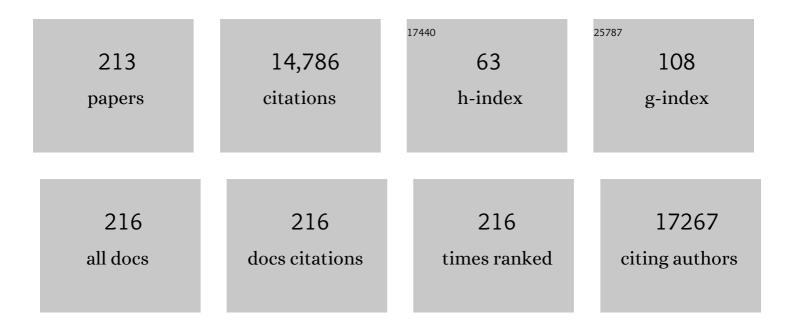
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Rethinking individual relationships with entities of nature. People and Nature, 2022, 4, 596-611.	3.7	9
2	Potential of Airborne LiDAR Derived Vegetation Structure for the Prediction of Animal Species Richness at Mount Kilimanjaro. Remote Sensing, 2022, 14, 786.	4.0	1
3	AVONET: morphological, ecological and geographical data for all birds. Ecology Letters, 2022, 25, 581-597.	6.4	280
4	Cover Image: Volume 25 Number 3, March 2022. Ecology Letters, 2022, 25, .	6.4	0
5	Avian seed dispersal may be insufficient for plants to track future temperature change on tropical mountains. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2022, 31, 848-860.	5.8	5
6	Associations of bird and bat species richness with temperature and remote sensingâ€based vegetation structure on a tropical mountain. Biotropica, 2022, 54, 135-145.	1.6	2
7	The importance of species diversity for human well-being in Europe. Ecological Economics, 2021, 181, 106917.	5.7	88
8	Climatic effects on niche evolution in a passerine bird clade depend on paleoclimate reconstruction method. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2021, 75, 1046-1060.	2.3	8
9	Pathways linking biodiversity to human health: A conceptual framework. Environment International, 2021, 150, 106420.	10.0	210
10	Species richness is positively related to mental health – A study for Germany. Landscape and Urban Planning, 2021, 211, 104084.	7.5	54
11	Specialists and generalists fulfil important and complementary functional roles in ecological processes. Functional Ecology, 2021, 35, 1810-1821.	3.6	16
12	Species richness is more important for ecosystem functioning than species turnover along an elevational gradient. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 5, 1582-1593.	7.8	35
13	Abiotic and biotic drivers of functional diversity and functional composition of bird and bat assemblages along a tropical elevation gradient. Diversity and Distributions, 2021, 27, 2344-2356.	4.1	13
14	Biodiversity in European agricultural landscapes: transformative societal changes needed. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 36, 1067-1070.	8.7	29
15	The rise and fall of biodiversity in literature: A comprehensive quantification of historical changes in the use of vernacular labels for biological taxa in Western creative literature. People and Nature, 2021, 3, 1093-1109.	3.7	6
16	A research framework for projecting ecosystem change in highly diverse tropical mountain ecosystems. Oecologia, 2021, 195, 589-600.	2.0	12
17	Biodiversity and ecosystem functions depend on environmental conditions and resources rather than the geodiversity of a tropical biodiversity hotspot. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 24530.	3.3	12
18	TRY plant trait database – enhanced coverage and open access. Global Change Biology, 2020, 26, 119-188.	9.5	1,038

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19	Direct and indirect effects of elevation, climate and vegetation structure on bird communities on a tropical mountain. Acta Oecologica, 2020, 102, 103500.	1.1	21
20	Diurnal timing of nonmigratory movement by birds: the importance of foraging spatial scales. Journal of Avian Biology, 2020, 51, .	1.2	1
21	Direct and plantâ€mediated effects of climate on bird diversity in tropical mountains. Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 10, 14196-14208.	1.9	5
22	A tale of two seasons: The link between seasonal migration and climatic niches in passerine birds. Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 10, 11983-11997.	1.9	7
23	The global abundance of tree palms. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2020, 29, 1495-1514.	5.8	62
24	Environmental context determines the limiting demographic processes for plant recruitment across a species' elevational range. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 10855.	3.3	6
25	Mapping human pressures on biodiversity across the planet uncovers anthropogenic threat complexes. People and Nature, 2020, 2, 380-394.	3.7	139
26	Similar composition of functional roles in Andean seedâ€dispersal networks, despite high species and interaction turnover. Ecology, 2020, 101, e03028.	3.2	22
