventilator-associated pneumonia: A potential link?. Critical Care Medicine, 2004, 32, 666-674.	0.4	202
63	The Safety and Diagnostic Accuracy of Minibronchoalveolar Lavage in Patients with Suspected Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Annals of Internal Medicine, 1995, 122, 743.	2.0	194
64	Prediction of Infection Due to Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria by Select Risk Factors for Health Care–Associated Pneumonia. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2008, 168, 2205.	4.3	194
65	Pleuropulmonary Complications of Panton-Valentine Leukocidin-Positive Community-Acquired Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus. Chest, 2005, 128, 2732-2738.	0.4	181
66	Silver-Coated Endotracheal Tubes Associated With Reduced Bacterial Burden in the Lungs of Mechanically Ventilated Dogs. Chest, 2002, 121, 863-870.	0.4	173
67	A randomized trial of 7-day doripenem versus 10-day imipenem-cilastatin for ventilator-associated pneumonia. Critical Care, 2012, 16, R218.	2.5	173
68	Inappropriate antibiotic therapy in Gram-negative sepsis increases hospital length of stay*. Critical Care Medicine, 2011, 39, 46-51.	0.4	162
69	The Epidemiology and Pathogenesis and Treatment of Pseudomonas aeruginosa Infections: An Update. Drugs, 2021, 81, 2117-2131.	4.9	161
70	Treatment-related risk factors for hospital mortality in Candida bloodstream infections*. Critical Care Medicine, 2008, 36, 2967-2972.	0.4	158
71	Global Prospective Epidemiologic and Surveillance Study of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia due to Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. Critical Care Medicine, 2014, 42, 2178-2187.	0.4	157
72	Rationalizing antimicrobial therapy in the ICU: a narrative review. Intensive Care Medicine, 2019, 45, 172-189.	3.9	155

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73	Inadequate treatment of nosocomial infections is associated with certain empiric antibiotic choices. Critical Care Medicine, 2000, 28, 3456-3464.	0.4	153
74	Hospital Mortality for Patients With Bacteremia Due to Staphylococcus aureus or Pseudomonas aeruginosa. Chest, 2004, 125, 607-616.	0.4	153
75	Limitations of Vancomycin in the Management of Resistant Staphylococcal Infections. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2007, 45, S191-S195.	2.9	153
76	Nursing adherence with evidence-based guidelines for preventing ventilator-associated pneumonia*. Critical Care Medicine, 2003, 31, 2693-2696.	0.4	152
77	Mechanical Ventilation with or without 7-Day Circuit Changes. Annals of Internal Medicine, 1995, 123, 168.	2.0	151
78	Improving Family Communications at the End of Life: Implications for Length of Stay in the Intensive Care Unit and Resource Use. American Journal of Critical Care, 2003, 12, 317-324.	0.8	150
79	Validation of a Clinical Score for Assessing the Risk of Resistant Pathogens in Patients With Pneumonia Presenting to the Emergency Department. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2012, 54, 193-198.	2.9	148
80	Implementation of a real-time computerized sepsis alert in nonintensive care unit patients*. Critical Care Medicine, 2011, 39, 469-473.	0.4	145
81	Reduced burden of bacterial airway colonization with a novel silver-coated endotracheal tube in a randomized multiple-center feasibility study*. Critical Care Medicine, 2006, 34, 2766-2772.	0.4	144
82	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus sterile-site infection: The importance of appropriate initial antimicrobial treatment*. Critical Care Medicine, 2006, 34, 2069-2074.	0.4	136
83	A Randomized Trial of the Amikacin Fosfomycin Inhalation System for the Adjunctive Therapy of Gram-Negative Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2017, 151, 1239-1246.	0.4	136
84	Antimicrobial Therapy Escalation and Hospital Mortality Among Patients With Health-Care-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2008, 134, 963-968.	0.4	134
85	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus prolongs intensive care unit stay in ventilator-associated pneumonia, despite initially appropriate antibiotic therapy. Critical Care Medicine, 2006, 34, 700-706.	0.4	130
86	Strategies to prevent antimicrobial resistance in the intensive care unit. Critical Care Medicine, 2005, 33, 1845-1853.	0.4	129
87	Short- vs Long-Duration Antibiotic Regimens for Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2013, 144, 1759-1767.	0.4	127
88	Appropriate Empirical Antibacterial Therapy for Nosocomial Infections. Drugs, 2003, 63, 2157-2168.	4.9	123
89	Secular Trends in Candidemia-Related Hospitalization in the United States, 2000–2005. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2008, 29, 978-980.	1.0	123
