

Daniel H Cohn

List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

67
papers

4,207
citations

31
h-index

64
g-index

67
ext. papers

4,870
ext. citations

11.4
avg, IF

4.44
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
67	Thanatophoric dysplasia (types I and II) caused by distinct mutations in fibroblast growth factor receptor 3. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1995 , 9, 321-8	36.3	524
66	Gain-of-function mutations in TRPV4 cause autosomal dominant brachyolmia. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2008 , 40, 999-1003	36.3	295
65	Heterozygous mutations in the gene encoding noggin affect human joint morphogenesis. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1999 , 21, 302-4	36.3	285
64	WNT1 mutations in early-onset osteoporosis and osteogenesis imperfecta. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2013 , 368, 1809-16	59.2	253
63	A type X collagen mutation causes Schmid metaphyseal chondrodysplasia. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1993 , 5, 79-83	36.3	219
62	Nosology and classification of genetic skeletal disorders: 2019 revision. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2019 , 179, 2393-2419	2.5	216
61	Achondrogenesis type IB is caused by mutations in the diastrophic dysplasia sulphate transporter gene. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1996 , 12, 100-2	36.3	189
60	Mutations in the gene encoding the calcium-permeable ion channel TRPV4 produce spondylometaphyseal dysplasia, Kozlowski type and metatropic dysplasia. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2009 , 84, 307-15	11	148
59	Diverse mutations in the gene for cartilage oligomeric matrix protein in the pseudoachondroplasia-multiple epiphyseal dysplasia disease spectrum. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1998 , 62, 311-9	11	148
58	Ciliary abnormalities due to defects in the retrograde transport protein DYNC2H1 in short-rib polydactyly syndrome. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2009 , 84, 542-9	11	131
57	Exome sequencing identifies PDE4D mutations in acrodysostosis. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2012 , 90, 746-51	11	114
56	A recessive skeletal dysplasia, SEMD aggrecan type, results from a missense mutation affecting the C-type lectin domain of aggrecan. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2009 , 84, 72-9	11	94
55	Nucleotide-sugar transporter SLC35D1 is critical to chondroitin sulfate synthesis in cartilage and skeletal development in mouse and human. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2007 , 13, 1363-7	50.5	91
54	The ciliopathy-associated CPLANE proteins direct basal body recruitment of intraflagellar transport machinery. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2016 , 48, 648-56	36.3	78
53	Dominant mutations in the type II collagen gene, COL2A1, produce spondyloepimetaphyseal dysplasia, Strudwick type. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1995 , 11, 87-9	36.3	76
52	Dominant TRPV4 mutations in nonlethal and lethal metatropic dysplasia. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2010 , 152A, 1169-77	2.5	71
51	Recurrence of lethal osteogenesis imperfecta due to parental mosaicism for a mutation in the COL1A2 gene of type I collagen. The mosaic parent exhibits phenotypic features of a mild form of the disease. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1992 , 1, 47-54	4.7	68

50	WDR34 mutations that cause short-rib polydactyly syndrome type III/severe asphyxiating thoracic dysplasia reveal a role for the NF-B pathway in cilia. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2013 , 93, 926-31 ¹¹		66
49	Fibrochondrogenesis results from mutations in the COL11A1 type XI collagen gene. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2010 , 87, 708-12	11	56
48	Mutations in DYNC2LI1 disrupt cilia function and cause short rib polydactyly syndrome. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015 , 6, 7092	17.4	55
47	Widely distributed mutations in the COL2A1 gene produce achondrogenesis type II/hypochondrogenesis. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , 2000 , 92, 95-100		52
46	Expanding the genetic architecture and phenotypic spectrum in the skeletal ciliopathies. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2018 , 39, 152-166	4.7	51
45	Small deletions in the type II collagen triple helix produce Kniest dysplasia 1999 , 85, 105-112		47
44	Whole-genome analysis reveals that mutations in inositol polyphosphate phosphatase-like 1 cause opsismodysplasia. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2013 , 92, 137-43	11	46
43	Distinct, autosomal recessive form of spondyloepimetaphyseal dysplasia segregating in an inbred Pakistani kindred. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , 1998 , 78, 468-473		44
42	Mental retardation and abnormal skeletal development (Dyggve-Melchior-Clausen dysplasia) due to mutations in a novel, evolutionarily conserved gene. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2003 , 72, 419-28	11	43
41	MED, COMP, multilayered and NEIN: an overview of multiple epiphyseal dysplasia. <i>Pediatric Radiology</i> , 2005 , 35, 116-23	2.8	43
40	A Chaperone Complex Formed by HSP47, FKBP65, and BiP Modulates Telopeptide Lysyl Hydroxylation of Type I Procollagen. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2017 , 32, 1309-1319	6.3	41
39	Correlation of linkage data with phenotype in eight families with Stickler syndrome. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , 1998 , 80, 121-127		40
38	HSP47 and FKBP65 cooperate in the synthesis of type I procollagen. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2015 , 24, 1918-28	5.6	39
37	Double heterozygosity for pseudoachondroplasia and spondyloepiphyseal dysplasia congenita. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , 2001 , 104, 140-6		37
36	An inactivating mutation in intestinal cell kinase, ICK, impairs hedgehog signalling and causes short rib-polydactyly syndrome. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2016 , 25, 3998-4011	5.6	31
35	Destabilization of the IFT-B cilia core complex due to mutations in IFT81 causes a Spectrum of Short-Rib Polydactyly Syndrome. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016 , 6, 34232	4.9	30
34	First-trimester prenatal diagnosis of osteogenesis imperfecta type II by DNA analysis and sonography. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 1993 , 13, 589-96	3.2	30
33	Variable brain phenotype primarily affects the brainstem and cerebellum in patients with osteogenesis imperfecta caused by recessive WNT1 mutations. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2016 , 53, 427-30	5.8	30