27	Trait-Based Assessments of Climate-Change Impacts on Interacting Species. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 35, 319-328.	8.7	106
28	Rates of ecomorphological trait evolution in passerine bird clades are independent of age. Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2020, 129, 543-557.	1.6	6
29	Non-material contributions of wildlife to human well-being: a systematic review. Environmental Research Letters, 2020, 15, 093005.	5.2	39
30	Functional and phylogenetic diversity of bird assemblages are filtered by different biotic factors on tropical mountains. Journal of Biogeography, 2019, 46, 291-303.	3.0	56
31	Large birds travel farther in homogeneous environments. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2019, 28, 576-587.	5.8	39
32	Projecting consequences of global warming for the functional diversity of fleshyâ€fruited plants and frugivorous birds along a tropical elevational gradient. Diversity and Distributions, 2019, 25, 1362-1374.	4.1	12
33	Climate–land-use interactions shape tropical mountain biodiversity and ecosystem functions. Nature, 2019, 568, 88-92.	27.8	313
34	Longâ€ŧerm declines of European insectivorous bird populations and potential causes. Conservation Biology, 2019, 33, 1120-1130.	4.7	187
35	Challenges in the conservation of wideâ€ranging nomadic species. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2019, 56, 1916-1926.	4.0	39
36	Attitudes towards returning wolves (Canis lupus) in Germany: Exposure, information sources and trust matter. Biological Conservation, 2019, 234, 202-210.	4.1	70

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37	Projected impacts of climate change on functional diversity of frugivorous birds along a tropical elevational gradient. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 17708.	3.3	34
38	Direct and indirect effects of plant and frugivore diversity on structural and functional components of fruit removal by birds. Oecologia, 2019, 189, 435-445.	2.0	15
39	Seedâ€dispersal networks are more specialized in the Neotropics than in the Afrotropics. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2019, 28, 248-261.	5.8	45
40	Functional responses of avian frugivores to variation in fruit resources between natural and fragmented forests. Functional Ecology, 2019, 33, 399-410.	3.6	14
41	Different responses of taxonomic and functional bird diversity to forest fragmentation across an elevational gradient. Oecologia, 2019, 189, 863-873.	2.0	16
42	A comprehensive analysis of autocorrelation and bias in home range estimation. Ecological Monographs, 2019, 89, e01344.	5.4	127
43	Morphological trait matching shapes plant–frugivore networks across the Andes. Ecography, 2018, 41, 1910-1919.	4.5	71
44	Disentangling the effects of multiple environmental drivers on population changes within communities. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2018, 87, 1034-1045.	2.8	24
45	Response to Kabisch and Colleagues. BioScience, 2018, 68, 167-168.	4.9	0
46	Spatial patterns of pathogenic and mutualistic fungi across the elevational range of a host plant. Journal of Ecology, 2018, 106, 1545-1557.	4.0	25
47	Moving in the Anthropocene: Global reductions in terrestrial mammalian movements. Science, 2018, 359, 466-469.	12.6	783
48	Biotic interactions and seed deposition rather than abiotic factors determine recruitment at elevational range limits of an alpine tree. Journal of Ecology, 2018, 106, 948-959.	4.0	49
49	Seedâ€dispersal networks respond differently to resource effects in open and forest habitats. Oikos, 2018, 127, 847-854.	2.7	11
50	Large mammal diversity matters for wildlife tourism in Southern African Protected Areas: Insights for management. Ecosystem Services, 2018, 31, 481-490.	5.4	28
51	Bioenergy cropland expansion may offset positive effects of climate change mitigation for global vertebrate diversity. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, 13294-13299.	7.1	82
52	Elevationâ€dependent effects of forest fragmentation on plant–bird interaction networks in the tropical Andes. Ecography, 2018, 41, 1497-1506.	4.5	25
53	Effects of phylogeny and geography on ecomorphological traits in passerine bird clades. Journal of Biogeography, 2018, 45, 2337-2347.	3.0	8
