

Justin S Smith

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

232
papers

11,451
citations

34016

52
h-index

33814

99
g-index

232
all docs

232
docs citations

232
times ranked

4451
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	How Much Lumbar Lordosis does a Patient Need to Reach their Age-Adjusted Alignment Target? A Formulated Approach Predicting Successful Surgical Outcomes. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2024, 14, 41-48.	1.2	3
2	Accuracy of Rod Contouring to Desired Angles With and Without a Template: Implications for Achieving Desired Spinal Alignment and Outcomes. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 425-431.	1.2	6
3	Cervicothoracic Versus Proximal Thoracic Lower Instrumented Vertebra Have Comparable Radiographic and Clinical Outcomes in Adult Cervical Deformity. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 1056-1063.	1.2	2
4	Comparable satisfaction and clinical outcomes after surgery for adolescent idiopathic scoliosis in the adult (AISA) between the US and Japan. <i>Journal of Orthopaedic Science</i> , 2023, 28, 92-97.	0.5	1
5	Patterns of Lumbar Spine Malalignment Leading to Revision Surgery for Proximal Junctional Kyphosis: A Cluster Analysis of Over- Versus Under-Correction. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 1737-1744.	1.2	4
6	Internal Chain of Correlation of Sagittal Cervical Alignment in Asymptomatic Subjects. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 2439-2445.	1.2	4
7	Predicting Mechanical Failure Following Cervical Deformity Surgery: A Composite Score Integrating Age-Adjusted Cervical Alignment Targets. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2023, 13, 2432-2438.	1.2	3
8	Surgical Planning for Adult Spinal Deformity: Anticipated Sagittal Alignment Corrections According to the Surgical Level. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 1761-1769.	1.2	8
9	Increasing Cost Efficiency in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 21-26.	1.0	7
10	Sagittal age-adjusted score (SAAS) for adult spinal deformity (ASD) more effectively predicts surgical outcomes and proximal junctional kyphosis than previous classifications. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, 10, 121-131.	0.7	23
11	Association of findings on preoperative extension lateral cervical radiography with osteotomy type, approach, and postoperative cervical alignment after cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery</i> : Spine, 2022, 36, 93-98.	0.9	3
12	Alignment Targets, Curve Proportion and Mechanical Loading: Preliminary Analysis of an Ideal Shape Toward Reducing Proximal Junctional Kyphosis. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 12, 1165-1174.	1.2	7
13	Assessment of Adult Spinal Deformity Complication Timing and Impact on 2-Year Outcomes Using a Comprehensive Adult Spinal Deformity Classification System. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 445-454.	1.0	6
14	Opioid use prior to surgery is associated with worse preoperative and postoperative patient reported quality of life and decreased surgical cost effectiveness for symptomatic adult spine deformity; A matched cohort analysis. <i>North American Spine Society Journal (NASSJ)</i> , 2022, 9, 100096.	0.3	1
15	Surgical Factors and Treatment Severity for Perioperative Complications Predict Hospital Length of Stay in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 136-143.	1.0	11
16	Predicting development of severe clinically relevant distal junctional kyphosis following adult cervical deformity surgery, with further distinction from mild asymptomatic episodes. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery</i> : Spine, 2022, 36, 960-967.	0.9	4
17	Patient-reported outcome measure clustering after surgery for adult symptomatic lumbar scoliosis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery</i> : Spine, 2022, 37, 80-91.	0.9	1
18	Establishing consensus: determinants of high-risk and preventative strategies for neurological events in complex spinal deformity surgery. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, 10, 733-744.	0.7	5