32	Identification of five novel mutations in cartilage oligomeric matrix protein gene in pseudoachondroplasia and multiple epiphyseal dysplasia. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1998 , Suppl 1, S10-7	4.7	29
31	IFT52 mutations destabilize anterograde complex assembly, disrupt ciliogenesis and result in short rib polydactyly syndrome. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2016 , 25, 4012-4020	5.6	25
30	Follistatin in chondrocytes: the link between TRPV4 channelopathies and skeletal malformations. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2014 , 28, 2525-37	0.9	24
29	Clinical, morphological, and biochemical phenotype of a new case of Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type VIIC. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , 1997 , 68, 25-8		24
28	Rapid determination of COL2A1 mutations in individuals with Stickler syndrome: analysis of potential premature termination codons. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , 2000 , 94, 141-8		24
27	Altered mRNA Splicing, Chondrocyte Gene Expression and Abnormal Skeletal Development due to SF3B4 Mutations in Rodriguez Acrofacial Dysostosis. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2016 , 12, e1006307	6	22
26	The PTH/PTHrP-SIK3 pathway affects skeletogenesis through altered mTOR signaling. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2018 , 10,	17.5	21
25	A postnatal role for embryonic myosin revealed by MYH3 mutations that alter TGF β signaling and cause autosomal dominant spondylocarpotarsal synostosis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017 , 7, 41803	4.9	17
24	Cartilage-selective genes identified in genome-scale analysis of non-cartilage and cartilage gene expression. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2007 , 8, 165	4.5	17
23	A transcriptional profile of human fetal cartilage. <i>Matrix Biology</i> , 2004 , 23, 299-307	11.4	17
22	Mutations in IFT-A satellite core component genes and produce short rib polydactyly syndrome with distinctive campomelia. <i>Cilia</i> , 2017 , 6, 7	5.5	16
21	Mice expressing mutant Trpv4 recapitulate the human TRPV4 disorders. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2014 , 29, 1815-1822	6.3	15
20	Diagnosis of ALG12-CDG by exome sequencing in a case of severe skeletal dysplasia. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism Reports</i> , 2014 , 1, 213-219	1.8	14
19	Dominant and recessive forms of fibrochondrogenesis resulting from mutations at a second locus, COL11A2. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2012 , 158A, 309-14	2.5	14
18	MED resulting from recessively inherited mutations in the gene encoding calcium-activated nucleotidase CANT1. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2017 , 173, 2415-2421	2.5	14
17	Sulfate transport in chondrodysplasia. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1996 , 785, 131-6	6.5	14
16	Autosomal recessive Stickler syndrome resulting from a COL9A3 mutation. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2018 , 176, 2887-2891	2.5	14
15	Radiographic and morphologic findings in a previously undescribed type of mesomelic dysplasia resembling atelosteogenesis type II. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A</i> , 1998 , 80, 247-251		11

14	Opsismodysplasia resulting from an insertion mutation in the SH2 domain, which destabilizes INPPL1. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2014 , 164A, 2407-11	2.5	10
13	Analysis of clones from a human cartilage cDNA library provides insight into chondrocyte gene expression and identifies novel candidate genes for the osteochondrodysplasias. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2003 , 79, 34-42	3.7	10
12	Homology-mediated recombination between type I collagen gene exons results in an internal tandem duplication and lethal osteogenesis imperfecta. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1993 , 2, 21-7	4.7	10
11	Bi-allelic Variants in TONSL Cause SPONASTRIME Dysplasia and a Spectrum of Skeletal Dysplasia Phenotypes. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2019 , 104, 422-438	11	10
10	Dominant-negative SOX9 mutations in campomelic dysplasia. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2019 , 40, 2344-2352	4.7	8
9	A second locus for Schneckbecken dysplasia identified by a mutation in the gene encoding inositol polyphosphate phosphatase-like 1 (INPPL1). <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2015 , 167A, 2470-3	2.5	8
8	Genes uniquely expressed in human growth plate chondrocytes uncover a distinct regulatory network. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2017 , 18, 983	4.5	7
7	Defects in extracellular matrix structural proteins in the osteochondrodysplasias. <i>Novartis Foundation Symposium</i> , 2001 , 232, 195-210; discussion 210-2		7
6	Mutations in GRK2 cause Jeune syndrome by impairing Hedgehog and canonical Wnt signaling. <i>EMBO Molecular Medicine</i> , 2020 , 12, e11739	12	7
5	Somatic mosaicism for a lethal TRPV4 mutation results in non-lethal metatropic dysplasia. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2016 , 170, 3298-3302	2.5	6
4	Clinical and radiographic delineation of Bent Bone Dysplasia-FGFR2 type or Bent Bone Dysplasia with Distinctive Clavicles and Angel-shaped Phalanges. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2016 , 170, 2652-61	2.5	6
3	Biallelic mutations in LAMA5 disrupts a skeletal noncanonical focal adhesion pathway and produces a distinct bent bone dysplasia. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2020 , 62, 103075	8.8	3
2	The α chain of type IX collagen is essential for type IX collagen biosynthesis. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2019 , 179, 1672-1677	2.5	1
1	Small deletions in the type II collagen triple helix produce Kniest dysplasia 1999 , 85, 105		1