

# Martina Absinta

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

78  
papers

5,827  
citations

71102

41  
h-index

82547

72  
g-index

83  
all docs

83  
docs citations

83  
times ranked

6013  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Leptomeningeal enhancement in multiple sclerosis and other neurological diseases: A systematic review and Meta-Analysis. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2022, 33, 102939.	2.7	24
2	A New Advanced <scp>MRI</scp> Biomarker for Remyelinated Lesions in Multiple Sclerosis. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2022, 92, 486-502.	5.3	28
3	Lesion size and shape in central vein sign assessment for multiple sclerosis diagnosis: An in vivo and postmortem MRI study. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2022, 28, 1891-1902.	3.0	2
4	Imaging meningeal inflammation in CNS autoimmunity identifies a therapeutic role for BTK inhibition. <i>Brain</i> , 2021, 144, 1396-1408.	7.6	44
5	Cognitive impairment, the central vein sign, and paramagnetic rim lesions in RIS. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2021, 27, 2199-2208.	3.0	25
6	Chronic White Matter Inflammation and Serum Neurofilament Levels in Multiple Sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2021, 97, e543-e553.	1.1	54
7	Fully automated detection of paramagnetic rims in multiple sclerosis lesions on 3T susceptibility-based MR imaging. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2021, 32, 102796.	2.7	10
8	Slowly expanding lesions are a marker of progressive MS â€œ Yes. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2021, 27, 1679-1681.	3.0	10
9	<scp>7T MRI</scp> Differentiates Remyelinated from Demyelinated Multiple Sclerosis Lesions. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2021, 90, 612-626.	5.3	37
10	A lymphocyteâ€œmicrogliaâ€œastrocyte axis in chronic active multiple sclerosis. <i>Nature</i> , 2021, 597, 709-714.	27.8	307
11	The â€œcentral vein signâ€œin patients with diagnostic â€œred flagsâ€œfor multiple sclerosis: A prospective multicenter 3T study. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020, 26, 421-432.	3.0	44
12	RimNet: A deep 3D multimodal MRI architecture for paramagnetic rim lesion assessment in multiple sclerosis. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2020, 28, 102412.	2.7	21
13	Magnetic resonance imaging in multiple sclerosis animal models: A systematic review, meta-analysis, and white paper. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2020, 28, 102371.	2.7	6
14	Paramagnetic Rim Lesions are Specific to Multiple Sclerosis: An International Multicenter 3T MRI Study. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2020, 88, 1034-1042.	5.3	89
15	Mechanisms underlying progression in multiple sclerosis. <i>Current Opinion in Neurology</i> , 2020, 33, 277-285.	3.6	88
16	Paramagnetic Rim Sign in Radiologically Isolated Syndrome. <i>JAMA Neurology</i> , 2020, 77, 653.	9.0	40
17	CVSnet: A machine learning approach for automated central vein sign assessment in multiple sclerosis. <i>NMR in Biomedicine</i> , 2020, 33, e4283.	2.8	31
18	Controversial association between leptomeningeal enhancement and demyelinated cortical lesions in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020, 26, 135-136.	3.0	11