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19	Surgeons'™ risk perception in ASD surgery: The value of objective risk assessment on decision making and patient counselling. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 31, 1174-1183.	1.0	3
20	Is frailty responsive to surgical correction of adult spinal deformity? An investigation of sagittal re-alignment and frailty component drivers of postoperative frailty status. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, , 1.	0.7	1
21	Individual differences in postoperative recovery trajectories for adult symptomatic lumbar scoliosis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 37, 429-438.	0.9	1
22	Kickstand rods and correction of coronal malalignment in patients with adult spinal deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 31, 1197-1205.	1.0	6
23	Development of consensus-based best practice guidelines for response to intraoperative neuromonitoring events in high-risk spinal deformity surgery. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2022, 10, 745-761.	0.7	15
24	Complication rate evolution across a 10-year enrollment period of a prospective multicenter database. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 36, 1012.	0.9	1
25	The impact of lumbar alignment targets on mechanical complications after adult lumbar scoliosis surgery. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2022, 31, 1573-1582.	1.0	9
26	Upper versus Lower Lumbar Lordosis Corrections in Relation to Pelvic Tilt " An Essential Element in Surgical Planning for Sagittal Plane Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 1145-1150.	1.0	5
27	Evolution of Proximal Junctional Kyphosis and Proximal Junctional Failure Rates Over 10 Years of Enrollment in a Prospective Multicenter Adult Spinal Deformity Database. <i>Spine</i> , 2022, 47, 922-930.	1.0	2
28	Proximal and distal reciprocal changes following cervical deformity malalignment correction. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2022, 37, 599-606.	0.9	3
29	Introduction. Expanding lateral access spine surgery. <i>Neurosurgical Focus Video</i> , 2022, 7, V1.	0.1	0
30	Development of a Preoperative Adult Spinal Deformity Comorbidity Score That Correlates With Common Quality and Value Metrics: Length of Stay, Major Complications, and Patient-Reported Outcomes. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 11, 146-153.	1.2	13
31	Predictive model for achieving good clinical and radiographic outcomes at one-year following surgical correction of adult cervical deformity. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 228.	0.4	1
32	Effect of age-adjusted alignment goals and distal inclination angle on the fate of distal junctional kyphosis in cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 65.	0.4	4
33	Baseline Frailty Status Influences Recovery Patterns and Outcomes Following Alignment Correction of Cervical Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 88, 1121-1127.	0.6	14
34	Multicenter assessment of surgical outcomes in adult spinal deformity patients with severe global coronal malalignment: determination of target coronal realignment threshold. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 399-412.	0.9	19
35	Factors influencing upper-most instrumented vertebrae selection in adult spinal deformity patients: qualitative case-based survey of deformity surgeons. <i>Journal of Spine Surgery</i> , 2021, 7, 37-47.	0.6	2
36	Lowest Instrumented Vertebra Selection to S1 or Ilium Versus L4 or L5 in Adult Spinal Deformity: Factors for Consideration in 349 Patients With a Mean 46-Month Follow-Up. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2021, , 219256822110091.	1.2	0

