

Yaffa Yeshurun

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

72
papers

2,897
citations

304368

22
h-index

214527

47
g-index

74
all docs

74
docs citations

74
times ranked

1749
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The time-course of endogenous temporal attention – Super fast voluntary allocation of attention. <i>Cognition</i> , 2021, 206, 104506.	1.1	7
2	The effects of spatial attention on temporal integration measured with the ternus display.. <i>Journal of Experimental Psychology: Human Perception and Performance</i> , 2021, 47, 662-672.	0.7	1
3	Temporal crowding is a unique phenomenon reflecting impaired target encoding over large temporal intervals. <i>Psychonomic Bulletin and Review</i> , 2021, 28, 1885-1893.	1.4	5
4	Inter-individual variations in internal noise predict the effects of spatial attention. <i>Cognition</i> , 2021, 217, 104888.	1.1	3
5	Can rhythm-induced attention improve the perceptual representation?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0231200.	1.1	2
6	Using Attentional Modulation of the Pupillary Light Response to Study the Mechanisms Underlying Object-Based Attention.. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2020, 20, 1215.	0.1	0
7	Pupillometric measurements reveal the characteristics of the attentional window. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2020, 20, 1306.	0.1	0
8	The effects of spatial attention on temporal integration measured with the Ternus display. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2020, 20, 1353.	0.1	0
9	Can rhythm-induced attention improve the perceptual representation?. , 2020, 15, e0231200.		0
10	Can rhythm-induced attention improve the perceptual representation?. , 2020, 15, e0231200.		0
11	Can rhythm-induced attention improve the perceptual representation?. , 2020, 15, e0231200.		0
12	Can rhythm-induced attention improve the perceptual representation?. , 2020, 15, e0231200.		0
13	Can rhythm-induced attention improve the perceptual representation?. , 2020, 15, e0231200.		0
14	Can rhythm-induced attention improve the perceptual representation?. , 2020, 15, e0231200.		0
15	Neural Variability Is Quenched by Attention. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 39, 5975-5985.	1.7	32
16	Relevance-based processing: Little role for task-relevant expectations. <i>Psychonomic Bulletin and Review</i> , 2019, 26, 1426-1432.	1.4	2
17	The spatial distribution of attention. <i>Current Opinion in Psychology</i> , 2019, 29, 76-81.	2.5	11
18	Are familiar rhythms a top-down – bottom-up hybrid cue of visual temporal attention?. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2019, 19, 16c.	0.1	0

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19	Induced pupil oscillations characterize the size of the attentional window at different levels of attentional load. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2019, 19, 102.	0.1	0
20	Differences and similarities between temporal crowding, spatial crowding and masking. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2019, 19, 67.	0.1	0
21	Sustained spatial attention can affect feature fusion. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2018, 18, 20.	0.1	1
22	The Joint Effects of Spatial Cueing and Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation on Visual Acuity. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2018, 9, 159.	1.1	12
23	The size of the attentional window when measured by the pupillary response to light. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 11878.	1.6	12
24	The minimal size of the attentional window is larger when measured via the pupillary light response. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2018, 18, 1189.	0.1	0
25	Sustained spatial attention can affect feature fusion. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2018, 18, 1027.	0.1	0
26	The nature of the impairment brought about by temporal crowding. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2018, 18, 328.	0.1	0
27	The time course of the competition between grouping organizations.. <i>Journal of Experimental Psychology: Human Perception and Performance</i> , 2017, 43, 608-618.	0.7	9
28	Perceptual episodes, temporal attention, and the role of cognitive control: Lessons from the attentional blink. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2017, 236, 53-73.	0.9	8
29	Attentional requirements in perceptual grouping depend on the processes involved in the organization. <i>Attention, Perception, and Psychophysics</i> , 2017, 79, 2073-2087.	0.7	11
30	Spatial attention alleviates temporal crowding, but neither temporal nor spatial uncertainty are necessary for the emergence of temporal crowding. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2017, 17, 9.	0.1	6
31	The typical advantage of object-based attention reflects reduced spatial cost.. <i>Journal of Experimental Psychology: Human Perception and Performance</i> , 2017, 43, 69-77.	0.7	5
32	The size of the attentional window when measured by the pupillary response to light. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2017, 17, 1325.	0.1	3
33	Large inter-individual and intra-individual variability in the effect of perceptual load. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0175060.	1.1	9
34	Temporal integration and spatial attention. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2017, 17, 669.	0.1	0
35	The Effects of Rhythm-Induced Attention on Perceptual Representation - Precision Analysis. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2017, 17, 1323.	0.1	0
36	Temporal grouping enables selection of multiple targets in rapid streams of visual information. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2017, 17, 1190.	0.1	0

