

Martina Absinta

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7312794/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

78
papers

5,827
citations

70961

41
h-index

82410

72
g-index

83
all docs

83
docs citations

83
times ranked

6013
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Leptomeningeal enhancement in multiple sclerosis and other neurological diseases: A systematic review and Meta-Analysis. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2022, 33, 102939.	1.4	24
2	A New Advanced <scp>MRI</scp> Biomarker for Remyelinated Lesions in Multiple Sclerosis. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2022, 92, 486-502.	2.8	28
3	Lesion size and shape in central vein sign assessment for multiple sclerosis diagnosis: An in vivo and postmortem MRI study. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2022, 28, 1891-1902.	1.4	2
4	Imaging meningeal inflammation in CNS autoimmunity identifies a therapeutic role for BTK inhibition. <i>Brain</i> , 2021, 144, 1396-1408.	3.7	44
5	Cognitive impairment, the central vein sign, and paramagnetic rim lesions in RIS. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2021, 27, 2199-2208.	1.4	25
6	Chronic White Matter Inflammation and Serum Neurofilament Levels in Multiple Sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2021, 97, e543-e553.	1.5	54
7	Fully automated detection of paramagnetic rims in multiple sclerosis lesions on 3T susceptibility-based MR imaging. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2021, 32, 102796.	1.4	10
8	Slowly expanding lesions are a marker of progressive MS â€œ Yes. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2021, 27, 1679-1681.	1.4	10
9	<scp>7T MRI</scp> Differentiates Remyelinated from Demyelinated Multiple Sclerosis Lesions. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2021, 90, 612-626.	2.8	37
10	A lymphocyteâ€œmicrogliaâ€œastrocyte axis in chronic active multiple sclerosis. <i>Nature</i> , 2021, 597, 709-714.	13.7	307
11	The â€œcentral vein signâ€œin patients with diagnostic â€œored flagsâ€œfor multiple sclerosis: A prospective multicenter 3T study. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020, 26, 421-432.	1.4	44
12	RimNet: A deep 3D multimodal MRI architecture for paramagnetic rim lesion assessment in multiple sclerosis. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2020, 28, 102412.	1.4	21
13	Magnetic resonance imaging in multiple sclerosis animal models: A systematic review, meta-analysis, and white paper. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2020, 28, 102371.	1.4	6
14	Paramagnetic Rim Lesions are Specific to Multiple Sclerosis: An International Multicenter 3T MRI Study. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2020, 88, 1034-1042.	2.8	89
15	Mechanisms underlying progression in multiple sclerosis. <i>Current Opinion in Neurology</i> , 2020, 33, 277-285.	1.8	88
16	Paramagnetic Rim Sign in Radiologically Isolated Syndrome. <i>JAMA Neurology</i> , 2020, 77, 653.	4.5	40
17	CVSnet: A machine learning approach for automated central vein sign assessment in multiple sclerosis. <i>NMR in Biomedicine</i> , 2020, 33, e4283.	1.6	31
18	Controversial association between leptomeningeal enhancement and demyelinated cortical lesions in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2020, 26, 135-136.	1.4	11