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37	A Systematic Review of the Cost-Utility of Spinal Cord Stimulation for Persistent Low Back Pain in Patients With Failed Back Surgery Syndrome. <i>Global Spine Journal</i> , 2021, 11, 66S-72S.	1.2	12
38	Clinical characteristics and long-term outcomes for patients who undergo cytoreductive surgery for thoracic meningiomas: a retrospective analysis. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2021, 50, E18.	1.0	4
39	State-of-the-art reviews predictive modeling in adult spinal deformity: applications of advanced analytics. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2021, 9, 1223-1239.	0.7	15
40	Posterior Polyethylene Tethers Reduce Occurrence of Proximal Junctional Kyphosis After Multilevel Spinal Instrumentation for Adult Spinal Deformity: A Retrospective Analysis. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 89, 227-235.	0.6	8
41	Patient-related and radiographic predictors of inferior health-related quality-of-life measures in adult patients with nonoperative spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 907-913.	0.9	5
42	Timing of conversion to cervical malalignment and proximal junctional kyphosis following surgical correction of adult spinal deformity: a 3-year radiographic analysis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 34, 830-838.	0.9	0
43	Reduced occurrence of primary rod fracture after adult spinal deformity surgery with accessory supplemental rods: retrospective analysis of 114 patients with minimum 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 35, 1-12.	0.9	4
44	Global coronal decompensation and adult spinal deformity surgery: comparison of upper-thoracic versus lower-thoracic proximal fixation for long fusions. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 35, 761-773.	0.9	5
45	Multicenter assessment of outcomes and complications associated with transforaminal versus anterior lumbar interbody fusion for fractional curve correction. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, 35, 729-742.	0.9	14
46	Adult Spinal Deformity and Novel Classifications: Is Coronal Malalignment Making a Comeback?: Commentary on "Obeid-Coronal Malalignment Classification Is Age Related and Independently Associated to Personal Reported Outcome Measurement Scores in the Nonfused Spine". <i>Neurospine</i> , 2021, 18, 481-483.	1.1	0
47	A Novel Weave Tether Technique for Proximal Junctional Kyphosis Prevention in 71 Adult Spinal Deformity Patients: A Preliminary Case Series Assessing Early Complications and Efficacy. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 21, 393-399.	0.4	8
48	Quality metrics in adult spinal deformity surgery over the last decade: a combined analysis of the largest prospective multicenter data sets. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2021, , 1-9.	0.9	11
49	Cervical deformity patients with baseline hyperlordosis or hyperkyphosis differ in surgical treatment and radiographic outcomes. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 279.	0.4	4
50	Risk-benefit assessment of major versus minor osteotomies for flexible and rigid cervical deformity correction. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2021, 12, 263.	0.4	3
51	Operative Treatment of Severe Scoliosis in Symptomatic Adults: Multicenter Assessment of Outcomes and Complications With Minimum 2-Year Follow-up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2021, 89, 1012-1026.	0.6	3
52	Does Achieving Global Spinal Alignment Lead to Higher Patient Satisfaction and Lower Disability in Adult Spinal Deformity?. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 1105-1110.	1.0	8
53	Surgical Strategy for the Management of Cervical Deformity Is Based on Type of Cervical Deformity. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 4826.	1.0	6
54	Depression Symptoms Are Associated with Poor Functional Status Among Operative Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, 447-456.	1.0	10

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55	Development and Validation of a Multidomain Surgical Complication Classification System for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2021, 46, E267-E273.	1.0	10
56	The Influence of Surgical Intervention and Sagittal Alignment on Frailty in Adult Cervical Deformity. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 18, 583-589.	0.4	8
57	Incidence of Acute, Progressive, and Delayed Proximal Junctional Kyphosis Over an 8-Year Period in Adult Spinal Deformity Patients. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 18, 75-82.	0.4	19
58	Epidemiology and Socioeconomic Trends in Adult Spinal Deformity Care. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 87, 25-32.	0.6	51
59	Mini-Open Lateral Corpectomy for Thoracolumbar Junction Lesions. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 18, 640-647.	0.4	13
60	Should Sagittal Spinal Alignment Targets for Adult Spinal Deformity Correction Depend on Pelvic Incidence and Age?. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, 250-257.	1.0	27
61	Ventilator Mode Does Not Influence Blood Loss or Transfusion Requirements During Major Spine Surgery. <i>Anesthesia and Analgesia</i> , 2020, 130, 100-110.	1.1	7
62	Predicting the Occurrence of Postoperative Distal Junctional Kyphosis in Cervical Deformity Patients. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 86, E38-E46.	0.6	27
63	Effective Prevention of Proximal Junctional Failure in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Requires a Combination of Surgical Implant Prophylaxis and Avoidance of Sagittal Alignment Overcorrection. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, 258-267.	1.0	58
64	Utilization of Predictive Modeling to Determine Episode of Care Costs and to Accurately Identify Catastrophic Cost Nonwarranty Outlier Patients in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, E252-E265.	1.0	28
65	Development of a Novel Cervical Deformity Surgical Invasiveness Index. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, 116-123.	1.0	12
66	The Importance of C2 Slope, a Singular Marker of Cervical Deformity, Correlates With Patient-reported Outcomes. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, 184-192.	1.0	38
67	Group-based Trajectory Modeling: A Novel Approach to Classifying Discriminative Functional Status Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, 903-910.	1.0	2
68	Costâ€“Utility Analysis of rhBMP-2 Use in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, 1009-1015.	1.0	28
69	Counseling Guidelines for Anticipated Postsurgical Improvements in Pain, Function, Mental Health, and Self-image for Different Types of Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, 1118-1127.	1.0	3
70	Lower Satisfaction After Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery in Japan Than in the United States Despite Similar SRS-22 Pain and Function Scores. <i>Spine</i> , 2020, 45, E1097-E1104.	1.0	4
71	Coronal Correction Using Kickstand Rods for Adult Thoracolumbar/Lumbar Scoliosis: Case Series With Analysis of Early Outcomes and Complications. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 19, 403-413.	0.4	25
72	The clinical impact of global coronal malalignment is underestimated in adult patients with thoracolumbar scoliosis. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2020, 8, 105-113.	0.7	27