90	Fluid balance and cardiac function in septic shock as predictors of hospital mortality. Critical Care, 2013, 17, R246.	2.5	123

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91	Morbidity and cost burden of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus in early onset ventilator-associated pneumonia. Critical Care, 2006, 10, R97.	2.5	120
92	Do clinical features allow for accurate prediction of fungal pathogenesis in bloodstream infections? Potential implications of the increasing prevalence of non-albicans candidemia. Critical Care Medicine, 2007, 35, 1077-1083.	0.4	118
93	Duration of Exposure to Antipseudomonal $\hat{l}^2 \hat{a} \in \mathbf{L}$ actam Antibiotics in the Critically III and Development of New Resistance. Pharmacotherapy, 2019, 39, 261-270.	1.2	116
94	Transfusion Practice and Blood Stream Infections in Critically III Patients. Chest, 2005, 127, 1722-1728.	0.4	115
95	A comparison of ventilator-associated pneumonia rates as identified according to the National Healthcare Safety Network and American College of Chest Physicians criteria*. Critical Care Medicine, 2012, 40, 281-284.	0.4	115
96	Health care–associated pneumonia: identification and initial management in the ED. American Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2008, 26, 1-11.	0.7	112
97	Health Care–Associated Pneumonia (HCAP): A Critical Appraisal to Improve Identification, Management, and Outcomes—Proceedings of the HCAP Summit. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 46, S296-S334.	2.9	111
98	A Randomized Double-Blind Trial of Iseganan in Prevention of Ventilator-associated Pneumonia. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2006, 173, 91-97.	2.5	110
99	Antibiotic Utilization and Outcomes for Patients With Clinically Suspected Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia and Negative Quantitative BAL Culture Results. Chest, 2005, 128, 2706-2713.	0.4	108
100	A Prospective Evaluation of Ventilator-Associated Conditions and Infection-Related Ventilator-Associated Conditions. Chest, 2015, 147, 68-81.	0.4	106
101	The Use of Inhaled Prostaglandins in Patients With ARDS. Chest, 2015, 147, 1510-1522.	0.4	106
102	Hospital-wide impact of a standardized order set for the management of bacteremic severe sepsis*. Critical Care Medicine, 2009, 37, 819-824.	0.4	105
103	Cycling empirical antimicrobial agents to prevent emergence of antimicrobial-resistant Gram-negative bacteria among intensive care unit patients. Critical Care Medicine, 2004, 32, 2450-2456.	0.4	104
104	Probiotics for preventing ventilator-associated pneumonia. The Cochrane Library, 2014, , CD009066.	1.5	104
105	The intensive care medicine research agenda on multidrug-resistant bacteria, antibiotics, and stewardship. Intensive Care Medicine, 2017, 43, 1187-1197.	3.9	103
106	Selective Digestive Decontamination Should Not Be Routinely Employed*. Chest, 2003, 123, 464S-468S.	0.4	101
107	Economic Burden of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia Based on Total Resource Utilization. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2010, 31, 509-515.	1.0	100
108	Challenges in severe community-acquired pneumonia: a point-of-view review. Intensive Care Medicine, 2019, 45, 159-171.	3.9	100

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109	A Case-Control Study Assessing the Impact of Nonventilated Hospital-Acquired Pneumonia on Patient Outcomes. Chest, 2016, 150, 1008-1014.	0.4	99
110	Antimicrobial de-escalation in critically ill patients: a position statement from a task force of the European Society of Intensive Care Medicine (ESICM) and European Society of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases (ESCMID) Critically Ill Patients Study Group (ESGCIP). Intensive Care Medicine, 2020, 46, 245-265.	3.9	97
111	Re-estimating annual deaths due to multidrug-resistant organism infections. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2019, 40, 112-113.	1.0	91
112	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> Nasal Colonization and Subsequent Infection in Intensive Care Unit Patients: Does Methicillin Resistance Matter?. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2010, 31, 584-591.	1.0	90
113	Epidemiology, microbiology and outcomes of healthcare-associated and community-acquired bacteremia: A multicenter cohort study. Journal of Infection, 2011, 62, 130-135.	1.7	90
114	Sepsis-Associated Coagulopathy Severity Predicts Hospital Mortality*. Critical Care Medicine, 2018, 46, 736-742.	0.4	90
115	Early Palliative Care Consultation in the Medical ICU: A Cluster Randomized Crossover Trial. Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 47, 1707-1715.	0.4	90
116	Appraising Contemporary Strategies to Combat Multidrug Resistant Gram-Negative Bacterial Infections–Proceedings and Data From the Gram-Negative Resistance Summit. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2011, 53, S33-S55.	2.9	88