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Association of Chronic Active Multiple Sclerosis Lesions With Disability In Vivo. <i>JAMA Neurology</i> , 2019, 76, 1474.	4.5	288
20	The "central vein sign" in inflammatory demyelination: The role of fibrillar collagen type I. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2019, 85, 934-942.	2.8	20
21	Imaging outcome measures of neuroprotection and repair in MS. <i>Neurology</i> , 2019, 92, 519-533.	1.5	53
22	Imaging of meningeal inflammation should become part of the routine MRI protocol " Yes. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2019, 25, 330-331.	1.4	4
23	Potential role of iron in repair of inflammatory demyelinating lesions. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2019, 129, 4365-4376.	3.9	45
24	Spatiotemporal distribution of fibrinogen in marmoset and human inflammatory demyelination. <i>Brain</i> , 2018, 141, 1637-1649.	3.7	49
25	Central vein sign differentiates Multiple Sclerosis from central nervous system inflammatory vasculopathies. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2018, 83, 283-294.	2.8	160
26	Leptomeningeal enhancement of the spinal cord in sarcoidosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2018, 24, 1916-1917.	1.4	1
27	Diagnostic performance of central vein sign for multiple sclerosis with a simplified three-lesion algorithm. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2018, 24, 750-757.	1.4	50
28	Identification of Chronic Active Multiple Sclerosis Lesions on 3T MRI. <i>American Journal of Neuroradiology</i> , 2018, 39, 1233-1238.	1.2	83
29	Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Histopathological Visualization of Human Dural Lymphatic Vessels. <i>Bio-protocol</i> , 2018, 8, .	0.2	12
30	Slowly eroding lesions in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2017, 23, 464-472.	1.4	28
31	Leptomeningeal gadolinium enhancement across the spectrum of chronic neuroinflammatory diseases. <i>Neurology</i> , 2017, 88, 1439-1444.	1.5	85
32	Fibrinogen Activates BMP Signaling in Oligodendrocyte Progenitor Cells and Inhibits Remyelination after Vascular Damage. <i>Neuron</i> , 2017, 96, 1003-1012.e7.	3.8	131
33	Human and nonhuman primate meninges harbor lymphatic vessels that can be visualized noninvasively by MRI. <i>ELife</i> , 2017, 6, .	2.8	403
34	Advanced MRI and staging of multiple sclerosis lesions. <i>Nature Reviews Neurology</i> , 2016, 12, 358-368.	4.9	124
35	Utilizing 3D Printing Technology to Merge MRI with Histology: A Protocol for Brain Sectioning. <i>Journal of Visualized Experiments</i> , 2016, , .	0.2	23
36	Clinical 3-tesla FLAIR* MRI improves diagnostic accuracy in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2016, 22, 1578-1586.	1.4	27

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Spring cleaning: time to rethink imaging research lines in MS?. <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2016, 263, 1893-1902.	1.8	7
38	Persistent 7-tesla phase rim predicts poor outcome in new multiple sclerosis patient lesions. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2016, 126, 2597-2609.	3.9	212
39	Gadolinium-based MRI characterization of leptomeningeal inflammation in multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2015, 85, 18-28.	1.5	247
40	Direct MRI detection of impending plaque development in multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology: Neuroimmunology and NeuroInflammation</i> , 2015, 2, e145.	3.1	28
41	Intranetwork and internetwork functional connectivity abnormalities in pediatric multiple sclerosis. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2014, 35, 4180-4192.	1.9	40
42	Postmortem Magnetic Resonance Imaging to Guide the Pathologic Cut. <i>Journal of Neuropathology and Experimental Neurology</i> , 2014, 73, 780-788.	0.9	55
43	Posterior brain damage and cognitive impairment in pediatric multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2014, 82, 1314-1321.	1.5	56
44	Insights from magnetic resonance imaging. <i>Handbook of Clinical Neurology</i> / Edited By P J Vinken and G W Bruyn, 2014, 122, 115-149.	1.0	19
45	MRI Predicts Efficacy of Constraint-Induced Movement Therapy in Children With Brain Injury. <i>Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2013, 10, 511-519.	2.1	23
46	Future MRI tools in multiple sclerosis. <i>Journal of the Neurological Sciences</i> , 2013, 331, 14-18.	0.3	25
47	Seven-tesla phase imaging of acute multiple sclerosis lesions: A new window into the inflammatory process. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2013, 74, 669-678.	2.8	135
48	Location of brain lesions predicts conversion of clinically isolated syndromes to multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2013, 80, 234-241.	1.5	53
49	Optimized T1-MPRAGE Sequence for Better Visualization of Spinal Cord Multiple Sclerosis Lesions at 3T. <i>American Journal of Neuroradiology</i> , 2013, 34, 2215-2222.	1.2	51
50	Regional Cervical Cord Atrophy and Disability in Multiple Sclerosis: A Voxel-based Analysis. <i>Radiology</i> , 2013, 266, 853-861.	3.6	42
51	Selective decreased grey matter volume of the pain-matrix network in cluster headache. <i>Cephalalgia</i> , 2012, 32, 109-115.	1.8	101
52	Abnormal cervical cord function contributes to fatigue in multiple sclerosis. <i>Multiple Sclerosis Journal</i> , 2012, 18, 1552-1559.	1.4	33
53	Patients with migraine do not have MRI-visible cortical lesions. <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2012, 259, 2695-2698.	1.8	54
54	Spatial Normalization and Regional Assessment of Cord Atrophy: Voxel-Based Analysis of Cervical Cord 3D T1-Weighted Images. <i>American Journal of Neuroradiology</i> , 2012, 33, 2195-2200.	1.2	37