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73	Fatty infiltration of the cervical extensor musculature, cervical sagittal balance, and clinical outcomes: An analysis of operative adult cervical deformity patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 72, 134-141.	0.8	11
74	Probability of severe frailty development among operative and nonoperative adult spinal deformity patients: an actuarial survivorship analysis over a 3-year period. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2020, 20, 1276-1285.	0.6	8
75	Defining an Algorithm of Treatment for Severe Cervical Deformity Using Surgeon Survey and Treatment Patterns. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2020, 139, e541-e547.	0.7	3
76	Sacral insufficiency fractures after lumbosacral arthrodesis: salvage lumbopelvic fixation and a proposed management algorithm. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 33, 225-236.	0.9	15
77	Predicting the combined occurrence of poor clinical and radiographic outcomes following cervical deformity corrective surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 32, 182-190.	0.9	16
78	The morphology of cervical deformities: a two-step cluster analysis to identify cervical deformity patterns. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 32, 353-359.	0.9	14
79	Prospective multicenter assessment of complication rates associated with adult cervical deformity surgery in 133 patients with minimum 1-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 33, 588-600.	0.9	14
80	Editorial. COVID-19 and spinal surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2020, 33, 1-3.	0.9	39
81	Adult revision surgery of prior hook-and-rod wire instrumentation for idiopathic scoliosis. <i>Neurosurgical Focus Video</i> , 2020, 2, V4.	0.1	0
82	Cervical Deformity: Evaluation, Classification, and Surgical Planning. <i>Neurospine</i> , 2020, 17, 833-842.	1.1	8
83	Postoperative Low-Dose Tranexamic Acid After Major Spine Surgery: A Matched Cohort Analysis. <i>Neurospine</i> , 2020, 17, 888-895.	1.1	2
84	Revision thoracolumbar surgery for flat back deformity: staged ALIF and posterior column osteotomies to avoid three-column osteotomy. <i>Neurosurgical Focus Video</i> , 2020, 2, V5.	0.1	0
85	Mini-open lateral retropleural/retroperitoneal approaches for thoracic and thoracolumbar junction anterior column pathologies. <i>Neurosurgical Focus</i> , 2020, 49, E13.	1.0	8
86	A Novel Junctional Tether Weave Technique for Adult Spinal Deformity: 2-Dimensional Operative Video. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 16, E45-E46.	0.4	12
87	Extended Asymmetrical Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomy for Adult Spinal Deformity: 2-Dimensional Operative Video. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 16, E52-E53.	0.4	9
88	Development of predictive models for all individual questions of SRS-22R after adult spinal deformity surgery: a step toward individualized medicine. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 28, 1998-2011.	1.0	37
89	Predicting extended operative time and length of inpatient stay in cervical deformity corrective surgery. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 69, 206-213.	0.8	6
90	Younger Patients Are Differentially Affected by Stiffness-Related Disability Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 132, e297-e304.	0.7	4