117	Using the Number Needed to Treat to Assess Appropriate Antimicrobial Therapy as a Determinant of Outcome in Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock*. Critical Care Medicine, 2014, 42, 2342-2349.	0.4	88
118	A Comparison of Culture-Positive and Culture-Negative Health-Care-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2010, 137, 1130-1137.	0.4	87
119	Impact of previous antibiotic therapy on outcome of Gram-negative severe sepsis*. Critical Care Medicine, 2011, 39, 1859-1865.	0.4	87
120	Implementing quality improvements in the intensive care unit: Ventilator bundle as an example. Critical Care Medicine, 2009, 37, 305-309.	0.4	85
121	Ventilator-Associated Tracheobronchitis in a Mixed Surgical and Medical ICU Population. Chest, 2011, 139, 513-518.	0.4	84
122	Use of Adjunctive Aerosolized Antimicrobial Therapy in the Treatment of <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa </i> Acinetobacter baumannii Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Respiratory Care, 2012, 57, 1226-1233.	0.8	84
123	Hospital Resource Utilization and Costs of Inappropriate Treatment of Candidemia. Pharmacotherapy, 2010, 30, 361-368.	1.2	82
124	Secular trends in <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> resistance in respiratory and blood stream specimens in the United States, 2003 to 2012: A survey study. Journal of Hospital Medicine, 2016, 11, 21-26.	0.7	82
125	Nosocomial Infection. Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 49, 169-187.	0.4	82
126	What is ventilator-associated pneumonia and why is it important?. Respiratory Care, 2005, 50, 714-21; discussion 721-4.	0.8	82

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127	Association between augmented renal clearance and clinical outcomes in patients receiving \hat{l}^2 -lactam antibiotic therapy by continuous or intermittent infusion: a nested cohort study of the BLING-II randomised, placebo-controlled, clinical trial. International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents, 2017, 49, 624-630.	1.1	80
128	Bacterial and fungal superinfections in critically ill patients with COVID-19. Intensive Care Medicine, 2020, 46, 2071-2074.	3.9	79
129	Is Antibiotic Cycling the Answer to Preventing the Emergence of Bacterial Resistance in the Intensive Care Unit?. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2006, 43, S82-S88.	2.9	78
130	A randomized trial of realâ€ŧime automated clinical deterioration alerts sent to a rapid response team. Journal of Hospital Medicine, 2014, 9, 424-429.	0.7	78
131	Diagnostic Implications of Soluble Triggering Receptor Expressed on Myeloid Cells-1 in BAL Fluid of Patients With Pulmonary Infiltrates in the ICU. Chest, 2009, 135, 641-647.	0.4	73
132	The number of discharge medications predicts thirty-day hospital readmission: a cohort study. BMC Health Services Research, 2015, 15, 282.	0.9	73
133	Inappropriate therapy for methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus: Resource utilization and cost implications*. Critical Care Medicine, 2008, 36, 2335-2340.	0.4	72
134	Pulmonary infections complicating ARDS. Intensive Care Medicine, 2020, 46, 2168-2183.	3.9	69
135	A Cost-Benefit Analysis of Gown Use in Controlling Vancomycin-ResistantEnterococcusTransmission Is It Worth the Price?. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2004, 25, 418-424.	1.0	68
136	The determinants of hospital mortality among patients with septic shock receiving appropriate initial antibiotic treatment*. Critical Care Medicine, 2012, 40, 2016-2021.	0.4	68
137	Infectious Diseases Consultation Reduces 30-Day and 1-Year All-Cause Mortality for Multidrug-Resistant Organism Infections. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2018, 5, ofy026.	0.4	68
138	Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in a Multi-Hospital System Differences in Microbiology by Location. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2003, 24, 853-858.	1.0	67
139	Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of a Silver-Coated Endotracheal Tube to Reduce the Incidence of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2009, 30, 759-763.	1.0	67
140	A risk score for identifying methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus in patients presenting to the hospital with pneumonia. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2013, 13, 268.	1.3	67
141	Use of Hypochlorite Solution to Decrease Rates of Clostridium difficile-Associated Diarrhea. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2007, 28, 205-207.	1.0	64
142	Targeted Fluid Minimization Following Initial Resuscitation in Septic Shock. Chest, 2015, 148, 1462-1469.	0.4	64
