

Gitte Rye Hinrichs

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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13
papers

221
citations

1163117

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1125743

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all docs

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13
times ranked

281
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Aberrant glomerular filtration of urokinase-type plasminogen activator in nephrotic syndrome leads to amiloride-sensitive plasminogen activation in urine. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2015, 309, F235-F241.	2.7	35
2	Physiology and pathophysiology of the plasminogen system in the kidney. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2017, 469, 1415-1423.	2.8	34
3	Urokinase-type plasminogen activator contributes to amiloride-sensitive sodium retention in nephrotic range glomerular proteinuria in mice. <i>Acta Physiologica</i> , 2019, 227, e13362.	3.8	30
4	Amiloride resolves resistant edema and hypertension in a patient with nephrotic syndrome; a case report. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2018, 6, e13743.	1.7	26
5	Albuminuria in kidney transplant recipients is associated with increased urinary serine proteases and activation of the epithelial sodium channel. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2018, 315, F151-F160.	2.7	26
6	Mechanisms of sodium retention in nephrotic syndrome. <i>Current Opinion in Nephrology and Hypertension</i> , 2020, 29, 207-212.	2.0	25
7	A novel mutation affecting the arginine-137 residue of AVPR2 in dizygous twins leads to nephrogenic diabetes insipidus and attenuated urine exosome aquaporin-2. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2016, 4, e12764.	1.7	9
8	Proteinuria is accompanied by intratubular complement activation and apical membrane deposition of C3dg and C5b-9 in kidney transplant recipients. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2022, 322, F150-F163.	2.7	9
9	Albuminuria is associated with an increased prostaticin in urine while aldosterone has no direct effect on urine and kidney tissue abundance of prostaticin. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2017, 469, 655-667.	2.8	8
10	A mini-review of pharmacological strategies used to ameliorate polyuria associated with X-linked nephrogenic diabetes insipidus. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2020, 319, F746-F753.	2.7	8
11	Nephrotic syndrome is associated with increased plasma K^{+} concentration, intestinal K^{+} losses, and attenuated urinary K^{+} excretion: a study in rats and humans. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2019, 317, F1549-F1562.	2.7	4
12	Sodium retention by uPA-plasmin-ENaC in nephrotic syndrome? Authors reply. <i>Acta Physiologica</i> , 2020, 228, e13432.	3.8	4
13	Treatment of Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus Patients With cGMP-Stimulating Drugs Does Not Mitigate Polyuria or Increase Urinary Concentrating Ability. <i>Kidney International Reports</i> , 2020, 5, 1319-1325.	0.8	3