54	Evidence for distinct evolutionary optima in the morphology of migratory and resident birds. Journal of Avian Biology, 2018, 49, e01807.	1.2	16

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55	Plant and animal functional diversity drive mutualistic network assembly across an elevational gradient. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 3177.	12.8	63
56	Spatio-temporal variation in bird assemblages is associated with fluctuations in temperature and precipitation along a tropical elevational gradient. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0196179.	2.5	37
57	Cross-realm assessment of climate change impacts on species' abundance trends. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2017, 1, 67.	7.8	83
58	Functionally specialised birds respond flexibly to seasonal changes in fruit availability. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2017, 86, 800-811.	2.8	42
59	Direct and indirect effects of climate, human disturbance and plant traits on avian functional diversity. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2017, 26, 963-972.	5.8	50
60	Global patterns of interaction specialization in bird–flower networks. Journal of Biogeography, 2017, 44, 1891-1910.	3.0	68
61	Global patterns of thermal tolerances and vulnerability of endotherms to climate change remain robust irrespective of varying data suitability criteria. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2017, 284, 20170232.	2.6	5
62	The influence of thermal tolerances on geographical ranges of endotherms. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2017, 26, 650-668.	5.8	36
63	Mismatches between supply and demand in wildlife tourism: Insights for assessing cultural ecosystem services. Ecological Indicators, 2017, 78, 282-291.	6.3	31
64	Positive relationship between fruit removal by animals and seedling recruitment in a tropical forest. Basic and Applied Ecology, 2017, 20, 31-39.	2.7	13
65	The database of the <scp>PREDICTS</scp> (Projecting Responses of Ecological Diversity In Changing) Tj ETQq1	1 0.78431 1.9	4 rgBT /Over
66	Phylogenetic signals in thermal traits remain stronger in the tropics if we can believe published physiological data. A reply to McKechnie etÂal. <i>,</i> "Data quality problems undermine analyses of endotherm upper critical temperatures― Journal of Biogeography, 2017, 44, 2427-2431.	3.0	3
67	Cross-taxa generalities in the relationship between population abundance and ambient temperatures. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2017, 284, 20170870.	2.6	17
68	Quantification of climatic niches in birds: adding the temporal dimension. Journal of Avian Biology, 2017, 48, 1517-1531.	1.2	37
69	When, Where, and How Nature Matters for Ecosystem Services: Challenges for the Next Generation of Ecosystem Service Models. BioScience, 2017, 67, 820-833.	4.9	114
70	Synergistic effects of climate and land use on avian betaâ€diversity. Diversity and Distributions, 2017, 23, 1246-1255.	4.1	27
71	A framework integrating physiology, dispersal and landâ€use to project species ranges under climate change. Journal of Avian Biology, 2017, 48, 1532-1548.	1.2	14
72	Opposed latitudinal patterns of networkâ€derived and dietary specialization in avian plant–frugivore interaction systems. Ecography, 2017, 40, 1395-1401.	4.5	111

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73	Sugar landscapes and pollinatorâ€mediated interactions in plant communities. Ecography, 2017, 40, 1129-1138.	4.5	41
74	Importance of animal and plant traits for fruit removal and seedling recruitment in a tropical forest. Oikos, 2017, 126, 823-832.	2.7	59
75	Coexistence of plant species in a biodiversity hotspot is stabilized by competition but not by seed predation. Oikos, 2017, 126, .	2.7	19
76	Phylogenetic and Functional Diversity of Fleshy-Fruited Plants Are Positively Associated with Seedling Diversity in a Tropical Montane Forest. Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution, 2017, 5, .	2.2	5
77	Relationships between abiotic environment, plant functional traits, and animal body size at Mount Kilimanjaro, Tanzania. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0174157.	2.5	12
