Reiki Nishimura

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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49 859 16 29
papers citations h-index g-index

52 52 52 1470 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Abstract P4-07-09: Triple negative breast cancer: An analysis of the subtypes and the effects of menopausal status on invasive breast cancer. Cancer Research, 2022, 82, P4-07-09-P4-07-09.	0.4	O
2	Abstract P4-07-12: An evaluation of lymphovascular invasion in relation to biology and prognosis according to subtypes in invasive breast cancer. Cancer Research, 2022, 82, P4-07-12-P4-07-12.	0.4	0
3	Longitudinal efficacy and safety of capecitabine and cyclophosphamide as early-line treatment in patients with metastatic breast cancer: A prospective cohort study by the Kyushu Breast Cancer Study Group, Japan Annals of Cancer Research and Therapy, 2022, 30, 38-44.	0.1	0
4	Triple Negative Breast Cancer: An Analysis of the Subtypes and the Effects of Menopausal Status on Invasive Breast Cancer. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2022, 11, 2331.	1.0	8
5	An evaluation of lymphovascular invasion in relation to biology and prognosis according to subtypes in invasive breast cancer. Oncology Letters, 2022, 24, .	0.8	4
6	The impact of neoadjuvant systemic therapy on breast conservation rates in patients with HER2-positive breast cancer: Surgical results from a phase II randomized controlled trial. Surgical Oncology, 2021, 36, 51-55.	0.8	4
7	A Correlation Analysis Between Metabolism-related Genes and Treatment Response to S-1 as First-line Chemotherapy for Metastatic Breast Cancer: The SELECT BC-EURECA Study. Clinical Breast Cancer, 2021, 21, 450-457.	1.1	0
8	Baseline neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio and absolute lymphocyte count in patients with HER2-negative breast cancer treated with eribulin may predict overall survival Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, e13005-e13005.	0.8	0
9	Anthracycline-containing regimens or taxane versus S-1 as first-line chemotherapy for metastatic breast cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2021, 125, 1217-1225.	2.9	8
10	Microsatellite instability in Japanese female patients with triple-negative breast cancer. Breast Cancer, 2020, 27, 490-498.	1.3	28
11	<i>CYP2D6</i> Genotype–Guided Tamoxifen Dosing in Hormone Receptor–Positive Metastatic Breast Cancer (TARGET-1): A Randomized, Open-Label, Phase II Study. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, 558-566.	0.8	23
12	Palbociclibâ€letrozole as firstâ€line treatment for advanced breast cancer: Updated results from a Japanese phase 2 study. Cancer Medicine, 2020, 9, 4929-4940.	1.3	10
13	The efficacy of sequential second-line endocrine therapies (ETs) in postmenopausal estrogen receptor-positive and HER2-negative metastatic breast cancer patients with lower sensitivity to initial ETs. Breast Cancer, 2020, 27, 973-981.	1.3	4
14	Outcomes of trastuzumab therapy in HER2-positive early breast cancer patients: extended follow-up of JBCRG-cohort study 01. Breast Cancer, 2020, 27, 631-641.	1.3	6
15	Ki-67 response-guided preoperative chemotherapy for HER2-positive breast cancer: results of a randomised Phase 2 study. British Journal of Cancer, 2020, 122, 1747-1753.	2.9	7
16	Biological analysis of HER2 equivocal (2+) cases in primary breast cancer Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, e12555-e12555.	0.8	0
17	Kiâ€'67 index value and progesterone receptor status can predict prognosis and suitable treatment in nodeâ€'negative breast cancer patients with estrogen receptorâ€'positive and HER2â€'negative tumors. Oncology Letters, 2019, 17, 616-622.	0.8	19
18	Participants in a randomized controlled trial had longer overall survival than non-participants: a prospective cohort study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2019, 176, 631-635.	1.1	4