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Cervical cord FMRI abnormalities differ between the progressive forms of multiple sclerosis. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2012, 33, 2072-2080.	1.9	27
56	The role of advanced magnetic resonance imaging techniques in primary progressive MS. <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2012, 259, 611-621.	1.8	27
57	Cortical lesions in children with multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2011, 76, 910-913.	1.5	47
58	Tract-specific white matter structural disruption in patients with bipolar disorder. <i>Bipolar Disorders</i> , 2011, 13, 414-424.	1.1	122
59	A multicentre study of motor functional connectivity changes in patients with multiple sclerosis. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 33, 1256-1263.	1.2	25
60	Overcoming the Clinical MR Imaging Paradox of Multiple Sclerosis: MR Imaging Data Assessed with a Random Forest Approach. <i>American Journal of Neuroradiology</i> , 2011, 32, 2098-2102.	1.2	17
61	Intrinsic Damage to the Major White Matter Tracts in Patients with Different Clinical Phenotypes of Multiple Sclerosis: A Voxelwise Diffusion-Tensor MR Study. <i>Radiology</i> , 2011, 260, 541-550.	3.6	65
62	Dentate Nucleus T1 Hyperintensity in Multiple Sclerosis: Fig 1.. <i>American Journal of Neuroradiology</i> , 2011, 32, E120-E121.	1.2	9
63	Sensorimotor Functional Connectivity Changes in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2011, 21, 2291-2298.	1.6	102
64	Sensorimotor network rewiring in mild cognitive impairment and Alzheimer's disease. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2010, 31, 515-525.	1.9	93
65	Assessment of white matter tract damage in mild cognitive impairment and Alzheimer's disease. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2010, 31, 1862-1875.	1.9	119
66	Default-mode network dysfunction and cognitive impairment in progressive MS. <i>Neurology</i> , 2010, 74, 1252-1259.	1.5	292
67	Cervical cord functional MRI changes in relapse-onset MS patients. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2010, 81, 405-408.	0.9	35
68	Central nervous system dysregulation extends beyond the pain-matrix network in cluster headache. <i>Cephalalgia</i> , 2010, 30, 1383-1391.	1.8	55
69	Brain macro- and microscopic damage in patients with paediatric MS. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2010, 81, 1357-1362.	0.9	23
70	Functional and Structural Connectivity of the Motor Network in Pediatric and Adult-Onset Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis. <i>Radiology</i> , 2010, 254, 541-550.	3.6	72
71	Rapid semi-automatic segmentation of the spinal cord from magnetic resonance images: Application in multiple sclerosis. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2010, 50, 446-455.	2.1	234
72	Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis: Tactile-associated Functional MR Activity in the Cervical Spinal Cord. <i>Radiology</i> , 2009, 253, 209-215.	3.6	29

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Structural and functional MRI correlates of Stroop control in benign MS. Human Brain Mapping, 2009, 30, 276-290.	1.9	117
74	Abnormal connectivity of the sensorimotor network in patients with MS: A multicenter fMRI study. Human Brain Mapping, 2009, 30, 2412-2425.	1.9	51
75	Is a preserved functional reserve a mechanism limiting clinical impairment in pediatric MS patients?. Human Brain Mapping, 2009, 30, 2844-2851.	1.9	64
76	Evidence of thalamic gray matter loss in pediatric multiple sclerosis. Neurology, 2008, 70, 1107-1112.	1.5	258
77	In vivo assessment of cervical cord damage in MS patients: a longitudinal diffusion tensor MRI study. Brain, 2007, 130, 2211-2219.	3.7	141
78	Altered functional and structural connectivities in patients with MS. Neurology, 2007, 69, 2136-2145.	1.5	116