78	The importance of vegetation density for tourists' wildlife viewing experience and satisfaction in African savannah ecosystems. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0185793.	2.5	13
79	Improving the community-temperature index as a climate change indicator. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0184275.	2.5	36
80	Macroecology meets IPBES. Frontiers of Biogeography, 2016, 7, .	1.8	0
81	Biodiversity, scenery and infrastructure: Factors driving wildlife tourism in an African savannah national park. Biological Conservation, 2016, 201, 60-68.	4.1	42
82	Responses of nectarâ€feeding birds to floral resources at multiple spatial scales. Ecography, 2016, 39, 619-629.	4.5	39
83	Changes in abundances of forest understorey birds on Africa's highest mountain suggest subtle effects of climate change. Diversity and Distributions, 2016, 22, 288-299.	4.1	33
84	Continentâ€scale global change attribution in European birds ―combining annual and decadal time scales. Global Change Biology, 2016, 22, 530-543.	9.5	51
85	Contrasting changes in the abundance and diversity of North American bird assemblages from 1971 to 2010. Global Change Biology, 2016, 22, 3948-3959.	9.5	79
86	Pollination and seed dispersal are the most threatened processes of plant regeneration. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 29839.	3.3	98
87	Predictors of elevational biodiversity gradients change from single taxa to the multi-taxa community level. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 13736.	12.8	229
88	Ecological networks are more sensitive to plant than to animal extinction under climate change. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 13965.	12.8	180
89	Experience drives innovation of new migration patterns of whooping cranes in response to global change. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 12793.	12.8	83
90	A bird pollinator shows positive frequency dependence and constancy of species choice in natural plant communities. Ecology, 2016, 97, 3110-3118.	3.2	13

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91	Twenty-million-year relationship between mammalian diversity and primary productivity. Proceedings of the United States of America, 2016, 113, 10908-10913.	7.1	42
92	Frugivore diversity increases frugivory rates along a large elevational gradient. Oikos, 2016, 125, 245-253.	2.7	5
93	Morphology predicts species' functional roles and their degree of specialization in plant–frugivore interactions. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2016, 283, 20152444.	2.6	164
94	Bats are Not Birds – Different Responses to Human Landâ€use on a Tropical Mountain. Biotropica, 2015, 47, 497-508.	1.6	16
95	Niche availability in space and time: migration in <i>Sylvia</i> warblers. Journal of Biogeography, 2015, 42, 1896-1906.	3.0	47
96	Global variation in thermal physiology of birds and mammals: evidence for phylogenetic niche conservatism only in the tropics. Journal of Biogeography, 2015, 42, 2187-2196.	3.0	73
97	An estimate of the number of tropical tree species. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2015, 112, 7472-7477.	7.1	335
98	Reward quality predicts effects of bird-pollinators on the reproduction of African Protea shrubs. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics, 2015, 17, 209-217.	2.7	26
99	Functional structure and specialization in three tropical plant–hummingbird interaction networks across an elevational gradient in Costa Rica. Ecography, 2015, 38, 1119-1128.	4.5	71
100	Nomadism and seasonal range expansion in a large frugivorous bird. Ecography, 2015, 38, 54-62.	4.5	22
101	The indirect effects of habitat disturbance on the bird communities in a tropical African forest. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2015, 24, 3083-3107.	2.6	11
102	Different foraging preferences of hummingbirds on artificial and natural flowers reveal mechanisms structuring plant–pollinator interactions. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2015, 84, 655-664.	2.8	55
103	Seed perishability determines the caching behaviour of a foodâ€hoarding bird. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2015, 84, 71-78.	2.8	23
104	Human Land-Use Practices Lead to Global Long-Term Increases in Photosynthetic Capacity. Remote Sensing, 2014, 6, 5717-5731.	4.0	65