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19	T-bet+ lymphocytes infiltration as an independent better prognostic indicator for triple-negative breast cancer. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2019, 176, 569-577.	1.1	18
20	Palbociclib in combination with letrozole in patients with estrogen receptor–positive, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2–negative advanced breast cancer: PALOMA-2 subgroup analysis of Japanese patients. International Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2019, 24, 274-287.	1.0	43
21	Evaluation of androgen receptor expression in core needle biopsies and clinico-pathological factors in primary breast cancer Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2019, 37, e12023-e12023.	0.8	O
22	Evaluation of oral S-1 as a first-line chemotherapy for metastatic HER2-negative breast cancer: An analysis of two randomized phase III studies (SELECT BC-CONFIRM and SELECT BC) Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2019, 37, 1083-1083.	0.8	0
23	Palbociclib in combination with letrozole as firstâ€line treatment for advanced breast cancer: A Japanese phase <scp>II</scp> study. Cancer Science, 2018, 109, 803-813.	1.7	29
24	A randomized phase II trial evaluating <i>CYP2D6</i> genotype-guided tamoxifen dosing in hormone receptor-positive metastatic breast cancer: TARGET-1 Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2018, 36, 1046-1046.	0.8	2
25	Psychological Resistance to Receiving ⟨I>BRCA2⟨ I> Mutation-positive Results—A Case Study—. Nihon Rinsho Geka Gakkai Zasshi (Journal of Japan Surgical Association), 2018, 79, 1820-1824.	0.0	0
26	Evaluation of androgen receptor expression in pretreatment, posttreatment and recurrent breast cancer patients Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2018, 36, e12554-e12554.	0.8	0
27	Role of HER2-Related Biomarkers (HER2, p95HER2, HER3, PTEN, and PIK3CA) in the Efficacy of Lapatinib plus Capecitabine in HER2-Positive Advanced Breast Cancer Refractory to Trastuzumab. Oncology, 2017, 93, 51-61.	0.9	18
28	Biology and prognosis of HER2-negative breast cancer with low-ER and PgR-expressions Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 35, e12020-e12020.	0.8	1
29	The combination of PD-L1 expression and decreased tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes is associated with a poor prognosis in triple-negative breast cancer. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 15584-15592.	0.8	101
30	BRCAness as a Biomarker for Predicting Prognosis and Response to Anthracycline-Based Adjuvant Chemotherapy for Patients with Triple-Negative Breast Cancer. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0167016.	1.1	23
31	Taxanes versus S-1 as the first-line chemotherapy for metastatic breast cancer (SELECT BC): an open-label, non-inferiority, randomised phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncology, The, 2016, 17, 90-98.	5.1	84
32	The importance of tissue handling of surgically removed breast cancer for an accurate assessment of the Ki-67 index. Journal of Clinical Pathology, 2016, 69, 255-259.	1.0	30
33	Correlation between HER2 related biomarkers (HER2, p95HER2, HER3, PTEN and PIK3CA) and treatment outcome of lapatinib plus capecitabine in HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer refractory to trastuzumab Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, e12085-e12085.	0.8	0
34	Overall survival of participants compared to non-participants in a randomized-controlled trial (SELECT BC): A prospective cohort study Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 2527-2527.	0.8	0
35	Efficacy and safety of everolimus for heavily pretreated patients with ER+/HER2- metastatic breast cancer Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, e12041-e12041.	0.8	0
36	Biomarker analysis of S-1 in SELECT-BC: A randomized phase III study of taxane versus S-1 as the first-line chemotherapy for metastatic breast cancer (SELECT-BC EURECA) Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, e23274-e23274.	0.8	0

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37	Pertuzumab for the treatment of patients with human epidermal growth factor receptor 2-positive breast cancer in Japan. Molecular and Clinical Oncology, 2015, 3, 1268-1274.	0.4	2
38	Evaluation of an Optimal Cut-Off Point for the Ki-67 Index as a Prognostic Factor in Primary Breast Cancer: A Retrospective Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0119565.	1.1	58
39	Predictive significance of the proportion of ER-positive or PgR-positive tumor cells in response to neoadjuvant chemotherapy for operable HER2-negative breast cancer. Experimental and Therapeutic Medicine, 2012, 3, 66-71.	0.8	13
40	Clinical significance of Ki-67 in neoadjuvant chemotherapy for primary breast cancer as a predictor for chemosensitivity and for prognosis. Breast Cancer, 2010, 17, 269-275.	1.3	111
41	Pathological lymph node involvement at surgery is a significant predictive factor of recurrence in locally advanced breast cancer treated with concomitant epirubicin–docetaxel neoadjuvant chemotherapy: a cohort study. Breast Cancer, 2009, 16, 42-48.	1.3	6
42	Trastuzumab monotherapy versus combination therapy for treating recurrent breast cancer: time to progression and survival. Breast Cancer, 2008, 15, 57-64.	1.3	30
43	Is triple negative a prognostic factor in breast cancer?. Breast Cancer, 2008, 15, 303-308.	1.3	96
44	Efficacy of doxifluridine combined with weekly paclitaxel therapy in the treatment of advanced or recurrent breast cancer: results of the JMTO BC01 phase II trial. Anti-Cancer Drugs, 2008, 19, 911-915.	0.7	2
45	Investigation of factors related to periods to ipsilateral breast tumor recurrence after breast-conserving surgery and measures for preventing recurrence in early breast cancer. Breast Cancer, 2006, 13, 152-158.	1.3	5
46	p53 expression status is a significant molecular marker in predicting the time to endocrine therapy failure in recurrent breast cancer: a cohort study. International Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2006, 11, 426-433.	1.0	30
47	Combination chemotherapy with docetaxel and doxifluridine showed a beneficial outcome in advanced or recurrent breast cancer patients with longer disease-free interval. Anticancer Research, 2004, 24, 2085-91.	0.5	1
48	Elevated serum ca15-3 levels correlate with positive estrogen receptor and initial favorable outcome in patients who died from recurrent breast cancer. Breast Cancer, 2003, 10, 220-227.	1.3	21
49	An evaluation of predictive factors involved in clinical or pathological response to primary chemotherapy in advanced breast cancer. Breast Cancer, 2002, 9, 145-152.	1.3	10