143	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus: a new community-acquired pathogen?. Current Opinion in Infectious Diseases, 2006, 19, 161-168.	1.3	63
144	Recognition and prevention of nosocomial pneumonia in the intensive care unit and infection control in mechanical ventilation. Critical Care Medicine, 2010, 38, S352-S362.	0.4	62

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145	Clostridium difficile in the ICU. Chest, 2011, 140, 1643-1653.	0.4	62
146	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus nasal colonization is a poor predictor of intensive care unit-acquired methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus infections requiring antibiotic treatment. Critical Care Medicine, 2010, 38, 1991-1995.	0.4	61
147	Association Between a Silver-Coated Endotracheal Tube and Reduced Mortality in Patients With Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Chest, 2010, 137, 1015-1021.	0.4	61
148	Diagnosis of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. New England Journal of Medicine, 2006, 355, 2691-2693.	13.9	60
149	The Alphabet Soup of Pneumonia: CAP, HAP, HCAP, NHAP, and VAP. Seminars in Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2009, 30, 003-009.	0.8	60
150	Using wearable technology to predict health outcomes: a literature review. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA, 2018, 25, 1221-1227.	2.2	60
151	Impact of Sepsis Classification and Multidrug-Resistance Status on Outcome Among Patients Treated With Appropriate Therapy*. Critical Care Medicine, 2015, 43, 1580-1586.	0.4	59
152	Activity of a silver-coated endotracheal tube in preclinical models of ventilator-associated pneumonia and a study after extubation*. Critical Care Medicine, 2010, 38, 1135-1140.	0.4	58
153	Initial antimicrobial management of sepsis. Critical Care, 2021, 25, 307.	2.5	58
154	Health Care–Associated Infection (HAI): A Critical Appraisal of the Emerging Threat—Proceedings of the HAI Summit. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 47, S55-S99.	2.9	56
155	Diagnosis and management of skin and soft tissue infections in the intensive care unit: a review. Intensive Care Medicine, 2016, 42, 1899-1911.	3.9	56
156	Healthcare-associated pneumonia: Diagnostic criteria and distinction from community-acquired pneumonia. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2011, 15, e545-e550.	1.5	55
157	Resistance to empiric antimicrobial treatment predicts outcome in severe sepsis associated with gram-negative bacteremia. Journal of Hospital Medicine, 2011, 6, 405-410.	0.7	55
158	Developing a New, National Approach to Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events: Executive Summary. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2013, 57, 1742-1746.	2.9	55
159	Telavancin for Hospital-Acquired Pneumonia: Clinical Response and 28-Day Survival. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2014, 58, 2030-2037.	1.4	55
160	Incidence of Acute Kidney Injury in Critically Ill Patients Receiving Vancomycin with Concomitant Piperacillin-Tazobactam, Cefepime, or Meropenem. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2019, 63, .	1.4	55
161	The Importance of Early Treatment With Doxycycline in Human Ehrlichiosis. Medicine (United States), 2008, 87, 53-60.	0.4	54
162	Timing of antibiotic therapy in the ICU. Critical Care, 2021, 25, 360.	2.5	54

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163	Probiotics for Preventing and Treating Nosocomial Infections. Chest, 2007, 132, 286-294.	0.4	53
164	Viruses are prevalent in non-ventilated hospital-acquired pneumonia. Respiratory Medicine, 2017, 122, 76-80.	1.3	53
165	Epidemiology and Outcomes of Hospitalizations with Complicated Skin and Skin-Structure Infections: Implications of Healthcare-Associated Infection Risk Factors. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2009, 30, 1203-1210.	1.0	49
166	Readmission Following Hospitalization for Pneumonia: The Impact of Pneumonia Type and Its Implication for Hospitals. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2013, 57, 362-367.	2.9	48
167	Epidemiology and Outcomes of Clostridium difficile -Associated Disease Among Patients on Prolonged Acute Mechanical Ventilation. Chest, 2009, 136, 752-758.	0.4	45
168	Aerosolized antibiotics. Current Opinion in Infectious Diseases, 2013, 26, 538-544.	1.3	45
169	Prolonged Infusion Antibiotics for Suspected Gram-Negative Infections in the ICU: A Before-After Study. Annals of Pharmacotherapy, 2013, 47, 170-180.	0.9	44
170	Hospitalizations with healthcareâ€associated complicated skin and skin structure infections: Impact of inappropriate empiric therapy on outcomes. Journal of Hospital Medicine, 2010, 5, 535-540.	0.7	41
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