105	Range-Wide Latitudinal and Elevational Temperature Gradients for the World's Terrestrial Birds: Implications under Global Climate Change. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e98361.	2.5	38
106	The <scp>PREDICTS</scp> database: a global database of how local terrestrial biodiversity responds to human impacts. Ecology and Evolution, 2014, 4, 4701-4735.	1.9	178
107	Complementary ecosystem services provided by pest predators and pollinators increase quantity and quality of coffee yields. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2014, 281, 20133148.	2.6	93
108	Functional and phylogenetic diversity and assemblage structure of frugivorous birds along an elevational gradient in the tropical Andes. Ecography, 2014, 37, 1047-1055.	4.5	124

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109	Ecological, historical and evolutionary determinants of modularity in weighted seedâ€dispersal networks. Ecology Letters, 2014, 17, 454-463.	6.4	150
110	Food resources and vegetation structure mediate climatic effects on species richness of birds. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2014, 23, 541-549.	5.8	143
111	Linking Landâ€Use Scenarios, Remote Sensing and Monitoring to Project Impact of Management Decisions. Biotropica, 2014, 46, 357-366.	1.6	2
112	Large frugivorous birds facilitate functional connectivity of fragmented landscapes. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2014, 51, 684-692.	4.0	71
113	At a loss for birds: insularity increases asymmetry in seedâ€dispersal networks. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2014, 23, 385-394.	5.8	52
114	Functional importance of avian seed dispersers changes in response to human-induced forest edges in tropical seed-dispersal networks. Oecologia, 2014, 176, 837-848.	2.0	48
115	Fine-scale spatial genetic dynamics over the life cycle of the tropical tree Prunus africana. Heredity, 2014, 113, 401-407.	2.6	15
116	Global variation in thermal tolerances and vulnerability of endotherms to climate change. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2014, 281, 20141097.	2.6	217
117	Functional relationships beyond species richness patterns: trait matching in plant–bird mutualisms across scales. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2014, 23, 1085-1093.	5.8	129
118	Morphological traits determine specialization and resource use in plant–hummingbird networks in the neotropics. Ecology, 2014, 95, 3325-3334.	3.2	151
119	Birds protected by national legislation show improved population trends in Eastern Europe. Biological Conservation, 2014, 172, 109-116.	4.1	34
120	A comparative analysis of dispersal syndromes in terrestrial and semiâ€ŧerrestrial animals. Ecology Letters, 2014, 17, 1039-1052.	6.4	199
121	Changes of effective gene dispersal distances by pollen and seeds across successive life stages in a tropical tree. Oikos, 2013, 122, 1616-1625.	2.7	10
122	Integrating movement ecology with biodiversity research - exploring new avenues to address spatiotemporal biodiversity dynamics. Movement Ecology, 2013, 1, 6.	2.8	169
123	Intraâ€generic species richness and dispersal ability interact to determine geographic ranges of birds. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2013, 22, 223-232.	5.8	30
124	Towards a more mechanistic understanding of traits and range sizes. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2013, 22, 233-241.	5.8	61
125	Seasonal fluctuations of resource abundance and avian feeding guilds across forest–farmland boundaries in tropical Africa. Oikos, 2013, 122, 524-532.	2.7	46
126	Distinct carbon sources indicate strong differentiation between tropical forest and farmland bird communities. Oecologia, 2013, 171, 473-486.	2.0	23

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127	How colorful are fruits? Limited color diversity in fleshy fruits on local and global scales. New Phytologist, 2013, 198, 617-629.	7.3	57
128	Constant properties of plant–frugivore networks despite fluctuations in fruit and bird communities in space and time. Ecology, 2013, 94, 1296-1306.	3.2	60
129	Diversity in time and space: wanted dead and alive. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2013, 28, 509-516.	8.7	128