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37	Perceptual organization, visual attention, and objecthood. <i>Vision Research</i> , 2016, 126, 34-51.	0.7	38
38	Temporal attention selects compound representations in a strategic manner: Evidence from the attentional blink. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2016, 16, 596.	0.1	0
39	Super-fast endogenous allocation of temporal attention. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2016, 16, 592.	0.1	0
40	Temporal crowding and its interplay with spatial crowding. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2015, 15, 11.	0.1	22
41	Perceptual Load in Different Regions of the Visual Scene and Its Relevance for Driving. <i>Human Factors</i> , 2015, 57, 701-716.	2.1	27
42	Seeing without knowing: task relevance dissociates between visual awareness and recognition. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2015, 1339, 125-137.	1.8	24
43	The effects of precueing the target location on temporal crowding. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2015, 15, 103.	0.1	0
44	Contrast dissimilarity effects on crowding are not simply another case of target saliency. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2014, 14, 9-9.	0.1	20
45	Attentional attraction of receptive fields can explain spatial and temporal effects of attention. <i>Visual Cognition</i> , 2014, 22, 704-736.	0.9	53
46	Blinded by irrelevance: Pure irrelevance induced "blindness". <i>Journal of Experimental Psychology: Human Perception and Performance</i> , 2013, 39, 611-615.	0.7	53
47	Space and Time: An Impact of Spatial Separation, Apparent Motion, and Perceptual Grouping on TOJ Performance. <i>Perception</i> , 2013, 42, 551-561.	0.5	3
48	Degraded stimulus visibility and the effects of perceptual load on distractor interference. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2013, 4, 289.	1.1	15
49	Differential effects of transient attention on inferred parvocellular and magnocellular processing. <i>Vision Research</i> , 2012, 74, 21-29.	0.7	23
50	Perceptual load in central and peripheral regions and its effects on driving performance: advertizing billboards. <i>Work</i> , 2012, 41, 3181-3188.	0.6	17
51	The effects of perceptual load in central and peripheral regions of the visual field. <i>Visual Cognition</i> , 2011, 19, 367-391.	0.9	20
52	Transient Attention Degrades Perceived Apparent Motion. <i>Perception</i> , 2011, 40, 905-918.	0.5	19
53	Precueing attention to the target location diminishes crowding and reduces the critical distance. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2010, 10, 16-16.	0.1	174
54	Spatial attention and visual temporal processes. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2010, 2, 591-591.	0.1	2

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55	Apparent motion is less apparent with attention. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2010, 3, 168-168.	0.1	3
56	The effects of spatial attention on temporal resolution. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2010, 1, 70-70.	0.1	0
57	Masked or not, covert attention enhances spatial resolution: Support for signal enhancement. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2010, 1, 79-79.	0.1	0
58	Covert attention effects on spatial resolution. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2009, 176, 65-86.	0.9	57
59	Perceptual objects capture attention. <i>Vision Research</i> , 2009, 49, 1329-1335.	0.7	31
60	The effects of transient attention on spatial resolution and the size of the attentional cue. <i>Perception & Psychophysics</i> , 2008, 70, 104-113.	2.3	60
61	On the flexibility of sustained attention and its effects on a texture segmentation task. <i>Vision Research</i> , 2008, 48, 80-95.	0.7	97
62	Bias and sensitivity in two-interval forced choice procedures: Tests of the difference model. <i>Vision Research</i> , 2008, 48, 1837-1851.	0.7	120
63	Transient spatial attention and the perceived duration of brief visual events. <i>Visual Cognition</i> , 2008, 16, 826-848.	0.9	45
64	Predicting visual search performance by quantifying stimuli similarities. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2008, 8, 9.	0.1	23
65	Automatic, stimulus-driven attentional capture by objecthood. <i>Psychonomic Bulletin and Review</i> , 2007, 14, 166-172.	1.4	74
66	Isoluminant stimuli and red background attenuate the effects of transient spatial attention on temporal resolution. <i>Vision Research</i> , 2004, 44, 1375-1387.	0.7	78
67	Transient Spatial Attention Degrades Temporal Resolution. <i>Psychological Science</i> , 2003, 14, 225-231.	1.8	143
68	Covert attention increases spatial resolution with or without masks: Support for signal enhancement. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2002, 2, 4.	0.1	237
69	The locus of attentional effects in texture segmentation. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2000, 3, 622-627.	7.1	133
70	Spatial attention improves performance in spatial resolution tasks. Parts of this study were presented at the Annual Meeting of the Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology (May 1997) and at the Annual Meeting of the Psychonomics Society (November 1997) and published in Abstract format (Yeshurun and Carrasco, 1997 and Carrasco and Yeshurun, 1997, respectively). <i>Vision Research</i> , 1999, 39, 293-306.	0.7	316
71	Attention improves or impairs visual performance by enhancing spatial resolution. <i>Nature</i> , 1998, 396, 72-75.	13.7	687
72	The contribution of covert attention to the set-size and eccentricity effects in visual search. <i>Journal of Experimental Psychology: Human Perception and Performance</i> , 1998, 24, 673-692.	0.7	144