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19	Association of Chronic Active Multiple Sclerosis Lesions With Disability In Vivo. JAMA Neurology, 2019, 76, 1474.	9.0	288
20	The “central vein sign” in inflammatory demyelination: The role of fibrillar collagen type I. Annals of Neurology, 2019, 85, 934-942.	5.3	20
21	Imaging outcome measures of neuroprotection and repair in MS. Neurology, 2019, 92, 519-533.	1.1	53
22	Imaging of meningeal inflammation should become part of the routine MRI protocol “Yes. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2019, 25, 330-331.	3.0	4
23	Potential role of iron in repair of inflammatory demyelinating lesions. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2019, 129, 4365-4376.	8.2	45
24	Spatiotemporal distribution of fibrinogen in marmoset and human inflammatory demyelination. Brain, 2018, 141, 1637-1649.	7.6	49
25	Central vein sign differentiates Multiple Sclerosis from central nervous system inflammatory vasculopathies. Annals of Neurology, 2018, 83, 283-294.	5.3	160
26	Leptomeningeal enhancement of the spinal cord in sarcoidosis. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2018, 24, 1916-1917.	3.0	1
27	Diagnostic performance of central vein sign for multiple sclerosis with a simplified three-lesion algorithm. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2018, 24, 750-757.	3.0	50
28	Identification of Chronic Active Multiple Sclerosis Lesions on 3T MRI. American Journal of Neuroradiology, 2018, 39, 1233-1238.	2.4	83
29	Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Histopathological Visualization of Human Dural Lymphatic Vessels. Bio-protocol, 2018, 8, .	0.4	12
30	Slowly eroding lesions in multiple sclerosis. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2017, 23, 464-472.	3.0	28
31	Leptomeningeal gadolinium enhancement across the spectrum of chronic neuroinflammatory diseases. Neurology, 2017, 88, 1439-1444.	1.1	85
32	Fibrinogen Activates BMP Signaling in Oligodendrocyte Progenitor Cells and Inhibits Remyelination after Vascular Damage. Neuron, 2017, 96, 1003-1012.e7.	8.1	131
33	Human and nonhuman primate meninges harbor lymphatic vessels that can be visualized noninvasively by MRI. ELife, 2017, 6, .	6.0	403
34	Advanced MRI and staging of multiple sclerosis lesions. Nature Reviews Neurology, 2016, 12, 358-368.	10.1	124
35	Utilizing 3D Printing Technology to Merge MRI with Histology: A Protocol for Brain Sectioning. Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2016, , .	0.3	23
36	Clinical 3-tesla FLAIR* MRI improves diagnostic accuracy in multiple sclerosis. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2016, 22, 1578-1586.	3.0	27

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37	Spring cleaning: time to rethink imaging research lines in MS?. Journal of Neurology, 2016, 263, 1893-1902.	3.6	7
38	Persistent 7-tesla phase rim predicts poor outcome in new multiple sclerosis patient lesions. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2016, 126, 2597-2609.	8.2	212
39	Gadolinium-based MRI characterization of leptomeningeal inflammation in multiple sclerosis. Neurology, 2015, 85, 18-28.	1.1	247
40	Direct MRI detection of impending plaque development in multiple sclerosis. Neurology: Neuroimmunology and NeuroInflammation, 2015, 2, e145.	6.0	28
41	Intranetwork and internetwork functional connectivity abnormalities in pediatric multiple sclerosis. Human Brain Mapping, 2014, 35, 4180-4192.	3.6	40
42	Postmortem Magnetic Resonance Imaging to Guide the Pathologic Cut. Journal of Neuropathology and Experimental Neurology, 2014, 73, 780-788.	1.7	55
43	Posterior brain damage and cognitive impairment in pediatric multiple sclerosis. Neurology, 2014, 82, 1314-1321.	1.1	56
44	Insights from magnetic resonance imaging. Handbook of Clinical Neurology / Edited By P J Vinken and G W Bruyn, 2014, 122, 115-149.	1.8	19
45	MRI Predicts Efficacy of Constraint-Induced Movement Therapy in Children With Brain Injury. Neurotherapeutics, 2013, 10, 511-519.	4.4	23
46	Future MRI tools in multiple sclerosis. Journal of the Neurological Sciences, 2013, 331, 14-18.	0.6	25
47	Seven-tesla phase imaging of acute multiple sclerosis lesions: A new window into the inflammatory process. Annals of Neurology, 2013, 74, 669-678.	5.3	135
48	Location of brain lesions predicts conversion of clinically isolated syndromes to multiple sclerosis. Neurology, 2013, 80, 234-241.	1.1	53
49	Optimized T1-MPRAGE Sequence for Better Visualization of Spinal Cord Multiple Sclerosis Lesions at 3T. American Journal of Neuroradiology, 2013, 34, 2215-2222.	2.4	51
50	Regional Cervical Cord Atrophy and Disability in Multiple Sclerosis: A Voxel-based Analysis. Radiology, 2013, 266, 853-861.	7.3	42
51	Selective decreased grey matter volume of the pain-matrix network in cluster headache. Cephalalgia, 2012, 32, 109-115.	3.9	101
52	Abnormal cervical cord function contributes to fatigue in multiple sclerosis. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2012, 18, 1552-1559.	3.0	33
53	Patients with migraine do not have MRI-visible cortical lesions. Journal of Neurology, 2012, 259, 2695-2698.	3.6	54
54	Spatial Normalization and Regional Assessment of Cord Atrophy: Voxel-Based Analysis of Cervical Cord 3D T1-Weighted Images. American Journal of Neuroradiology, 2012, 33, 2195-2200.	2.4	37