130	Klimawandeleffekte morgen:. , 2013, , 84-159.		1
131	What is macroecology?. Biology Letters, 2012, 8, 904-906.	2.3	47
132	Metaâ€Analysis of the Effects of Human Disturbance on Seed Dispersal by Animals. Conservation Biology, 2012, 26, 1072-1081.	4.7	213
133	Traitâ€dependent occupancy dynamics of birds in temperate forest landscapes: fineâ€scale observations in a hierarchical multiâ€species framework. Animal Conservation, 2012, 15, 626-637.	2.9	4
134	Combining long-term land cover time series and field observations for spatially explicit predictions on changes in tropical forest biodiversity. International Journal of Remote Sensing, 2012, 33, 13-40.	2.9	9
135	Short seedâ€dispersal distances and low seedling recruitment in farmland populations of birdâ€dispersed cherry trees. Journal of Ecology, 2012, 100, 1349-1358.	4.0	31
136	Specialization of Mutualistic Interaction Networks Decreases toward Tropical Latitudes. Current Biology, 2012, 22, 1925-1931.	3.9	290
137	High Bird Species Diversity in Structurally Heterogeneous Farmland in Western Kenya. Biotropica, 2012, 44, 801-809.	1.6	62
138	Plant–frugivore networks are less specialized and more robust at forest–farmland edges than in the interior of a tropical forest. Oikos, 2012, 121, 1553-1566.	2.7	85
139	Influence of habitat complexity and landscape configuration on pollination and seed-dispersal interactions of wild cherry trees. Oecologia, 2012, 168, 425-437.	2.0	37
140	Specialization and interaction strength in a tropical plant–frugivore network differ among forest strata. Ecology, 2011, 92, 26-36.	3.2	144
141	Frugivores and seed dispersal (1985–2010); the â€~seeds' dispersed, established and matured. Acta Oecologica, 2011, 37, 517-520.	1.1	25
142	Population trends of birds across the iron curtain: Brain matters. Biological Conservation, 2011, 144, 2524-2533.	4.1	42
143	Global macroecology of bird assemblages in urbanized and semi-natural ecosystems. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2011, 20, 426-436.	5.8	80
144	Biodiversitäund Klima: Wandel in vollem Gange!. Biologie in Unserer Zeit, 2011, 41, 248-255.	0.2	1

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145	Seed-dispersal distributions by trumpeter hornbills in fragmented landscapes. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2011, 278, 2257-2264.	2.6	93
146	Forest Fragmentation and Selective Logging Have Inconsistent Effects on Multiple Animal-Mediated Ecosystem Processes in a Tropical Forest. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e27785.	2.5	64
147	Bird diversity and seed dispersal along a human land-use gradient: high seed removal in structurally simple farmland. Oecologia, 2010, 162, 965-976.	2.0	73
148	Fruit size, crop mass, and plant height explain differential fruit choice of primates and birds. Oecologia, 2010, 164, 151-161.	2.0	64
149	Tree visitation and seed dispersal of wild cherries by terrestrial mammals along a human land-use gradient. Basic and Applied Ecology, 2010, 11, 532-541.	2.7	24
150	Evolution of avian clutch size along latitudinal gradients: do seasonality, nest predation or breeding season length matter?. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2010, 23, 888-901.	1.7	57
151	Reduced abundance of late-successional trees but not of seedlings in heavily compared with lightly logged sites of three East African tropical forests. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2010, 26, 533-546.	1.1	14
152	Woody plants and the prediction of climate-change impacts on bird diversity. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2010, 365, 2035-2045.	4.0	68
153	Ecomorphological predictors of natal dispersal distances in birds. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2009, 78, 388-395.	2.8	101
154	Linking seed dispersal and genetic structure of trees: a biogeographical approach. Journal of Biogeography, 2009, 36, 242-254.	3.0	22
155	Coefficient shifts in geographical ecology: an empirical evaluation of spatial and nonâ€spatial regression. Ecography, 2009, 32, 193-204.	4.5	231
156	The global distribution of frugivory in birds. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2009, 18, 150-162.	5.8	125
