

# Anthony P Walker

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7447762/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

64  
papers

10,994  
citations

117625

34  
h-index

110387

64  
g-index

81  
all docs

81  
docs citations

81  
times ranked

15971  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Forest stand and canopy development unaltered by 12 years of CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment*. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2022, 42, 428-440.	3.1	12
2	Guidelines for Publicly Archiving Terrestrial Model Data to Enhance Usability, Intercomparison, and Synthesis. <i>Data Science Journal</i> , 2022, 21, 3.	1.3	3
3	Process Interactions Can Change Process Ranking in a Coupled Complex System Under Process Model and Parametric Uncertainty. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2022, 58, .	4.2	3
4	The physiological basis for estimating photosynthesis from Chl <i>a</i> fluorescence. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2022, 234, 1206-1219.	7.3	26
5	Are Terrestrial Biosphere Models Fit for Simulating the Global Land Carbon Sink?. <i>Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems</i> , 2022, 14, .	3.8	28
6	Linking soil phosphorus with forest litterfall resistance and resilience to cyclone disturbance: A pantropical meta-analysis. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 4633-4654.	9.5	2
7	Integrating the evidence for a terrestrial carbon sink caused by increasing atmospheric CO <sub>2</sub> . <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 229, 2413-2445.	7.3	286
8	Multi-hypothesis comparison of Farquhar and Collatz photosynthesis models reveals the unexpected influence of empirical assumptions at leaf and global scales. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 804-822.	9.5	22
9	Triose phosphate utilization limitation: an unnecessary complexity in terrestrial biosphere model representation of photosynthesis. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 230, 17-22.	7.3	11
10	Extending a land-surface model with <i>Sphagnum</i> moss to simulate responses of a northern temperate bog to whole ecosystem warming and elevated CO <sub>2</sub> . <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2021, 18, 467-486.	3.3	17
11	Biological mechanisms may contribute to soil carbon saturation patterns. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 2633-2644.	9.5	33
12	A reporting format for leaf-level gas exchange data and metadata. <i>Ecological Informatics</i> , 2021, 61, 101232.	5.2	22
13	Modelled land use and land cover change emissions – a spatio-temporal comparison of different approaches. <i>Earth System Dynamics</i> , 2021, 12, 635-670.	7.1	29
14	Nitrogen and phosphorus cycling in an ombrotrophic peatland: a benchmark for assessing change. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2021, 466, 649-674.	3.7	15
15	Global variation in the fraction of leaf nitrogen allocated to photosynthesis. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 4866.	12.8	60
16	Dynamic global vegetation models underestimate net CO <sub>2</sub> flux mean and inter-annual variability in dryland ecosystems. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2021, 16, 094023.	5.2	23
17	Canopy Position Influences the Degree of Light Suppression of Leaf Respiration in Abundant Tree Genera in the Amazon Forest. <i>Frontiers in Forests and Global Change</i> , 2021, 4, .	2.3	3
18	Assessing the representation of the Australian carbon cycle in global vegetation models. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2021, 18, 5639-5668.	3.3	21

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Advancing global change biology through experimental manipulations: Where have we been and where might we go?. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 287-299.	9.5	36
20	TRY plant trait database – enhanced coverage and open access. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 119-188.	9.5	1,038
21	Pervasive shifts in forest dynamics in a changing world. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 368, .	12.6	576
22	Stimulation of isoprene emissions and electron transport rates as key mechanisms of thermal tolerance in the tropical species <i>Vismia guianensis</i> . <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 5928-5941.	9.5	20
23	Benchmarking and parameter sensitivity of physiological and vegetation dynamics using the Functionally Assembled Terrestrial Ecosystem Simulator (FATES) at Barro Colorado Island, Panama. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 3017-3044.	3.3	82
24	Scaling carbon fluxes from eddy covariance sites to globe: synthesis and evaluation of the FLUXCOM approach. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 1343-1365.	3.3	323
25	Sources of Uncertainty in Regional and Global Terrestrial CO <sub>2</sub> Exchange Estimates. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2020, 34, e2019GB006393.	4.9	59
26	Global Carbon Budget 2020. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2020, 12, 3269-3340.	9.9	1,477
27	Parametric Controls on Vegetation Responses to Biogeochemical Forcing in the CLM5. <i>Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems</i> , 2019, 11, 2879-2895.	3.8	69
28	Amazon forest response to CO <sub>2</sub> fertilization dependent on plant phosphorus acquisition. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2019, 12, 736-741.	12.9	177
29	Identification of key parameters controlling demographically structured vegetation dynamics in a land surface model: CLM4.5(FATES). <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2019, 12, 4133-4164.	3.6	32
30	Negative extreme events in gross primary productivity and their drivers in China during the past three decades. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2019, 275, 47-58.	4.8	40
31	The quasi-equilibrium framework revisited: analyzing long-term CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment responses in plant-soil models. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2019, 12, 2069-2089.	3.6	5
32	Decadal biomass increment in early secondary succession woody ecosystems is increased by CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 454.	12.8	68
33	A scalable multi-process model of root nitrogen uptake. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2018, 218, 8-11.	7.3	2
34	Impact of the 2015/2016 El Niño on the terrestrial carbon cycle constrained by bottom-up and top-down approaches. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2018, 373, 20170304.	4.0	63
35	The multi-assumption architecture and testbed (MAAT v1.0): R code for generating ensembles with dynamic model structure and analysis of epistemic uncertainty from multiple sources. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2018, 11, 3159-3185.	3.6	13
36	Global Carbon Budget 2018. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2018, 10, 2141-2194.	9.9	1,167

