

Kristy J Szretter

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

28
papers

5,185
citations

236833

25
h-index

526166

27
g-index

28
all docs

28
docs citations

28
times ranked

7427
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | IL-34 is a tissue-restricted ligand of CSF1R required for the development of Langerhans cells and microglia. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2012, 13, 753-760. | 7.0 | 773 |
| 2 | 2â€²-O methylation of the viral mRNA cap evades host restriction by IFIT family members. <i>Nature</i> , 2010, 468, 452-456. | 13.7 | 736 |
| 3 | Ribose 2â€²-O-methylation provides a molecular signature for the distinction of self and non-self mRNA dependent on the RNA sensor Mda5. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2011, 12, 137-143. | 7.0 | 640 |
| 4 | Avian Influenza (H5N1) Viruses Isolated from Humans in Asia in 2004 Exhibit Increased Virulence in Mammals. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 11788-11800. | 1.5 | 429 |
| 5 | Role of Host Cytokine Responses in the Pathogenesis of Avian H5N1 Influenza Viruses in Mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 2736-2744. | 1.5 | 369 |
| 6 | Influenza: Propagation, Quantification, and Storage. <i>Current Protocols in Microbiology</i> , 2006, 3, Unit 15G.1. | 6.5 | 230 |
| 7 | Differential innate immune response programs in neuronal subtypes determine susceptibility to infection in the brain by positive-stranded RNA viruses. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2013, 19, 458-464. | 15.2 | 187 |
| 8 | The <i>Mx1</i> Gene Protects Mice against the Pandemic 1918 and Highly Lethal Human H5N1 Influenza Viruses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 10818-10821. | 1.5 | 161 |
| 9 | Pathogenesis of emerging avian influenza viruses in mammals and the host innate immune response. <i>Immunological Reviews</i> , 2008, 225, 68-84. | 2.8 | 159 |
| 10 | 2â€²-O Methylation of the Viral mRNA Cap by West Nile Virus Evades Ifit1-Dependent and -Independent Mechanisms of Host Restriction In Vivo. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2012, 8, e1002698. | 2.1 | 142 |
| 11 | The Immune Adaptor Molecule SARM Modulates Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha Production and Microglia Activation in the Brainstem and Restricts West Nile Virus Pathogenesis. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 9329-9338. | 1.5 | 141 |
| 12 | The Interferon-Inducible Gene viperin Restricts West Nile Virus Pathogenesis. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2011, 85, 11557-11566. | 1.5 | 130 |
| 13 | DAS181, A Novel Sialidase Fusion Protein, Protects Mice from Lethal Avian Influenza H5N1 Virus Infection. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2007, 196, 1493-1499. | 1.9 | 122 |
| 14 | Induction of IFN- β and the Innate Antiviral Response in Myeloid Cells Occurs through an IPS-1-Dependent Signal That Does Not Require IRF-3 and IRF-7. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2009, 5, e1000607. | 2.1 | 118 |
| 15 | Cross-protective immunity in mice induced by live-attenuated or inactivated vaccines against highly pathogenic influenza A (H5N1) viruses. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2006, 24, 6588-6593. | 1.7 | 96 |
| 16 | The Innate Immune Adaptor Molecule MyD88 Restricts West Nile Virus Replication and Spread in Neurons of the Central Nervous System. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 12125-12138. | 1.5 | 96 |
| 17 | Early Control of H5N1 Influenza Virus Replication by the Type I Interferon Response in Mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 5825-5834. | 1.5 | 93 |
| 18 | Mice Lacking Both TNF and IL-1 Receptors Exhibit Reduced Lung Inflammation and Delay in Onset of Death following Infection with a Highly Virulent H5N1 Virus. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2010, 202, 1161-1170. | 1.9 | 91 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Pathogenesis of 1918 Pandemic and H5N1 Influenza Virus Infections in a Guinea Pig Model: Antiviral Potential of Exogenous Alpha Interferon To Reduce Virus Shedding. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 2851-2861. | 1.5 | 89 |
| 20 | Chapter 2 Use of Animal Models to Understand the Pandemic Potential of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza Viruses. <i>Advances in Virus Research</i> , 2009, 73, 55-97. | 0.9 | 80 |
| 21 | A broadly neutralizing human monoclonal antibody is effective against H7N9. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 10890-10895. | 3.3 | 67 |
| 22 | S6K-STING interaction regulates cytosolic DNA-mediated activation of the transcription factor IRF3. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2016, 17, 514-522. | 7.0 | 67 |
| 23 | Safety and Upper Respiratory Pharmacokinetics of the Hemagglutinin Stalk-Binding Antibody VIS410 Support Treatment and Prophylaxis Based on Population Modeling of Seasonal Influenza A Outbreaks. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2016, 5, 147-155. | 2.7 | 48 |
| 24 | The Hemagglutinin Stem-Binding Monoclonal Antibody VIS410 Controls Influenza Virus-Induced Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2016, 60, 2118-2131. | 1.4 | 46 |
| 25 | Human and Murine IFIT1 Proteins Do Not Restrict Infection of Negative-Sense RNA Viruses of the Orthomyxoviridae, Bunyaviridae, and Filoviridae Families. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 9465-9476. | 1.5 | 38 |
| 26 | Simvastatin and oseltamivir combination therapy does not improve the effectiveness of oseltamivir alone following highly pathogenic avian H5N1 influenza virus infection in mice. <i>Virology</i> , 2013, 439, 42-46. | 1.1 | 24 |
| 27 | Clinical and virological responses to a broad-spectrum human monoclonal antibody in an influenza virus challenge study. <i>Antiviral Research</i> , 2020, 184, 104763. | 1.9 | 13 |
| 28 | Anti-Influenza Antibody VIS410 Targets a Broadly Conserved Epitope on Hemagglutinin. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 3, . | 0.4 | 0 |