157	High seedling recruitment of indigenous tree species in forest plantations in Kakamega Forest, western Kenya. Forest Ecology and Management, 2009, 257, 143-150.	3.2	25
158	Impact of climate change on migratory birds: community reassembly versus adaptation. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2008, 17, 38-49.	5.8	42
159	Macroecology meets global change research. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2008, 17, 3-4.	5.8	18
160	Human disturbance reduces genetic diversity of an endangered tropical tree, Prunus africana (Rosaceae). Conservation Genetics, 2008, 9, 317-326.	1.5	63
161	Avian diversity in a Kenyan agroecosystem: effects of habitat structure and proximity to forest. Journal of Ornithology, 2008, 149, 181-191.	1.1	47
162	Does Forest Fragmentation and Selective Logging Affect Seed Predators and Seed Predation Rates of <i>Prunus africana</i> (Rosaceae)?. Biotropica, 2008, 40, 218-224.	1.6	16

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163	Life history variation across a riverine landscape: intermediate levels of disturbance favor sexual reproduction in the antâ€dispersed herb <i>Ranunculus ficaria</i> . Ecography, 2008, 31, 776-786.	4.5	7
164	Effects of Local Disturbance of Tropical Forests on Frugivores and Seed Removal of a Smallâ€Seeded Afrotropical Tree. Conservation Biology, 2008, 22, 318-328.	4.7	71
165	Spatial patterns of woody plant and bird diversity: functional relationships or environmental effects?. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2008, 17, 327-339.	5.8	197
166	Does an ant-dispersed plant, Viola reichenbachiana, suffer from reduced seed dispersal under inundation disturbances?. Basic and Applied Ecology, 2008, 9, 108-116.	2.7	3
167	Human impact diminishes seedling species richness in Kakamega Forest, Kenya. Basic and Applied Ecology, 2008, 9, 383-391.	2.7	14
168	Fragmentation and local disturbance of forests reduce frugivore diversity and fruit removal in Ficus thonningii trees. Basic and Applied Ecology, 2008, 9, 663-672.	2.7	53
169	Conservation value of forest plantations for bird communities in western Kenya. Forest Ecology and Management, 2008, 255, 3885-3892.	3.2	64
170	The Worldwide Variation in Avian Clutch Size across Species and Space. PLoS Biology, 2008, 6, e303.	5.6	353
171	Food plant diversity as broad-scale determinant of avian frugivore richness. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2007, 274, 799-808.	2.6	188
172	Perturbed partners: opposite responses of plant and animal mutualist guilds to inundation disturbances. Oikos, 2007, 116, 1299-1310.	2.7	8
173	Species richness of migratory birds is influenced by global climate change. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2007, 16, 55-64.	5.8	87
174	Effects of Climate and Land-Use Change on Species Abundance in a Central European Bird Community. Conservation Biology, 2007, 21, 495-503.	4.7	119
175	Rarity in Chilean forest birds: which ecological and lifeâ€history traits matter?. Diversity and Distributions, 2007, 13, 203-212.	4.1	31
176	Exotic Guavas are Foci of Forest Regeneration in Kenyan Farmland. Biotropica, 2007, 40, 071001085735001-???.	1.6	32
177	Range Size: Disentangling Current Traits and Phylogenetic and Biogeographic Factors. American Naturalist, 2006, 167, 555-567.	2.1	125
178	Monthly survival of African Sylvia warblers in a seasonally arid tropical environment. Ibis, 2006, 148, 411-424.	1.9	11
179	Enhanced seed dispersal of Prunus africana in fragmented and disturbed forests?. Oecologia, 2006, 147, 238-252.	2.0	94
180	Bird assemblages in isolated Ficus trees in Kenyan farmland. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2006, 22, 723-726.	1.1	39

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181	Low fruit set in a dioecious tree: pollination ecology of Commiphora harveyi in South Africa. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2005, 21, 179-188.	1.1	12
182	Nest predation is little affected by parental behaviour and nest site in two African Sylvia warblers. Journal Fur Ornithologie, 2005, 146, 167-175.	1.2	12
183	Pollination ecology of the dioecious tree Commiphora guillauminii in Madagascar. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2004, 20, 307-316.	1.1	22
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