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91	Surgical correction of severe adult lumbar scoliosis (major curves $\geq 75^\circ$): retrospective analysis with minimum 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 31, 548-561.	0.9	15
92	Development of a Modified Cervical Deformity Frailty Index. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 169-176.	1.0	41
93	Low rates of complications after spinopelvic fixation with iliac screws in 260 adult patients with a minimum 2-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 635-643.	0.9	27
94	Grading of Complications After Cervical Deformity-corrective Surgery. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2019, 32, 263-268.	0.7	13
95	Location of correction within the lumbar spine impacts acute adjacent-segment kyphosis. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 69-77.	0.9	27
96	Recovery kinetics following spinal deformity correction: a comparison of isolated cervical, thoracolumbar, and combined deformity morphometries. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2019, 19, 1422-1433.	0.6	7
97	The Impact of Alvimopan on Return of Bowel Function After Major Spine Surgery – A Prospective, Randomized, Double-Blind Study. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 85, E233-E239.	0.6	2
98	Operative Versus Nonoperative Treatment for Adult Symptomatic Lumbar Scoliosis. <i>Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery - Series A</i> , 2019, 101, 338-352.	1.4	110
99	Artificial Intelligence Based Hierarchical Clustering of Patient Types and Intervention Categories in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 915-926.	1.0	75
100	Development of Deployable Predictive Models for Minimal Clinically Important Difference Achievement Across the Commonly Used Health-related Quality of Life Instruments in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2019, 44, 1144-1153.	1.0	31
101	Predicting the occurrence of complications following corrective cervical deformity surgery: Analysis of a prospective multicenter database using predictive analytics. <i>Journal of Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 59, 155-161.	0.8	21
102	Alignment Risk Factors for Proximal Junctional Kyphosis and the Effect of Lower Thoracic Junctional Tethers for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 121, e96-e103.	0.7	44
103	Recovery Kinetics: Comparison of Patients Undergoing Primary or Revision Procedures for Adult Cervical Deformity Using a Novel Area Under the Curve Methodology. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 85, E40-E51.	0.6	12
104	A Pilot Study on Posterior Polyethylene Tethers to Prevent Proximal Junctional Kyphosis After Multilevel Spinal Instrumentation for Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Operative Neurosurgery</i> , 2019, 16, 256-266.	0.4	50
105	Treatment of adult thoracolumbar spinal deformity: past, present, and future. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 551-567.	0.9	55
106	Utility of neuromonitoring during lumbar pedicle subtraction osteotomy for adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 31, 397-407.	0.9	14
107	Development and validation of risk stratification models for adult spinal deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 31, 587-599.	0.9	41
108	Global spinal deformity from the upper cervical perspective. What is “Abnormal” in the upper cervical spine?. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2019, 10, 152.	0.4	6