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Global Carbon Budget 2017. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2018, 10, 405-448.	9.9	801
38	Building a Virtual Ecosystem Dynamic Model for Root Research. <i>Environmental Modelling and Software</i> , 2017, 89, 97-105.	4.5	3
39	Challenging terrestrial biosphere models with data from the long-term multifactor Prairie Heating and $\text{CO}_2$ Enrichment experiment. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 3623-3645.	9.5	42
40	Comment on "Mycorrhizal association as a primary control of the $\text{CO}_2$ fertilization effect". <i>Science</i> , 2017, 355, 358-358.	12.6	16
41	Biophysical drivers of seasonal variability in <i>Sphagnum</i> gross primary production in a northern temperate bog. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2017, 122, 1078-1097.	3.0	22
42	A new process sensitivity index to identify important system processes under process model and parametric uncertainty. <i>Water Resources Research</i> , 2017, 53, 3476-3490.	4.2	41
43	Gross primary production responses to warming, elevated $\text{CO}_2$ , and irrigation: quantifying the drivers of ecosystem physiology in a semiarid grassland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 3092-3106.	9.5	43
44	Trait covariance: the functional warp of plant diversity?. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 216, 976-980.	7.3	22
45	The impact of alternative trait-scaling hypotheses for the maximum photosynthetic carboxylation rate ( $V_{\text{cmax}}$ ) on global gross primary production. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 215, 1370-1386.	7.3	126
46	Informing models through empirical relationships between foliar phosphorus, nitrogen and photosynthesis across diverse woody species in tropical forests of Panama. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 215, 1425-1437.	7.3	46
47	Temporal and Spatial Variation in Peatland Carbon Cycling and Implications for Interpreting Responses of an Ecosystem-scale Warming Experiment. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2017, 81, 1668-1688.	2.2	34
48	Bayesian calibration of terrestrial ecosystem models: a study of advanced Markov chain Monte Carlo methods. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2017, 14, 4295-4314.	3.3	27
49	Model "data synthesis for the next generation of forest free-air $\text{CO}_2$ enrichment (FACE) experiments. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 209, 17-28.	7.3	178
50	Using models to guide field experiments: <i>a priori</i> predictions for the $\text{CO}_2$ response of a nutrient- and water-limited native Eucalypt woodland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 2834-2851.	9.5	77
51	Global Carbon Budget 2016. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2016, 8, 605-649.	9.9	905
52	Predicting long-term carbon sequestration in response to $\text{CO}_2$ enrichment: How and why do current ecosystem models differ?. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2015, 29, 476-495.	4.9	99
53	Using ecosystem experiments to improve vegetation models. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2015, 5, 528-534.	18.8	249
54	The unseen iceberg: plant roots in arctic tundra. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 205, 34-58.	7.3	260

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Root structural and functional dynamics in terrestrial biosphere models – evaluation and recommendations. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 205, 59-78.	7.3	214
56	<i>Sphagnum</i> physiology in the context of changing climate: emergent influences of genomics, modelling and host-microbiome interactions on understanding ecosystem function. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2015, 38, 1737-1751.	5.7	60
57	Where does the carbon go? A model-data intercomparison of vegetation carbon allocation and turnover processes at two temperate forest free-air CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment sites. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014, 203, 883-899.	7.3	263
58	Evaluation of 11 terrestrial carbon-nitrogen cycle models against observations from two temperate forest free-air CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment studies. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014, 202, 803-822.	7.3	378
59	The relationship of leaf photosynthetic traits – $V_{\text{cmax}}$ and $J_{\text{max}}$ – to leaf nitrogen, leaf phosphorus, and specific leaf area: a meta-analysis and modeling study. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 3218-3235.	1.9	338
60	Comprehensive ecosystem model-data synthesis using multiple data sets at two temperate forest free-air CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment experiments: Model performance at ambient CO <sub>2</sub> concentration. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 119, 937-964.	3.0	95
61	Simulated resilience of tropical rainforests to CO <sub>2</sub> -induced climate change. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2013, 6, 268-273.	12.9	358
62	Forest water use and water use efficiency at elevated CO <sub>2</sub> : a model-data intercomparison at two contrasting temperate forest FACE sites. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013, 19, 1759-1779.	9.5	314
63	Modelling of planted legume fallows in Western Kenya. (II) Productivity and sustainability of simulated management strategies. <i>Agroforestry Systems</i> , 2008, 74, 143-154.	2.0	7
64	Modelling of planted legume fallows in Western Kenya using WaNuLCAS. (I) Model calibration and validation. <i>Agroforestry Systems</i> , 2007, 70, 197-209.	2.0	18