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55	Cervical cord FMRI abnormalities differ between the progressive forms of multiple sclerosis. Human Brain Mapping, 2012, 33, 2072-2080.	3.6	27
56	The role of advanced magnetic resonance imaging techniques in primary progressive MS. Journal of Neurology, 2012, 259, 611-621.	3.6	27
57	Cortical lesions in children with multiple sclerosis. Neurology, 2011, 76, 910-913.	1.1	47
58	Tract-specific white matter structural disruption in patients with bipolar disorder. Bipolar Disorders, 2011, 13, 414-424.	1.9	122
59	A multicentre study of motor functional connectivity changes in patients with multiple sclerosis. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2011, 33, 1256-1263.	2.6	25
60	Overcoming the Clinicalâ€“MR Imaging Paradox of Multiple Sclerosis: MR Imaging Data Assessed with a Random Forest Approach. American Journal of Neuroradiology, 2011, 32, 2098-2102.	2.4	17
61	Intrinsic Damage to the Major White Matter Tracts in Patients with Different Clinical Phenotypes of Multiple Sclerosis: A Voxelwise Diffusion-Tensor MR Study. Radiology, 2011, 260, 541-550.	7.3	65
62	Dentate Nucleus T1 Hyperintensity in Multiple Sclerosis: Fig 1.. American Journal of Neuroradiology, 2011, 32, E120-E121.	2.4	9
63	Sensorimotor Functional Connectivity Changes in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis. Cerebral Cortex, 2011, 21, 2291-2298.	2.9	102
64	Sensorimotor network rewiring in mild cognitive impairment and Alzheimer's disease. Human Brain Mapping, 2010, 31, 515-525.	3.6	93
65	Assessment of white matter tract damage in mild cognitive impairment and Alzheimer's disease. Human Brain Mapping, 2010, 31, 1862-1875.	3.6	119
66	Default-mode network dysfunction and cognitive impairment in progressive MS. Neurology, 2010, 74, 1252-1259.	1.1	292
67	Cervical cord functional MRI changes in relapse-onset MS patients. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2010, 81, 405-408.	1.9	35
68	Central nervous system dysregulation extends beyond the pain-matrix network in cluster headache. Cephalalgia, 2010, 30, 1383-1391.	3.9	55
69	Brain macro- and microscopic damage in patients with paediatric MS. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2010, 81, 1357-1362.	1.9	23
70	Functional and Structural Connectivity of the Motor Network in Pediatric and Adult-Onset Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis. Radiology, 2010, 254, 541-550.	7.3	72
71	Rapid semi-automatic segmentation of the spinal cord from magnetic resonance images: Application in multiple sclerosis. NeuroImage, 2010, 50, 446-455.	4.2	234
72	Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis: Tactile-associated Functional MR Activity in the Cervical Spinal Cord. Radiology, 2009, 253, 209-215.	7.3	29

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73	Structural and functional MRI correlates of Stroop control in benign MS. Human Brain Mapping, 2009, 30, 276-290.	3.6	117
74	Abnormal connectivity of the sensorimotor network in patients with MS: A multicenter fMRI study. Human Brain Mapping, 2009, 30, 2412-2425.	3.6	51
75	Is a preserved functional reserve a mechanism limiting clinical impairment in pediatric MS patients?. Human Brain Mapping, 2009, 30, 2844-2851.	3.6	64
76	Evidence of thalamic gray matter loss in pediatric multiple sclerosis. Neurology, 2008, 70, 1107-1112.	1.1	258
77	In vivo assessment of cervical cord damage in MS patients: a longitudinal diffusion tensor MRI study. Brain, 2007, 130, 2211-2219.	7.6	141
78	Altered functional and structural connectivities in patients with MS. Neurology, 2007, 69, 2136-2145.	1.1	116