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109	The impact of osteotomy grade and location on regional and global alignment following cervical deformity surgery. <i>Journal of Craniovertebral Junction and Spine</i> , 2019, 10, 160.	0.4	8
110	Examining the Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System versus the Scoliosis Research Societyâ€™s 22r in adult spinal deformity. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine</i> , 2019, 30, 801-806.	0.9	5
111	Central Atlantoaxial Instability: A New Clinical Entity?. <i>Neurospine</i> , 2019, 16, 212-213.	1.1	0
112	Inter- and Intra-rater Reliability of the Hart-ISSG Proximal Junctional Failure Severity Scale. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, E461-E467.	1.0	10
113	Frailty and Health-Related Quality of Life Improvement Following Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 112, e548-e554.	0.7	71
114	Cervical Alignment Changes in Patients Developing Proximal Junctional Kyphosis Following Surgical Correction of Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 675-682.	0.6	12
115	Drivers of Cervical Deformity Have a Strong Influence on Achieving Optimal Radiographic and Clinical Outcomes at 1 Year After Cervical Deformity Surgery. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 112, e61-e68.	0.7	23
116	Minimum Detectable Measurement Difference for Health-Related Quality of Life Measures Varies With Age and Disability in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, E790-E795.	1.0	14
117	Assessment of a Novel Adult Cervical Deformity Frailty Index as a Component of Preoperative Risk Stratification. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 109, e800-e806.	0.7	51
118	Xipho-pubic angle (XPA) correlates with patientâ€™s reported outcomes in a population of adult spinal deformity: results from a multi-center cohort study. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 670-677.	1.0	5
119	Adult Spinal Deformity Knowledge in Orthopedic Spine Surgeons: Impact of Fellowship Training, Experience, and Practice Characteristics. <i>Spine Deformity</i> , 2018, 6, 60-66.	0.7	15
120	Complication Rates and Maintenance of Correction After 3-Column Osteotomy in the Elderly: Report of 55 Patients With 2-Year Follow-up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 973-980.	0.6	2
121	Predictive model for distal junctional kyphosis after cervical deformity surgery. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 2187-2194.	0.6	59
122	External validation of the adult spinal deformity (ASD) frailty index (ASD-FI). <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 2331-2338.	1.0	47
123	Lack of Consensus in Physician Recommendations Regarding Return to Driving After Cervical Spine Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 1411-1417.	1.0	8
124	Characterizing Adult Cervical Deformity and Disability Based on Existing Cervical and Adult Deformity Classification Schemes at Presentation and Following Correction. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 82, 192-201.	0.6	17
125	Patient profiling can identify patients with adult spinal deformity (ASD) at risk for conversion from nonoperative to surgical treatment: initial steps to reduce ineffective ASD management. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, 234-244.	0.6	20
126	The Lumbar Pelvic Angle, the Lumbar Component of the T1 Pelvic Angle, Correlates With HRQOL, PI-LL Mismatch, and it Predicts Global Alignment. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 681-687.	1.0	38

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127	Prospective multi-centric evaluation of upper cervical and infra-cervical sagittal compensatory alignment in patients with adult cervical deformity. <i>European Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 27, 416-425.	1.0	19
128	Analysis of Successful Versus Failed Radiographic Outcomes After Cervical Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, E773-E781.	1.0	31
129	Importance of Sagittal Alignment of the Cervical Spine in the Management of Degenerative Cervical Myelopathy. <i>Neurosurgery Clinics of North America</i> , 2018, 29, 69-82.	0.8	30
130	Primary Drivers of Adult Cervical Deformity: Prevalence, Variations in Presentation, and Effect of Surgical Treatment Strategies on Early Postoperative Alignment. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 651-659.	0.6	21
131	Saturday, September 29, 2018 9:00 am–10:00 am Impact of Adult Deformity Correction. <i>Spine Journal</i> , 2018, 18, S129-S130.	0.6	3
132	Ethnic Variations in Radiographic Parameters and SRS-22 Scores in Adult Spinal Deformity. <i>Clinical Spine Surgery</i> , 2018, 31, 216-221.	0.7	6
133	RELIABILITY OF A BRAZILIAN PORTUGUESE TRANSLATED AND CROSS-CULTURALLY ADAPTED VERSION OF THE MJOA SCALE. <i>Acta Ortopedica Brasileira</i> , 2018, 26, 335-337.	0.2	2
134	Outcomes of Operative Treatment for Adult Cervical Deformity: A Prospective Multicenter Assessment With 1-Year Follow-up. <i>Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 83, 1031-1039.	0.6	34
135	Identifying Thoracic Compensation and Predicting Reciprocal Thoracic Kyphosis and Proximal Junctional Kyphosis in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery. <i>Spine</i> , 2018, 43, 1479-1486.	1.0	31
136	Patients with Adult Spinal Deformity with Previous Fusions Have an Equal Chance of Reaching Substantial Clinical Benefit Thresholds in Health-Related Quality of Life Measures but Do Not Reach the Same Absolute Level of Improvement. <i>World Neurosurgery</i> , 2018, 116, e354-e361.	0.7	4
137	Diversity in Surgical Decision Strategies for Adult Spine Deformity Treatment: The Effects of Neurosurgery or Orthopedic Training Background and Surgical Experience. <i>Neurospine</i> , 2018, 15, 353-361.	1.1	7
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